REPORT RESUMES

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A SUMMARY REPORT AND EVALUATION OF TITLE I, P.L. 89-10, PROJECTS, SCHOOL YEAR 1965-66.
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HAWAII STATE DEPT. OF EDUCATION, HONOLULU

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DESCRIPTORS- *PROGRAM EVALUATION, *PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS, *COMPENSATORY EDUCATION PROGRAMS, *FEDERAL PROGRAMS, BASIC SKILLS, CHANGING ATTITUDES: PROGRAM PLANNING, PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION, TABLES (DATA), PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT, EXPENDITURES, STUDENT ENROLLMENT, SCHOOL DISTRICTS, INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS, TEACHER AIDES, LANGUAGE ARTS, SCHOOL SERVICES, STUDY CENTERS, FIELD TRIPS, HAWAII, ESEA TITLE 1, PROJECT FOLLOW THROUGH, PROJECT HEAD START

THIS EVALUATION REPORT OF HAWAII'S ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT, TITLE I, ACTIVITIES PRESENTS INFORMATION ABOUT THE NUMBER OF PROJECTS, THE NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS AND SCHOOLS COVERED BY TITLE I, AND THE ALLOCATIONS OF TITLE I FUNDS IN THE SEVEN SCHOOL. DISTRICTS. IT ALSO DISCUSSES PERSONNEL, SERVICES, PROJECTS, EQUIPMENT, AND SUPPLIES IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOL. MOST EMPHASIZED IN THE MAJORITY OF THE PROGRAMS WERE IMPROVEMENTS IN BASIC SKILLS AND IN ATTITUDES. REPORTS FROM 74 OF THE 94 TITLE I PROJECTS RECOMMENDED THAT THERE BE ADDITIONAL FUNDS, INSERVICE TRAINING, MORE TIME AND HELP FOR PLANNING AND EVALUATING PROJECTS, GREATER CLARITY OF DIRECTIONS AND GUIDELINES, AND REDUCED PAPER WORK. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE SIZE OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION BE INCREASED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY ADMINISTER TITLE I AND THAT THERE BE IMPROVEMENT IN THE COLLECTION OF PROJECT RECORDS AND DATA. ALSO, SCHOOLS SHOULD INCLUDE BOTH SUBJECTIVE AND OBJECTIVE EVIDENCE TO SUBSTANTIATE CLAIMS OF PROGRESS, AND A STANDARD FORM SHOULD BE AVAILABLE FOR SUCH REPORTS. SEPARATE UNITS OF PROJECTS SHOULD BE EVALUATED SEPARATELY AND EVALUATORS SHOULD

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE OFFICE OF EDUCATION

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A SUMMARY REPORT AND EVALUATION
OF TITLE I, P.L. 89-10, PROJECTS
SCHOOL YEAR 1965-66

466 too ar

STATE OF HAWAII
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
Office of Federal Programs
November, 1966

Prepared by Philip K. Ige

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PART I

SUMMARY INTRODUCTION:

DESCRIPTION AND EVALUATION OF TITLE I PROJECTS
P.L. 89-10, IN HAWAII



SUMMARY INTRODUCTION

Under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, Public Law 89-10, enacted into law by the 89th Congress, 100 or about 50 per cent of the approximately 200 Hawaii State public schools, were able to finance a total of 94 projects (96 projects, adding Projects Head Start and Follow Through, 1 co-sponsored by the Hawaii State Department of Education and the Office of Economic Opportunity) to improve the quality of education of economically 2 and educationally 3 deprived elementary and secondary pupils, including those in kindergartens and pre-schools.

An estimated 12,130 disadvantaged students, or 16.4 per cent of the 74,141 enrolled in the 100 eligible schools, directly benefited from these federally supported programs; while in other instances whole schools and areas were aided by them. (See Table 1.)

Of the total number of disadvantaged students, the four school districts on Oahu had an estimated 8,790 (72.5 per cent) involved in 42 (44.7 per cent) projects; Hawaii District (Island of Hawaii) 2,114 (17.4 per cent) in 37 (39.4 per cent) projects; Maui District (includes the islands of Molokai and Lanai) 891 (7.3 per cent) in 12 (12.8 per cent) projects; and Kauai District 335 (2.7 per cent) in 3 (3.2 per cent) projects.

In the source above the eligibility of a local educational agency ("An agency which has administrative control and direction of free public education in a county, township, independent, or other school district in a State.") to receive grants is explained in the following: "The basis for determining eligibility is the number of children aged 5 to 17, as shown on the 1960 Census, who are from families with incomes of less than \$2,000 a year. The Act provides that eligibility be determined on a district basis, if satisfactory data are available. When satisfactory data are not available on a district basis—as is the case for fiscal year 1966—all local educational agencies in a county which had at least 100 such children may be considered eligible." (pp. 2) (Continued on Page 3)



¹See Appendix V, Riyono Kobayashi's "Report of Project Head Start and Follow-Through, State of Hawaii, June 27, 1966 - August 19, 1966."

²The School Programs for Educationally Deprived Children (U.S. Dept. of Health, Education, and Welfare. Office of Education) defines the low-income family in the following: "During the year ending June 30, 1966, a family is deemed to be a low-income if it has an annual income of less than \$2,000 or receives assistance under the program of aid to families with dependent children (AFDC) under Title IV of the Social Security Act." (pp. 1)

The same source above defines educations below that normally expected of children of their age and grade, including children who are handicapped because of physical, mental, or emotional impairment." (pp. 1)

And of the \$2,227,462 allotted to the state of Hawaii as of June 1966, Oahu's four school districts had \$1,716,626 or 77.1 per cent; Hawaii \$238,243 or 10.7 per cent; Maui \$165,773 or 7.4 per cent; and Kauai \$106,820 or 4.8 per cent. (For figures extending into July and August 1966, see Table 3.)

Of the \$1,608,960.61 expended and encumbered for Title I projects in Hawaii as of June 1966, \$678,115.36, or 42 per cent of the total, went for wages and salaries ("Personal" category); \$257,993.83, or 16 per cent for supplies; and \$672,851.42, or 42 per cent, for books and equipment. (See Table 2.)

Of the various kinds of personnel and services, activities, equipment, and supplies utilized by Hawaii public schools under Title I, the following categories were most popular:

1.	Equipment	(95 %)
2.	Supplies	(84 %)
3.	Classroom Assistants	(74 %)
4.	Certificated Teachers 62	(62 %)
5.	Field Trips	(56 %)
6.	Study and Tutorial Centers 49 "	(49 %)
Other p	references are indicated in the following:	
1.	In-service Training 32 schools	(32 %)
2.	Others (doctors, psychologists, social workers, consultants) . 29	(29 %)
3.	Coordinators, Directors 29	(29 %)
4.	Clerks, Secretaries 25	(25 %)
5.	Custodial	(19 %)
6.	Counseling	(15 %)

The document further states: "The number of children aged 5 to 17, inclusive, from families with an annual income of less than \$2,000 plus the number of children aged 5 to 17, inclusive, from families receiving AFDC payments in excess of \$2,000 a year, multiplied by one-half the average per pupil expenditure for free public education in the State." (pp. 5)

¹Figures were derived from the original reports of schools. See Table 5.



- 7. Pre-School 14 schools (14 %)
- 8. Renovation 9 " (9%)

In the area of curriculum language arts and the categories of "General"

(including Pre-School) and "Attitudes" (self-image, motivation, social skills)

received the highest number of counts. Seventy-five schools (75%) used their

Title I projects to improve the basic skills or general instruction of the students.

(See Table 6.) Forty-five schools (45%) concentrated upon the improve
ment of their language arts programs. Twenty-seven schools (27%) placed a major

emphasis of their projects upon improving the attitudes of their students--to

improve the self-image, motivation, or social skills of students. None of the

schools or only one or two placed the primary emphasis of their projects upon

social studies, science, mathematics, physical education, or music.

For the evaluative purposes of this report 74 of the 94 Title I projects were grouped into the following categories according to their similarities:

- 1. Audio-Visual Center, Instructional Materials Center, Educational Television;
- 2. Decreasing School Alienation -- the Identification of Style, and Some Similar Projects;
- 3. Field Trips;
- 4. Classroom Assistants;
- 5. After-school Tutoring and Study Centers;
- 6. Classroom Assistants, Study Centers, and Cultural Enrichment Programs in Various Schools;
- 7. Language Arts;
- 8. Pre-Schools.



A total of 978 responses were made, 61 schools to 11 items, one of which was an open-ended type of question, with sub-items ranging from "a" to "i". Each of the items called for a rating of "Excellent," "Fair," or "Poor". A total of 552 or 56.4 per cent of the responses fell into the category of "Excellent"; 360 or 36.8 per cent in "Fair"; and 66 or 6.8 per cent in "Poor". (See Table 16.)

In addition to these, there were three other open-ended items of evaluation:
"I. Outstanding aspects of the project"; "II. Recommendations for the improvement of the project"; and "III. Comments". In general, all of the schools explicitly or implicitly recommended continuation of their Title I projects, expanding them in certain cases and suggesting modifications in others. (See Tables 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.)

Other major recommendations included the following:

- 1. Provide additional funds for supplies and equipment, classroom assistants and other aides, consultants, and field trips;
- 2. Provide in-service training for teachers and assistants;
- 3. Provide more time and help in devising and evaluating projects;
- 4. Provide clearer directions and guidelines on all projects;
- 5. Reduce paper work and "red tape."

Many strengths and values were evident in these projects:

- Student needs (academic, psychological, social, and health), unmet or unrecognized by home, school, or state, were now beginning to be recognized or met in varying ways and degrees;
- 2. Books, supplies, and equipment unavailable before were now available to students and schools;
- 3. Special services (counseling, tutorial, clerical, supervisory, etc.) unavailable before were now available in varying degrees;
- 4. Students frequently neglected or even dropped were being retained and helped in a variety of ways not possible or attempted before in schools and communities;
- 5. Parents not involved in school or community affairs before were now being involved;



- 6. More schools and community people were beginning to see the negative ramifications of poverty; the existence of talent among the economically, culturally, and educationally deprived; and the possibilities of helping them;
- 7. Student attitudes toward themselves and others, and some, at least, of their academic work were beginning to show improvement;
- 8. Teacher and administrative awareness and competencies in various areas were being improved or challenged by Title I projects, personnel or problems.

On the other hand, as might be expected in first-year projects of this magnitude, with the attending problems of unfamiliar roles and additional demands of time and labor, there were problems and weaknesses such as

- 1. flaws in communication or coordination among State, District Office, and school officials and affected community agencies; and even among divisions within the State's Department of Education, and among school teachers, parents, and others from the larger communities;
- 2. lack of time in schools to prepare for projects;
- 3. lack of adequately trained personnel and consultants, and adequate staff in schools to handle additional duties and paper work required by the projects;
- 4. inadequate collection and storage of operational data on the projects by State Office for possible and facile retrieval of data for informational, reporting, or evaluative purposes;
- 5. inadequate understanding among school project personnel of evaluation and knowledge of evaluative instruments.

Even before the first year of Title I, 89-10, ended, however, efforts were being made to correct some of these weaknesses. A full-time director was hired to assume the sole responsibility of overseeing the Title I Program previously one among a number of federal aid programs under a director of all federal aid programs. Operational data were being gathered in the second year of Title I projects. A four-day state-wide evaluation conference was held in October to assist school people strengthen that aspect of their projects.



In addition to the obvious need to correct the first-year weaknesses of the projects just cited, the writer of this report makes the following recommendations:

- 1. That the State Office of the Department of Education (and possibly the District Offices) be properly staffed--administratively and clerically--and that there be a clear understanding and coordination on the State level as to the functions of the Title I Director, the Office of Research, Statistics, and Data Processing, and the Office of Business Services;
- That there be a continuously adequate collection of project records and data so that reports of any nature-evaluative or otherwise--can be written in reasonable clarity, comprehensiveness, time, and facility;
- 3. That several types of evidences—both subjective and objective—accompany evaluation reports to substantiate school claims of academic and attitudinal progress by students;
- 4. That the names of the school project evaluator(s) be included in the evaluation form or report:
- 5. That the State Office or the U. S. Office of Education consider developing an instrument to record the progress of projects and/or students in uniform order;
- 6. That if projects are composite in nature, schools make separate evaluations for component elements. For example, for a Language Arts Improvement Project utilizing new materials and equipment, classroom assistants, field trips, and in-service training, separate evaluations should be made for each of these elements, as well as for the academic and attitudinal components;
- 7. That adequate in-service training in educational evaluation be provided for school project evaluators by Title I officials so that evaluations are properly made and reported.



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PART II

TABLES OF VARIOUS HAWAII STATE PROJECTS UNDER TITLE I,
P.L. 89-10, WITH ACCOMPANYING COMMENTS



A. A BRIEF STATEMENT ON THE PUBLIC SCHOOL STRUCTURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Public school education in the state of Hawaii is unique among educational systems in the United States in the sense that it is centralized. There is only one public school system in the Island State. Ranking among the 10 largest school systems in the country, the Department of Education of the state of Hawaii more closely resembles a large municipal or local school district rather than the usual department of education of other states. In the school year 1965-1966 it exercised the over-all administration and supervision of approximately 200 public elementary and secondary schools, 6,970 certificated professional personnel, 1,750 classified personnel, and about 160,000 students distributed among the seven inhabited islands of Oahu, Hawaii, Maui, Molokai, Lanai, Kauai, and Niihau. 1

The four District Offices on Oahu and the three District Offices on the neighboring islands--Hawaii, Maui (includes the islands of Molokai and Lanai), and Kauai (includes the island of Niihau)--provide intermediate administration, supervision, and direct service to the schools within their respective districts. The Oahu Districts--Honolulu, Central, Leeward, and Windward--enrolled 127,643 students or 78.7 per cent of the total state public school student population; Hawaii 16,973 or 10.4 per cent; Maui 10,633 or 6.6 per cent; and Kauai 6,940 or 4.3 per cent. And 74.8 per cent of the total certificated personnel worked in the four Oahu districts; 11.6 per cent in the Hawaii District; 7.4 per cent in the Maui District; and 4.7 per cent in the Kauai District.²



^{1, 2} Hawaii. Dept. of Education. Office of Research, Statistics, and Data Processing, <u>Annual Report on Certificated Personnel in Hawaii's Public</u> <u>Schools, 1965-66</u>, (Research Report #23), May 1, 1966. pp. 1-8.

Of the 1,119 (87.7%) classroom teachers directly engaged in instruction, more than half--3,583 (51.4%)--were elementary teachers; 1,964 (28.2%) secondary teachers; and 294 (4.2%) elementary-secondary classroom teachers (that is, in K-12 or K-8 type of schools). In the school year 1965-66 there were 94,234 elementary students; 34,886 intermediate; and 30,379 high school students.³



³Hawaii. Dept. of Education. Office of Research, Statistics, and Data Processing, Annual Report on Certificated Personnel in Hawaii's Public Schools, 1965-66, (Research Report #23), May 1, 1966. pp. 1-8.

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B. TABLES OF VARIOUS TITLE I ALLOTMENTS, EXPENDITURES
AND PROJECTS AND ACCOMPANYING DESCRIPTIONS



Table 1
A Summary of the Number and PerCentage of Hawaii Public Schools and Students Affected by Title I, P. L. 89-10; Projects and Allocations, as of June 1966

	Public Number	Schools in State Invollment 52,659 99,178	Number 29	PerCent	Public S Enrollment 29,282 17,322	Public Schools Under 171 171	71tle sadvant sber sper sper sper sper sper sper sper sp	200	89-10 Number of Projects		Appropriations 1,095,001	propriations Allotment	
Elementary Eleme-Jr. High Junior High Eleme-High		29 ,1 76 12 , 030	# 22	#.## **********************************	1/,322 1,870	10.5	•		1,065	1,065	1,065	1,065	1,065
Jr.Hig	10-12	11. W.1	57 L3	60.0 17.9	7,090 4,943	61.9 17.2		9 1 5	915 12,9 639 12,9			12.9 12.9 5	12.9 12.9 5 72.384
Central - Total	K-6 21	18,420	2	9.5	1,533	8.3	•	292			19•1	19•1	19•1
fles.~ir. High Junior High	: :35 w	3,720	,	33•3	928	24.9		33					
Flem, - High Jr.High-Sr.High	•	6,557	N	50.0	2,482	37.9		264	264 10.6		10,6	10.6	10,6
Legard - Total	19	21,675	5	26.3	7.214	33.3		1,391	1,391 19,3		19.3	19.3 19	19-3 19 262-7/5
	i	8,144 5,522	⊢ %	20.0 25.0	1,000	29.2		3 45					
Junior High Eles - High Jr.High-Sr.High	7-9 7-12 1	1,874 2,103 1,032		100.0 39.3	2,103 1,691	100.0 34.7		377 307	377 17.9 300 17.7				
Windward - Total		23,109	E	45.8	8,105	35.1	4 1			**	2/ 16.5	2/ 16.5 14	2/ 16.5 14 205,466
Elementary Eleme-Jr. High	# 25 + 55	12,139 2,479	# #	26.7	2,479	100.0		\$4. \$4.	e t	e t	e t	e t	e t
		3,021	س و د.	50.0	1 350	100.0			i.	i.	i.	i.	i.
Jr.High-Sr.High	_	4,320	,	50.0	1,708	39.5		148	148 8.7			8.7	8.7
Carry of Total	124	126,140	50	40.3	111 5°611	39.3		8,790			17.7	17.7 42 1,715,620 1,715,620	17.7 42 1.716.620
El emerat	K-6 85	67,881	36	35.3	22,476]]]		- J	7,400 24,4				
ManJr. High	Š	2,001	V	62.5	161 161	5 T		1 148					
Junior High	7-9 15	19,003 3,253	N 0	100.0	3.253	100.0		530					
•	,	15,751	+	# #	5,881	, 37 . 3		272 5	712 12.1				
Senior High	5 2T-0T	74,11		0000	/2070	V							

	Public :	Schools in			Public School	hools Und	ls Under Title I,	P. L. 8	89-10			Expenditures	•
Districts	Numb er	Enrollment	Number	PerCent	Enrollment	PerCent	Disadvant, Pupils Number PerCent		Number of Projects	Appropriations	Allotment	Encumbrances	Balance 6/30/66
Hawaii - Total	&	16,643	27	71.1	12,946	77.8		16.3	377	238,243	298, 243	163,052	75,191
- 1	12	5,290	0	55.6	2,5 ¹¹¹	1.84	2	27.9			/	,	
High		3,248	0	72.7	2,297	70.7	_	23.2				/	
		1,651	N	100.0	1,651	100.0		14.4				/	
		3,396	5	100.0	3,396	100.0	2	\ \frac{1}{2}				_/	,
r.H1g	2	980	_	100.0	980	100,0	103	10.5					/
Senior High 10-12		2,078	1	100,0	2,078	100.0		13.0			-/	262 80	(7) 032
Maui - Total	24	10,645	15	62.5	7,180	67.4	۴	12,4	12	165.//3	105.773	70,777	0/26/0
	2	1,161		50.0	960	74.1		14.9					/
Elem-Jr. High K-9	5	5,444	œ	53•3	2,603	47.0	421 1 7/	16.2					
ounter nigh (~)	ه ک	1 Obli	w	100.0	1.0hh	100.0		19.8					
1	₩.	2,996	w	75. 0	2,673	89.2	135 4	5.1					
Senior High 10-12							1				202 800	2011 811	
Kauai - Total	14	6,926	Q,	57.1	17,47	64.6	335 5/	7.5	<u>_</u>	106,020	020 00T	40.400	70,757
1		987	w	100.0	987	100.0		10,4					
Eleme-Jr. High K-9		3,057	w	37•3	1,503	49.2	75 2/	0					
	12 1	1,119	 -	100.0	1,119	100.0	2						
High	2 2 2	1,763	,	50.0	862	#8.9	76	9.1				·	
ع		160,354 1/	100	50.0	7 ⁴ ,1 ⁴ 1	46.2	12,130	16.4	#	2,227,462	2,227,462	1,600,960	204-019
Elementary K-6	5 108	75,319	ı tı	40.7	26,867	35.7	5,455	20.4					
ElemJr. High K-9	9 #2	19,750	24	57.1	10,494	53.1	2,049	19.5					
Junior High 7-5	9 17	21,454	œ	47.1	8,404	39.2	1,305	16.5					
ElemHigh K-I	12 11	8,812	Ħ	100.00	8,812	100.0	5,057	9.7					
Jr. High-Sr. High?-12	12 16	21,490	· •	, 5 , 6	10,396	\$ £	1,020	- 4					
Senior High 10-1	12 6	13,529	f	00./	4,100	0/.0	1,320	1702					

1/ Data based on Hawaii State Department of Education enrollment report for 1965-66

(Month and day of report not given).

2/ Data for Heela (K-6), and King Intermediate (7-8) not included bacause unavailable.

3/ Data for Alae (1-6), Hokolau (K-6), Halaula (K-6), Honokaa High and Elementary (K-12),

Honom u(1-6), Hookena (K-8), Kalaniansole (K-8), Kau High and Pahala Elementary (K-12),

Kohala (K-12), Kurtistown (1-6), and Milolii (1-8) are not included because unavailable.

4/ Data for Baldwin High (9-12) and Keanae (1-8) not included because unavailable.

5/ Data for Kilauea (K-8), Waimea (K-12), and Wilcox (K-8) not included because unavailable.

30, 1966; "Evaluation Progress Report," 89-10, for the school year 1965-66; "Quarterly Of (for Title I, P.L. 89-10), June 1966; "Appropriation Expenditure Ledger", (for Title I, Statistics, and Data Processing, Statistics Pupil Membership, 185-66, January 28, 1966. Other sources: Hawaii. Dept. of Education. office of Business Services,
itle I, P.L. 89-10), June
port," (for Title I, P.L.
erly Object of Expenditure Report",
Office of Research,
s on Public and Private School

ERIC Provided by ERIC

In the first year of Title I, P.L. 89-10, the Elementary and Secondary

Education Act of 1965, projects of the State of Hawaii schools generally got underway in February or March of 1966. Ninety-four (94) school projects, involving
about 100, or 50 per cent, of the 200 public schools throughout the Islands and
74,141 or 46.2 per cent of the approximately 160,000 public school students, were
in operation during the first year of P.L. 89-10, plus the two state-wide Head
Start and Follow Through projects.

Private or non-public schools were not involved in these projects in any substantial or significant way. There were an estimated 1,560 non-public school students participating in Title I projects with a number of Hawaii state public schools in the school year 1965-66. This figure represented 2.1 per cent of the total number of public school students in Title I projects. The non-public school students participating in Title I projects represented 4.8 per cent of the 32,431 students enrolled in 99 private schools in the state of Hawaii.

Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, a total of \$2,449,944 was granted to the State of Hawaii for the school year 1965-66. Of this amount \$75,000, or 3 per cent, were allocated for state administration, leaving \$2,374,944 for possible projects. From this latter figure \$2,227,462 were allotted to approved projects as of June, 1966, or \$2,264,477 as of August 1966. Expenditures for all the Hawaii projects under Title I, P.L. 89-10, stood at an estimated \$154,670, as of August 1966. (See Table 4.)



¹State of Hawaii. Dept. of Education. Office of Research, Statistics, and Data Processing. Statistics on Public and Private School Pupil Membership, 1965-66. Research Report No. 20. January 28, 1966, pp. 18, 19. Figures for the non-public school students were obtained from data contained in various Hawaii Title I project proposals in "Application for Federal Assistance for the Education of Children From Low-Income Families" (U.S. Dept. of Health, Education, and Welfare. Office of Education).

Table 2

Expenditures, Encumbrances, and PerCent of Funding in the Categories of "Personal", "Supplies", and "Equipment" in Hawaii Title I Projects as of June 1966.

Title I

	Projects	Personal (A)	PerCent	Supplies (B)	PerCent	Equipment (C)	Percent	Total
ionolulu:	#1	70,462.63		38,730.04		10,427.78		119,620.45
	2	397,775.96		72.626.54		79,018,85		549,421,35
•	3	16,211.61		5,780.11		21,372.49		43,364.21
	Į.	16,832.03		7.583.26		10,466,64		34.881.93
Honolulu	Total:	501,282.23	67%	124,719.95	17%	121,285.76	16%	747,287.94
entral:	#1	2,551.70		1,277.63		9,805.66		13,634.99
	2	4,584.05		945.11		8,931.19		14,460.35
	3	2,595.70		1,122.35		9,175.45		12,893.50
	4	2,580.78		833.70		9,230.35		12,644.83
	.5	2.565.86		***		8,827.08		11,392,94
Central '	Total:	14,878.09	23%	4,178.79	6%	45,969.73	71%	65,026,61
eeward:	#1	******		3,909.23		29,053.62		32,962.85
	14	-				9,681.84		9.681.84
	18	(heating)		4,696.40				4,696,40
	2	***************************************		791.06		80,795.19		81,586.25
	2A	17,295.70		*******				17,295.70
	3	447.54		299.90				747.44
	3 3A 4	3,192.75		3,960.00		47,295.55		54,388.30
	4	******		~~~		21,009.87		21,009.87
	4A	2,344.29		-		******		2,344.29
	4 B	28.35		3,297.40				3,325.75
	5 7	2,899.81				~~~~		2,899.81
	7			2,000.00		(C)		2,000.00
	9	-		141.02		-		141.02
	11	The second secon		407.20		2,592.80		3,000.00
	12			-		2,734.32		2,734.32
	13_	-		-		997.40		997.40
Leeward '		26,148,44	11%	19,502.21	8%	194,160.59	81%	239,811.24
indward:	#1	494.54		5,991.56		18,601.96		25,088.06
	2	7,809.90		3,202.47		9,839.15		20,851.52
	3	5,349.58		1,271.84		6,048.27		12,669.69
	3 3 A 4	1,194.25		2,287.35		10,937.93		14,419.53
	4	2,060.00		626.09		3,344,32		6,030.41
	5 6 6A	1,377.28		1,048.01		19,061.80		21,487.09
	6	7,739.52		1,683.22		5,098.63		14,521.37
	6A	3 , 719 . 59		1,566.34		2 ,7 43 . 90		8,029.83
	7 8	10,564.70		4,098.42		5,962.14		20,625.26
	8	2,387.12		4,198.07		18.224.04		24,809.23
	9	6,237.15		165.00		3,892.03		10,294.18
	9A	2,685.22		3,327.78		4,138.10		10,151.10
	10	5,001.38		6,616.07		43,314.39		54,931.84
	11_			230.55		2,701.19		2,931.74
Windward	Total:	56,620,23	23%	36,312.77	15%	153,907.85	62%	246,840.85
			-5.	2-12	-00			



Title I

	Projects	Personal (A)	PerCent	Supplies (B)	PerCent	Equipment (C)	PerCent	Total
Hawa11:	#1	355.00		102.18	•	64,918.94		65,376.12
	"2	10,274.06		-		-		10,274.06
		330.00		67.26		762.50		1,159.76
	34 56 78	1,057.50		191.55		206.96		1,456.01
	5	752.99		725.23		2,094.22		3,572.44
	6	215.00		42.52		***		257.52
	7	3,787.80		-		******		3 ,7 87.80
	á	1,017.50		-				1,017.50
	9	947.00		191.92		-	·	1,138.92
	ío	4,475.35				******		4,475.35
	11	19 17 20 22		504, 26		2,595.50	1	3,099.76
	12	1,618.75		916.45		516.52		3,051.72
				60.02		(March)		60.02
	13 14			549.82		***		549.82
	15	895.07		J.,,		*****		895.07
	15 16	621.25		343.77		97.84	•	1,062.86
	17	1,045.00		30.74		199.00		1,274.74
	17 18	lios 75		9.229.62		Eleption .	,	9,735-37
		495.75		9,239.62 2,954.70				2.954.70
	20			3,754.20				2,954.70 3,754.20
	21	0 R18 00		3,734.20				2,818.32
	22	2,818.32		0 706 00				3,796.02
	23 24	ema Por of		3,796.02				895.06
	24	895.06		000 116		2,082.97	,	2,308.43
	25			225.46		566.55	2	2,807.28
	25 26 27 28	85.02		2,155.71		700-77		2,543.44
	27	-		77.48		2,465.96		7,351.57
		ene La cha den		576-42		6,775.15		6,532.12
	29	4,340.75		1,199.18		992.19	,	3,215.53
	30 31	****		3,215.53			•	1,161.44
	31			1,059.83		101.61		1,506.45
	32			1,451.74		54.7		100.41
	33			100.41			•	
	35 36	404149		1,318.42		63.8	2	1,382.30
				words		7,680.0	2	7,680.00
Hawa	11 Total:	36,027.17	22%	34,850.44	21%	92,174.50	57%	163,052.11
Meu i	#1	4,361.22		946.58		1,872.2	5	7,180.05
	"2	2,928.53		2,420.84	•	2,655.0		8,004.39
	3	21,303.98		978.40)			22,282.38
	Ĺ	4,011.87		10,973.58		435.4	4	15,420.89
	F	.,022,00,		2,727.11		909.7	2	3,636.83
	. Š	3,317.96		2,676.65		-		5,994.61
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	3,195.21		2,847.81		****		6,043.02
	Ŕ);.//;.cs		523.09)	1,487.9	9	2,011.08
	٥			1,418.17	, ,		•	1,418.17
	7 11			6,157.28		10,972.0	7	17,129.35
	12			1.590.92		7.823.6	8	9.414.60
Maui	Total:	39,118,77	40%	33,260.43	34%	26,156.1	7 26%	98,535.37
	<i>*</i>	- -				of Bln o	•	40,513.96
Kauai:	#1			3,646.64		36,867.3		かんしょうしょうしょう
	2	4,040.43		1,382.60	,	2,329.5	U	7,752.53
			6-4	140.00		00 706 8	<u> </u>	140.00 48,406.49
Kaus	i Total:	4,040.43	8%	5,169.2	115	39,196.8	2 81 %	40,400,47

Table 2 - cont'd

Title I

Projects	Personal (A)	PerCent	Supplies (B)	PerCent	Equipment (C)	PerCent	Total
OAHU TOTAL:	598,928.99	46%	184,713.72	14%	515,323.93	40%	1,298,966.64
HAWAII, MAUI (including LANAI and MOLOKAI), and KAUAI TOTAL:	79,186.37	25%	73,280.11	5/1 /%	157,527.49	51 %	309,993.97
STATE TOTAL:	678,115.36	42%	257,993.83	16%	672,851.42	42%	1,608,960.61

Source:

Basic data are derived from Hawaii. Dept. of Education.
Office of Business Services, "Quarterly Object of Expenditure Report",
(Title I, P.L. 89-10 Projects), June 1966



A total of \$1,608,960.61 was spent by the State of Hawaii on 87 projects as of June 1966. (See Table 3 for further Title I expenditures in the summer of 1966, and Table 1 for total number of Title I projects in Hawaii.) On an overall state-wide basis, 42 per cent of this amount, or \$678,115.36 was spent on "Personal" or for wages and salaries of additional personnel hired for the projects, such as classroom assistants, certificated teachers, clerks, consultants, etc.

Sixteen per cent, or \$257,993.83, was expended upon "Supplies," such as stationery and office supplies, various transportation, excursion, and other fees and service charges, and such other items that are expendable and do not last beyond a year. Forty-two per cent, or \$672,851.42, was spent on "Equipment," such as office equipment and furniture, educational, recreational, and science equipment, classroom and library books and references, and such items that last beyond twelve months.

There was a difference in the way Oahu schools as a group used their Title I money as compared to schools in the districts of Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai. Neighbor island schools spent more than half of their money--\$157,527.49 or 51 per cent-on equipment and the remainder--\$79,186.37 or 25 per cent on wages and salaries, and \$73,280.11 or 24 per cent on supplies.

Schools in the four Oahu districts spent \$598,928.99 or 46 per cent on wages and salaries, \$515,323.93 or 40 per cent on equipment, and \$184,713.72 or 14 per cent on supplies.

A glance at individual school districts show even sharper differences. For example Honolulu District schools, on the whole, spent 67 per cent of their funds on wages and salaries, 17 per cent on supplies, and 16 per cent on equipment, while Central Oahu District schools spent 71 per cent on equipment, 23 per cent



on wages and salaries, and 6 per cent on supplies. Leeward Oahu District schools spent 81 per cent on equipment, 11 per cent on wages and salaries, and 8 per cent on supplies; Windward Oahu, 62 per cent on equipment, 23 per cent on wages and salaries, and 15 per cent on supplies. Hawaii District spent 57 per cent on equipment, 22 per cent on wages and salaries, and 21 per cent on supplies; while Maui District (includes the islands of Molokai and Lanai) spent 40 per cent on wages and salaries, 34 per cent on supplies, and 26 per cent on equipment; Kauai District, 81 per cent on equipment, 11 per cent on supplies, and 8 per cent on wages and salaries.



Table 3

Expenditures for Title I Projects
Operating During or Extending into July and August 1966

	Expenditures	Incumbrances	Total	Percent
Payrol1	\$23 1, 453 . 50	\$ 6,217.00	\$2 37,670. 50	67
Supplies and other operating expenses	20,405.12	43,699.52	64,204.64	18
Equipment and Books	885.59	53,355.88	54,241,47	15
TOTAL	\$252 , 7 ¹¹ 1 , 21	\$103,272,40	\$356,016,61	100

Source: Hawaii Department of Education, "Quarterly Object of Expenditure Report", July and August 1966.
For brief description of the various summer projects, see Appendix III.



Table 4

Schedule of Allotment and Expenditures for Hawaii State Title I Projects, P.L. 89-10, for 1965-66, ending August 1966.

		Total Allotment	Less State Administration	of Ave	ount ilable Projects	PerCen of Total
itate of	'Hawa11	2,1449,944	75,000	3.0 2,37	., 94 1	97
	Projects	Allotment Available For Projects	Amount Alloted for Approved Projects	Expenditure	Estima Balar	
tate Ti	tle I Projects	2 , 374 , 944				
Ap	proved Title I Projects as of June 1966	2,	,227,462)	•		
Un	resorded Allotment for Approved Projects	I.) 2,264,4 *37,015	77 1,608,960)	
	Projects Extended into July and gust 1966	l		356,016		
roject	Head Start			*121,314		
roject	Follow Through			*133,984		
TOTAL		2,374,944	•	2,220,274	15	4,670
N OTE:	Expenditures for Head Sta V, Riyono Kobayashis "Rep June 27, 1966 - August 19	port of Project He				
Sources:	The data for this table a Office of Education, "App from Low-Income Families" Dept. of Education, Offic (for ESEA Title I, P. L. Report", (for ESEA Title from the Office of Busine	lication for Fed () (approvals for se of Business Ser 89-10), June 30, I, P. L. 89-10),	eral Assistance for Project 1 and 2 ds rvices, "Appropriat 1966;, "G (for July and Augu	the Education ted May 2, 1966 ion Expenditure warterly Object at 1966); and o	of Childr); Hawaii Ledger", of Expen	en diture



Table 5
Kinds of Personnel & Services, Activities, Equipment, and Supplies Utilized by
State of Hawaii Schools under Title I. P.L. 89-10,
as of June 1966.

Districts and Schools	•	Clerks, Secrs.	Certifica- Coord.Di ted Teachers of Proj.	Coord.Dir.	1	Counseling Gustodial	Gustodi a l	Pre- School	Study Cents. In-Serv. (Incl.Tutop) (Instit., Before/After Workshps.)	 Field Ed Trips (t		Renova.	Supplies (Books)	Sorre Socre
Honolulu	460		TENER TORING	TOGTANU	MOFA., COMBUL.				SHG.	2	Projectors .	Hepair		
Aina Haina														
Ala Wal														
Aliolani														મહત્વી <u>સ્</u>
Amenue	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	4	4		4	1
CENTRAL INTERMEDIATE	×	×	×		,	;	1	ţ	∺ :	∀ >	⇔ >		→ >	10.
DOLB INTER.	×	×	×	×		×	×			× ;	4 3		4 >	gradien ge
PARRINGTON HIGH	×	×	×	×	×	:	× :		×	:	4 3		< >	
Fern	×					;	{			×	H ?		⊣ }	
Holcul and									:	•	;		,	و است
JARRETT INTER.	×								×	×	×		H	
Jefferson	×								×	H :	H :		H 1	de la la constante de la const
Kaahumenu	×								×	× 1	∺ 1		H 1	es de
Kaevai	×								× :	× :	⊣ ;		∀ ;	
Kahala									:	:	;		*	
KAIMUKI INTER.														rymtera me
KAINUKI HIGH														(see si
Kaiulani	×		×		×			×	×	×	4		4	4
KALAKAUA INTER.	×								×	× 1	× 1		× ;	(
KALANI HIGH										;	;		:	V
Kalihi	×								×	×	×		×	and and
Kalihi-Kai	×								×	× :	× :		× :	an ab-an
Kalihi-Uka	×								×	× 1	× :		H	(Carp) PC
Kalihi-waena	×								×	× :	H :		H I	
Kapalana											{		1	
Kauluwela	×								×	 ×	×		H	
KAVANANAKOA INTER.													!	
Koko Head	×								×	 ×	×		H	
Kuhio	×								×	 ×	×		H:	es de
Lenakila	Ħ		×		×			×	×	 × :	× :		H I	H

					•										
Districts & Schools	Classrm. Ass'ts. (Aides)	Clerks, Secys.	Certd. Tchrs. (Librs.)	Coord., Dir. of Project (Adv.)	Others: Drs., Psychol., Soc. Workers, Consultants	Counsel- Custo- ing dial	Custo- dial	Pre- School	Study Cents. (Incl. Tutor.) Before/After Saturday	In-Serv. (Instit., Workshps.)	Field Trips	Equip. (tape rec. phono., projtrs.)	Renov. (Fur.& Equip. Repr.)	Supplies (Books)	Food Service
Honolulu - (cont'd)															
Liholiho															
Likelike	×								×		×	×		×	
Liliuokalani															
Linapuni	×		H		×			×	×	×	×	×		×	×
Lincoln	×								×		×	×		H	
Lunalilo	×								×		×	×		H	
Kaemae															
AUTH ASIRIAN	<	4	4	<	4		<		4	<		•		•	
NIU VALLEY INTER.							1		i	;		;		1	
Noelani															
Museru						×									
Palolo	×								×		×	×		×	
Pauoa	×								×		×	×		×	
Pohukaina															
Puuhale	×								×		×	×		H	
ROOSEVELT HIGH	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×		×		H	
Royal	×								×		×	×		H	
STEVENSON INTER.															
Waialae															
Waikiki															
Wailupe Valley															
Washington inter.															and the same of
Wilson															

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Iliahi Kaala Klpapa Klpapa Kunia LEILEHUA HIGH Moanalua Mokulele Mimitz Pearl Harbor Pearl Harbor Pearl Harbor Kai RADFORD HIGH Scott Shafter Wahlawa WAHIAWA INTER. Waialua WALALUA HIGH Waimalu	Districts and Schools Central Alea AIRA HIGH AIRA INTER. Allamanu ALIAMANU INTER. Halawa Halawa Helemano Hickam	Classrm. Assits. (Aides) X	Clerks, Secres.	Certificated Teachers (Librarians) X X X X	Coord.Dir. of Proj. Advisor	Others:Drs. Psych.,Soc. Work.,Consul.	Cou	Counseling Custodial
A HIGH A HIGH IUA IUA Ele Ele Harbor Harbor Ka1 RD HIGH RA INTER. IA HIGH X	Kula Kula Bano	Ħ		×				
HUA HIGH LUA PLE PLE PLATBOR HARDOR Kai RD HIGH RA INTER. IA HIGH X	liahi mala							
HUA HIGH Lua ele ele Harbor Harbor Kai RD HIGH Pr AA INTER. AA INTER. AA HIGH X	Kipapa Kunia							
ele Harbor Harbor Kai RD HIGH PR NA INTER. NA HIGH X	•							
Harbor Kai D HIGH AN INTER. AN INTER. AN INTER. AN INTER.	Mokulele Wimitz							
Harbor Ka1 RD HIGH Pr RA	Pearl Harbor							
er A INTER. A HIGH X								
INTER. HIGH X	Scott							
HIGH X	Wahiawa							
HIGH								
		×		×				

×	×	***	B Classrm. Assits. (Aides)
			m. Clerks, Secres.
×	×	***	Certifica- Coord.Di ted Teachers of Proj. (Librarians) Advisor
			Coord.Dir. of Proj.
			Others:Drs. Psych.,Soc. Work.,Consul.
			Counseling Custodial
			Pre- School
			Study Cents. In-Serv. (Incl.Tutor) (Instit., Before/After Workshps.)
			Field in Trips
н	×	HHH	Equip. (tape rec., phonographs Projectors
			Renova. (Furn.& Equip. Repair)
×	Ħ	××	Supplies (Books)
			Food

																•					,				* . *	• • •			
Hauula	Enchanted Lake	CASTLE HIGH	Alkahi	Windward Cahu	WAIPAHU HIGH	WAIPAHU INTER.	Waipalm Elem.	WAIANAE HIGH	WALANAB INTER.	Valanae Elem.	Pohakes.	Pearl City-kai	Pearl City Highlands	Pearl City	Palisades	Nanaikapono El. & Inter.	Makaha	Maili	Iroquois Point	HIGHLANDS INTER.	Eun Beach	Ewa Elem. & Inter.	CAMPBELL HI & INTER.	Barber's Point	Ahrens	Leeward		Districts and Schools	
×		×						×		×						•	×										(Aides)	Classrm.	
×		×																										Clerks, Secrs.	
		×								×																	(Librarians) Advisor	Certifica- ted Teachers	
		×																									Advisor	of Proj.	
																											Work Consul.	Paych. Soc.	
		×	1					×				•				×												Surresumo	
																												TETDOJSNO	- 1
										×						×												School B	
		×	I																								Sat.	School Before/After	Study Cents.
								×		×							×	×										Workshps.)	- 1
×	ŀ																×	×										I sdr.rr	
×	Ì	×	ı					×		×						×	×	H									Projectors) Repair)	phonograph	Equip.
	•	×	ı					×																			Repair)	Equip.	Renova.
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Kainalu															
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Table 5 - contid

Districts and Schools	Classrms.Clerks Assits. Secrs. (Aides)	.Clerks Secrs.	Certifica- ted Teachers (Librarians)	Coord.Dir. of Proj. Advisor	Others:Drs. Psych.,Soc. Work.,Consul,	Counseling Custodial	Custod1a1	Pre- School	Study Cents. In-Serv. Pre- (Incl.Tutor) (Instit. School Before/After Workshps.)	In-Serv. (Instit. Workshps.)	Field Trips	Equip. (tape rec., phonograph Projectors)	Renova. (Furn.& Equip. Repair)	Supplies (Books)	Food Services
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Hookena (Kona)			×	×						×	H	×			estrace
Kailua (Kona)												H			nath-alles
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Kapiolani			×	×						H	×	H		×	ing page and
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Kaumana															
Keesu Inter. & Elem.															
Keakealani															
Keaukaha			×	×						H	×	×		×	A GARATA
Keaukaha Community Area									×	(3)		×		×	(Carrie)
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Konawaena Elem. (Kona)	×		×	×						×	×	×		×	-Tr. 50 4
KONAWAZNA HIGH & INTER. (Kona)	(Kona)		×	×						×		×		•	erine in de Language
Kurt1stown												×			
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Mountain View Inter. & E	& Elem.														

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62	××	нн	** *	H H	** *		Certifica- ted Teachers (Librarians)
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d Schools	Classras. Ass'ts (Aides)	Clerks, Secrs.	Certifica- ted Teachers (Librarians)	Coord.Dir. of Proj. Advisor	Others:Drs. Psych.Soc. WorkConsul.	Counseling Custodial	Custodial	Pre- School	Study Cents. (Incl.Tuton) Before/After	In-Serv. (Instit., Workshps)	Meld Trips	Equip. Ren (Sape rec., (Eu phonographs Equ	Renova. (Furn.&	Supplies (Books)	Food Service
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(Molokai)															
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3—i 43-4-4	×	×	×	H	×		×	×						H	
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k KLEM.	×	×	×	×	×			H						4	
	×	-	×	×	×			×						× ×	
	74	25	62	29	29	15	19	14	64	%	8	95	9	48	5
											•	is .			

A breakdown of the kinds of personnel and services, activities, equipment, and supplies utilized by Hawaii schools under Title I, P.L. 89-10, show that the categories of equipment and supplies and books were the most popular, an estimated 95 schools falling into the former category and 84 in the latter. Seventy-four schools utilized classroom assistants; while 62 chose certificated teachers; 56 field trips; 49 study centers (tutorial); 32 in-service training; another 29 coordinators or directors of projects or activities; another 29 others (doctors, psychologists, social workers, consultants); 25 clerks and secretaries; 19 custodial; 15 counseling; 14 pre-school (excluded summer Head Start projects, which involved about 90 schools...); 9 renovations; and 5 food services.

Project schools, of course, were not limited to any one or two of the 15 categories listed in the accompanying table; nor are these 15 complete. But they represent the most frequently mentioned ones. Any one school might have conducted a multi-faceted project that involved three or more categories as the table shows. For a more comprehensive and detailed description of projects, see Appendix III.



Table 6
School Subjects and Other Areas in State of Hawaii Schools Aided
by Title 1, P.L. 89-10 as of June 1966.

Districts and Schools	Language Arts	Social Studies	Science	Mathe- matics	Music	General (incl. pre-schl.)	Attitude (self-image motivation, social)
Honolulu District							
Aina Haina Ala Wai							
Aliiolani Anuenue	x					x	x
CENTRAL INTER. DOLE INTER.	x					x	x
FARRINGTON HIGH	x					x	x
Hokulani JARRETT INTER.						x	
Jefferson Kaahumanu						x x	
Kaewai Kahala						x	
KAIMUKI HIGH KAIMUKI INTER.							
Kaiulani KALAKAUA INTER.	x					x x	x
KALANI HIGH Kalihi						x	
Kalihi-kai Kalihi-uka						x x	
Kalihi-waena						x	
Kapalama Kauluwela						x	
KAWANANAKOA INTER. Koko Head						x	
Kuhio Lanakila	x					x	x
Liholiho Likelike						x	

Districts and Schools	Language Arts	Social Studies	Science	Mathe- matics	Music	General (incl. Pre-schl.	Attitude (self-image motivation) social)
Honolulu Distcont.							
Liliuokal a ni							
Linapuni	X					X	X
Lincoln		*				X	
Lunalilo Maemae						X	
Manoa							
MCKINLEY HIGH	x						x
NIU VALLEY INTER.							
Noelani							
Nuuanu							
Palolo						x	
Pauoa						x	
Pohukaina							
Puuhale						x	
ROOSEVELT HIGH	X						X
Royal STEVENSON INTER.						x	
Waialae Waikiki							
Wailupe Valley WASHINGTON INTER.							
Wilson							
Central Oahu							
Aiea	x					x	
AIEA HIGH	X					X	
AIEA INTER.	X					x	
Aliamanu							
ALIAMANU INTER.							
Halawa	X					x	
Hale Kula							
Helemano							
Hickam		e.					
Iliahi							
Kaala							
	•						



Districts and Schools	Language Arts	Social Studies	Sciences	Mathe- matics	Music	General (incl. Pre-Schl.)	Attitude (Self-image motivation social)
Leeward Oahu-cont.							
Pohakea Waianae Elem.	x					x	x
Waianae inter Waianae high	x	x	x			x	x
Waipahu Elem. WAIPAHU INTER.							
WAIPAHU HIGH							•
Windward Oahu							
Aikahi CASTLE HIGH						x	•
Enchanted Lake Hauula						x	,
Hee1a Kaaswa	X X					x	
Kahaluu	x						
KAHUKU HIGH & ELEM.							
Kailua KAILUA HIGH							
KAILUA INTER. Kainalu							
Kaneohe Kapunahala							
Keolu KING INTER.						x	
Laie Lanikai	x						
Maunawili Mokapu							
Parker							
Pope	x						
WAIAHOLE ELEM. & INTER	. x						x
waiamanalo blem.&inter	. x					x	

Distr	icts and Schools	Language Arts	Social Studies	Sciences	Mathe- matics	_	Music	General (incl. Pre-schl.	Attitude (Self-image motivation) social)
Ha	wa11								
Alae de Si	(Kona) lva							X	
Haahe Hakala Halau	au la								
	nigh INTER. Valon	x					x	X	x
Holus	loa (Kona) nau (Kona)							x	
Henok	AA HIGH & ELEM. ohau (Kona)	x						X X X	x
Honom Hooke		X						x x	
Kalan	ianaole Elem. & In a (Kona)	nter.						x	
Kapio KAU H Kauma	igh & Pahala Elem	. x						x	
Keauk	Inter. & Elem. alani aha A HIGH & ELEM.							x	
Konaw	aena Elem. (Kona) AENA HIGH & INTER							X X	
	stown HOEHOB HIGH & INT 11	ER.						x x	
	ain View Inter.&	Elem. X						•	
0oka1		X							
PAHOA	HIGH & ELEM.	x						x	x
Walak Walak	EA INTER. eawaena a Inter. & Elem.	X							x
!	Maui District								
BALDW Haiku	IN HIGH	x						X X	X X
Honok	HIGH & ELEM Ohua							X	•
Iao Kahul Kameh	ui ameha III							x	x
Kaunai Keana	kakai (Molokai) e							x	
				and the second s		The same and the s			



Table 6 - cont.

Districts and Schools	Language Arts	Social Studies	Sciences	Mathe- matics	-	Music	General (incl. Pre-schl.)	Attitude (Self-image motivation social)
Maui Dist cont.								
Kihei							X	
Kilohana El.& Inter. (Molokai)							x	
Kula	x						x	
LAHAINALUNA HIGH							x	
LANAI HIGH & ELEM. (Lan	ai) X						x	x
Lihikai	• 55							•
Makawao	x							
MAUI HIGH							x	
Maunaloa (Molokai)							••	
Molokai Elem. (Molokai)							
MOLOKAI HI & INTER. (Mo	-							
Paia	X						x	x
Puunene							••	45
Walhee							x	
Wailuku	X			••			X	X
Kauai District								
Anahola	x							
Eleele								
Hanalei	X							_
Kalaheo								
Kapaa Elem.	x						x	x
Kapaa high & inter. Kauai high	X							
Kaumakani								
Kekaha	x						x	X
Kilauea	x							•
Koloa								
Niihau (Niihau)								
Waimea high & Elem. Wilcox		7/				•	х х	X X
STATE TOTAL:	45	2	1	0	2	2	75	27



Of the six school subjects mentioned in the projects as prime targets for improvement, 45 schools placed a major emphasis upon some aspect or phase of the language arts or the communicative skills--upon listening, speaking, reading, writing--developmental or remedial.

The other subjects of social studies, science, mathematics, physical education, and music were barely mentioned as major targets, receiving counts of 2, 1, 0, 2, and 2 respectively. This, however, does not mean that these subjects were neglected by the schools, for more schools described their improvement programs, under Title I, P.L. 89-10 in general ways: to improve instruction; to revitalize curriculum; to utilize classroom assistants in order to allow teachers more time to concentrate on individual or small group instruction; to utilize equipment and supplies to improve instruction; or to go on field trips to make classroom instruction more meaningful, etc. These expressions were classified as "General" and included pre-school programs. Improvement efforts of school people in the academic areas of social studies, science, and mathematics, as well as the language arts, were therefore covered under the category of "General," which received a school count of 75. Twenty-seven (27) schools gave major emphasis to "Attitudes," or to efforts to improve the self-image, motivation, or social skills of students.

In this table, too, any one school may be tabulated two or more times, depending upon the dual or multiple nature of its projects. See Appendix III for descriptions of the various Title I, P.L. 89-10, projects of Hawaii schools.



TABLE 7

Estimated Number of Classroom Assistants Hired in Title I Projects,
P.L. 89-10, as of June 1966

Districts & Schools	Grades	Enroll- ment	No. of Disadv. Pupils	Per Cent of Disad. Pupils	Est.No. of C.A. FT & PT	Salary (Mon.)	Cost
HONOLULU DISTRICT							
Project #I						324.00	
Farrington, McKinley, Roosevelt	10-12	7,090	915	12.9	34		32,912.88
Project #II							
25 Schools	r-6 & 7-9	20,931	4,162	19.9	273		375,159.50
Project #III							
Dole Inter.	7-9	1,261	344	27.3	4		3.581.65
TOTAL		29,282	5,421	18.5	311		411,654.03
CENTRAL DISTRICT							
Alea	к-6	941	147	15.6	2		2,565.86
Aiea High	9-12	1,481	123	8.3	2		2,506.20
Aiea Inter.	7-8	928	83	8.9	2		2,595.70
Halawa	K -6	592	145	24.5	2		2,580.78
Walalua High	7-12	1,001	141	14.1	2		2.551.70
TOTAL		4,943	639	12.9	10		12,800.24
LEEWARD DISTRICT							
Makaha	K- 6	923	152	16.5	2		2,372.64
Waianae Elem.	K-6	1,201	274	22.8	4		447.54
Waianae High	8-12	1,691	300	17.7	17		17,295.70
Maili	<u>r-6</u>	885	217	24.5	4		3.132.75
TOTAL		4,700	943	20.1	27		23,248.63
WINDWARD DISTRICT							
Castle High	9-12	1,708	148	8.7	4		5,001.38
Hee1a	K -6	875	1/		2		2,387.12
Kasawa	K -6	207	134	64.7	6		7,814.10
Kahuku High & Blem.	K-12	1,150	153	13.3	_		1,393.11
Kahaluu	K -6	358	118	33.0	6		5,349.58
Taie	K-7	भुगम	81	18.2	8		10,566.10
Waiahole Inter/Elem.	K-8	588	220	37.4	8		8,539.03
Waimanalo Inter/Elem.	<u>K-9</u>	849	124	14.6	6		7,968.87
TOTAL		6,179	978 <u>2</u> /	15.8 <u>2</u> /	40		49,019.29
OAHU TOTAL		45,104	7,981	17.7	388		496,722.19

^{1/} Data not available.



^{2/} Computed on basis of available data

TABLE 7 (Cont'd)

Districts & Schools	Grades	Enroll- ment	No. of Disadv. Pupils	Per Cent of Disad. Pupils	Est. No. of C.A. FT & PT	Salary	Cost
HAWAII DISTRICT							
Hilo High	10-12	2,078	411	19.8	12		10,274.06
Honokaa High & Elem.	K-12	1,073	24	2.2	5		3,787.80
Honomu	1-6	94	25	26.6	1		895.07
Kalanianaole Int/Elem.	K-8	841	150	17.8	1		895.06
Kohala High & Elem.	K-12	827	45	5.4	5		4,475,35
TOTAL		4,913	655	13.3	24		20,327.34
MAUI DISTRICT			•				
Hana High & Elem.	K-12	255	58	22.7	2		2,685.21
Kamehameha III	K-8	722	89	12.3	3		
Kihei	K-8	237	49	20.7	3		
Kilohana Elem. & Inter. (Molokai)	K-10	147	89	60.5	3		3,035.46
Kula	K-8	330	64	19.4	1		
Lanai High & El. (Lanai)	K-12	642	60	9.3	4		20,699.58
Paia	K-8	343	69	20.1	3		
Waihee	K-8	201	51	25.4	2		
Walluku	K-6	860	128	14.9	3		
TOTAL		3,737	657	17.6	24		26,420.25
			-2:				
STATE TOTAL		53.754	¹ 9,293	¹ 17.3	436		543,469.78

Computed on basis of available data.

Sources: Hawaii. Dept. of Education, "Evaluation Progress Report" (Title I, P.L. 89-10, school year 1965-66), and untitled, undated Dept. of Education report of schools, grades, and enrollment in the school year 1965-66; ______. Office of Business Services, "Monthly Payroll Summary," (Title I, P.L. 89-10, school year 1965-66), June 1966.



Classroom Assistants were heavily utilized in State of Hawaii school projects under Title I, P.L. 89-10, during the school year 1965-66, ranking third in popularity according to Table 5. They were employed to perform clerical and non-professional tasks for schools to allow teachers to spend more of their time in instructing students individually or in smaller groups and other professional matters. Classroom assistants, for example, performed such duties as taking attendance, collecting lunch money, supervising students during recess and lunch periods or on excursions, helping teachers prepare bulletin boards and instructional materials, correcting objective type tests and workbooks, and taking classroom inventories.

An estimated total of 436 full-time and part-time classroom assistants were employed by 60 schools with a student population of 53,734 of which, at least, 9,293, or an estimated 17.3 per cent, were disadvantaged pupils. The cost of utilizing classroom assistants amounted to \$543,469.78 as of June 1966.

The four school districts on Oahu used \$496,722.19 to hire an estimated 388 classroom assistants for 46 public schools with a student population of 45,104 of whom 7,981 or 17.7 per cent, were disadvantaged. Five Big Island (Hawaii) schools, with 4,913 students of whom an estimated 655 or 13.3 per cent were disadvantaged, spent \$20,327.34 for about 24 classroom assistants. Nine Maui District schools, with 3,737 students of whom 657 or 17.6 per cent were disadvantaged, spent \$26,420.25 for an estimated 24 classroom assistants.



Table 8
Cost of "Hourly Teachers" Hired Under Title I,
P.L. 89-10, By Districts and Schools as of June 1966.

					Est. No.	Est.% of		
Proje					of Disad.		Number	Cost as
No.		District and Schools	Grades	Enroll.	Pup11s	Pupils	of Schls.	of 6/30
HOURL	Y TEAC							
		Honolulu District						
#1	1.	Farrington High	10-12	2,895	4320	14.5		
	2.	McKinley High	10-12	2,180	313	14.4		
	3.	Roosevelt High	10-12	2,015	182	9.0		
				7,090	915	12.9	3	37.550
#2	1.	Anuenue	K-6	446	109	24.4		
,,	2.	Fern	K-6	727	249	34.3		
	3.	Jefferson	K- 6	1,013	115	11.4		
	4.	Kaahumanu	K-6	896	187	20.9		
	5.	Kaewai	K-6	755	266	35.2		
	6.	Kaiulani	K -6	775	288	37.2		
	7.	Kalihi	K-6	774	160	20.7		
	8.	Kalihi-Kai	15-6	1,081	304	28.1		
	9.	Kalihi-Uka	K-6	655	61	9.3		
	10.	Kalihi-Waena	K-6	801	104	13.0		
	11.	Kauluwela	K-6	495	151	30.5		
	12.	Koko Head	K-6	835	49	5.9		
	13.	Kuhio	к-6	871	82	9.4		
	14.	Lanakila	K-6	798	131	16.4		
	15.	Likelike	r-6	685	89	13.0		
	16.	Linapuni	K-3	293	120	40.9		
	17.	Lincoln	K-6	1,139	253	22.2		
	18.	Lunalilo	K-6	1,075	109	10.1		
	19.	Palolo	K-6	928	274	29.5		
	20.	Pauoa	K-6	867	103	11.9		
	21.	Puuhale	K-6	785	129	16.4		
	22.	Royal	K-6	628	108	17.2		
	23.	Central Inter.	7-9	730	178	24.4		
	24.	Jarrett Inter.	7-9	1,093	153	14.0		
	25.	Kalakaua Inter.	7-9	1,786	390	21.8		
				20,931	4,162	19.9	25	19,815
#3	1.	Dole Inter.	7-9	1,261	344	27.3	1	3,239
-								
	TOTAL	Honolulu District		29,282	5.421	18.5	29	60.604
		Windward District						
#4	1.	King Inter.	7-8	955	130	13.6	1	2,060
		2000.0		<u></u>				
		TOTAL OAHU		30,237	5,551	18.4	30	62,664

	_				Est.No.	Est.% of		
rojec	t				of Disad.	Disadv.	Number	Cost as
No		District and Schools	Grades	Enroll.	Pupils Pupils	Pupils	of Schls.	of 6/30
COURL	Z TEAC	CHERS						
		Hawaii District						
#1	1.	Keauk a ha	K -6	360	4/	4/		
••	2.	Kapiolani	K -6	785	450	57.3		
	3.	Hilo Inter.	7-9	999 3/	/ 162	16.2		
	4.	Hilo High	10-12	2,078 1	/ 411	19.8		
	5.	Kalaoa	1-6	48	24	50.0		
	6.	Holu aloa	K-8	287	185	64.5		
	7.	Honokohau	1-8	97	79	81.4		
	8.	Hookena	K-8	86	4/	4/		
	9.	Konawaena Elem.	K- 6	655	124	18.9		
	10.	Konawaena High	7-12	980	376	38.4		
	11.	Alae	1-6	34	4/	4/		
	12.	Honaunau	K-8	246	150	60.9		
				6,655	1.961 5/	29.5.5/		355
#3	1.	Kau High	K-12	620	4/	4/		
	2.	Ma elehu	K-8	388 2	/ 75 2/	19.3		
		•	-	1,008	75 5/	7.4.5/		330
#4	1.	Naa lehu	<u>K-8</u>	2	/2/	2/		1.057
#6	1.	Hilo Hi.	10-12	1	/ 1/	1/		215
#8	1.	Honokohau Hi & Blem.	K-12	1.073	4/	4/		1,018
#12	2 1.	Hilo Inter.	7-9	3	/3/_	3/		1,619
#16	5 1.	Honoma	1-6	94	4/	4/		621
#17	1.	Pahoa.	<u>K-12</u>	342	45	13.2		1,045
#18	3 1.	Pasuilo	K-9	335	45	13.4		496
		TOTAL Hawaii		9,507	2.126 5/	22.4 5/	21	6.756

^{1/, 2/, 3/,:} Enrollment already counted once
4/
Data not available
5/
Computations made on the Computations made on the basis of available data.

Table 8 - cont.

Proje	<u></u>				Est. No. of Disad.	Est, % of	Number	Cost as
No.		District and Schools	Grades	Enroll.		Pupils _	of Schls.	
HOURL								
		Maul District						
#3	1.	Lanai Hi.	<u>K-12</u>	642	1/	1/	<u>/</u>	604
#4	1.	Kihei	K-8	237	49	20.7		
	2.	Kam III	K-8	722	89	12.3		
	3.	Pai a	K-8	343	69	20.1		
	4.	Haiku	K-8	280	40	14.3		
	5.	Kula	K-8	330	64	19.4		
	6.	Wailuku	K-6	860	128	14.9		
	7.	Waihee	K-8	201	51	25.4		
	8.	Lahainaluna	9-12	566	56	9,9		
				3.539	546	15.4		3,216
#6	1.	K 11 ohana	<u>K-10</u>	147	89	60.5		282
#7	1.	Hana	K- 12	255	58	22.7		
	2.	Keanae	1-8	35	1/	1	/	
				290	58 2/	20.0 2	/	510
		TOTAL MAUI		4,618	693 2/	15.0 2	/ 12	4.612
Summa	ary of	Hourly Teachers						
Total	l Oahı	ı - See Page 2		30,237	5,551	18.4	30	62,664
		aii - See Page 2		9,507	2,126 2/	22.4 <u>2</u>	/ 21	6,756
		L - See Page 2		4.618	693 2/			4.612
GRANI	D TOTA	AL - HOURLY TEACHERS		44,362	8,370 2/	18.9 2	/ 63	74.032

^{1/} Data not available

ERIC

Sources: Hawaii. Dept. of Education, "Evaluation Progress Report" (Title I, P.L. 89-10, school year 1965-66), and untitled, undated Dept. of Education report of schools, grades, and enrollment in the school year 1965-66; ________ Office of Business Services, "Monthly Payroll Summary", (Title I, P.L. 89-10, school year 1965-66), June 1966.

^{2/} Computations made on the basis of available data

"Hourly Teachers" refer to those professionals such as certificated teachers, counselors, psychologists, directors, advisers, social workers, doctors, and others acting as consultants who were hired on a part-time basis at project schools.

A total of 63 schools—30 on Oahu, 21 on Hawaii, and 12 on Maui—with 44,362 students of whom 8,370 or 18.9 per cent were disadvantaged, utilized these part-time professionals as tutors, special teachers, directors, counselors, and the like at a cost of \$74,032. Thirty Oahu schools with 30,237 students, of whom an estimated 5,551 or 18.4 per cent were disadvantaged, spent \$62,664; while 21 Big Island schools with 9,507 students, of whom an estimated 2,126 or 22.4 per cent were disadvantaged, used \$6,756; and 12 Maui schools with 4,618 students, of whom an estimated 693 or 15.0 per cent were disadvantaged, spent \$4,612.



¹ The number of these hired was not available at the time of this writing.

Table 9
Allotments and Expenditures for Language Arts to Improve
Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing
Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, in 22 State of Hawaii
Schools as of June 1966.

				PerCent						
Districts and Schools	Grades	Enroll.	No. or Disadv.Pup.	or Dis-	Amended	Allotment	Personal	Supplies	mal Supplies Equipment & Books	Total as of 6/30
Honolulu District										
Project 3: (455)					73,616	73,616	16,701	5,291	21,372	43,364
75	7-9	1,261	111Z	27.3						
	,		ı	•	•	*** •				- arail
Leeward Oahu										
Project 1: (456)					33,115 <u>Y</u>	33,115 J /	3,909	þ	29,054	
Ma111	بر 6	8 8 5	217	24.5						
Project 4: (472)					21,565	21,565	þ	þ	21,010	21,010
Makaha	<u>ኛ</u> 6	923	152	16.5						
Project 4a: (473)					2,425	2,425	2,344	þ	þ	2,344
Maicaha	¥-6	923	152	16.5						
Project 2a: (460)					18,192	18,192	17,296	þ	þ	17,296
Waianae H.	& 12	1,691	300	17.7						
Project 3a:					29,924	29,924	844	300	þ	748
Walanae Elem.	주 7	1,201	27 ⁴	22.8						
		5,623	1,095	19.5						
Windward Oahu										2 2-4 AS W
Project 2: (441)					24,599	2 ⁴ ,599	7,810	3,202	9,839	20,851
Kasawa	<u>ተ</u>	207	134	64.7						
Project 3: (442)					16,275	16,275	5,350	1,272	840,8	12,670
Kahaluu	ቸ የ	358	118	33.0						
Project 6: (446)					18,823	18,823	7.740	1,683	5,099	14,522
Waishole	ም	58 8	220	<i>37.</i> 4						
Project 7: (448)					23,340	23,340	10,565	4,098	5,962	20,625
•	₹ 7	trtt	18	18.2	•		•			
rroject o: (449)	4	23 10 10	, o		C4+,+5	24,493	7,507	okr.#	427°0T	24,009
Hee12	70	670	9							

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Table 9
Allotments and Expenditures for Language Arts to Improve
Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing
Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, in 22 State of Hawaii
Schools as of June 1966.

				PerCent	1		d T	ditimos en	Encumbration		
School's	Grades	Enroll.	Mo. or Disady.Pup.	adv. Pup.	Amended	Allotment	Personal	Supplies	nal Supplies Equipment & Books	Total as of 6/30	Balance (Deficit)
											•
(455)					73,616	73,616	16,701	5,291	21,372	43,364	30,252
	7-9	1,261	3444	27.3	1	No.					e
(95t)					33,115 <u>I</u>	33,115 <u>V</u>	3,909	-	29,054	32,963	152
	¥6	885	217	24.5			•	>	2	91 010	n n n
(472)	بر ه	923	152	16.5	CoC*12	CoC*12	ţ	Ş			
: (473)	;		,	,	2,425	2,425	2,344	þ	þ	2,344	18
. (460)	7	923	251	70.7	18,192	18,192	17,296	þ	þ	17,296	896
	8-12	1,691	300	17.7	20,024	29.924	8 11 1	300	•	748	. 29,176
ilem.	7 7	1,201	27 ⁴	22.8		,					
		5,623	1,095	19.5							
(#1)					24,599	24,599	7,810	3,202	9,839	20,851	3,748
	70	207	134	64.7	16 %s	16 295	5 350	1.272	840. 6	12.670	3,605
/214/	ቸ 6	358	118	33.0				•			
(116)		,			18,823	18,823	7.740	1,683	5,099	14,522	4,301
(844)	7-8	588	220	37.4	23.340	23.340	10.565	4,098	5,962	20,625	2,715
•	ኛ7	444	18	18.2			•		L	}	
(6th)	•	3			24,493	24,493	2,387	4,198	16,224	600° th	(010)
.,	<u>ኛ</u>	875	٠ ارد								

Table 9 - cont.

Districts and Schools Windward Oahu-cont.	Grades	Euroll.	No of Disadv. Pup.	PerCent of Dis- adv.Pup.	Approp. as	Allotment	Expend Personal	es and	Encumbrances Equipment & Books	Total a
	1 -9	6 1 18	1		11,461	11,461	6,237	165	3,692	
OAHU TOTAL		3,321	2,116	20.4 3/	297,828	297,828	80,787	20,209	120,500	
1/ Includes \$40 which is		not reflected in	in budget proposal	2.						
available on the bar										
Hawall District Project H-4: (484)					2,050	2,050	1,057	192	207	
Naalein	ም	388	75	19.3	1.180	1,180	947	192	þ	
F 16:	*12	1,073	28	2.6	1,073	1,073	621	446	9 8	
;	1-6	94	25	26.6						
		1,555	128	8.2						
Kauai District									3	
Project K-1: (463)					73,952	73.952	-	3,647	36,867	
	7-12	862	78	9.0						
Kapaa Elem.	7-6	857	12							
Kapaa Mission	i	:	i							
St. Catherine	ł	:	:	:						
Anahola	76	70	7	10.0	;					
K11auea	ਜ 00	126	જ	•						
Hanale1	1-6	60	10	16.7						
		1.975	95 3/	4.83/						
STATE TOTAL		13.735	2,339 3/	17.03/	376,083	376,083	83,412	24,584	157,672	
2/ Data not available				Sources:	Hawaii. I	Dept. of Edu	Education, unti	untitled, undated	report of	chools,

⁶ K Data not available Computed on the basis of available data

year 1965-66; "Evaluation Progress Report" (Title I, P.L. 89-10); _____. Office "Appropriation Expenditure Ledger," June 1966, and "Quarterly Object of Expenditure"

				PerCent				+			
18	Grades	Enroll.	Disady. Pup.	adv. Pup.	Amended	Allotment	Personal	Supplies	onal Supplies Equipment & Books	Total as of 6/30	Balance (Deficit)
					11.61	11,461	6,237	165	3,692	10,294	1,167
	7-9	6 11 8	124	14.6		,					
1		3.321	677 3/	20.4 3/							
		10,205	2,116	20.7	297,828	297,828	80,787	20,209	120,500	221,496	76,332
	not re	not reflected in	in budget proposal	5							
basis		of available data	•								
M8H					2.050	2.050	1.057	192	207	1,456	465
	₩ ∞	388	75	19.3			2		Þ	1 130	5
ac .	予 12	1,073	28	2.6		•		•			
(1964)	9-1	\$	25	26.6	1,073	1,073	621	446	98	1,063	10
ı		1,555	128	8. 2 2							
9					73,952	73,952	þ	7,647	36,867	40,51 ⁴	33,438
,	7-12	862 862	78 2/	9.0							
		3	Ų								
	ł	:	i	:							
		i	i	ł							
	76	70	7	10.0				6.			
	بر م م	921 921	10 2	16.7							
ż		1.975	95 <i>3/</i>	4.83/							
	;	13.735	2,339 3/	17.03/	376,083	376,083	83,412	24,584	157,672	265,668	110,415
// // // //				Sources:	Hawaii. D	•	Education, unti	ğ	, ž	grade , and en	ment in the school
basis	of ava	basis of available data			year 1905-66;		"Evaluation Progress	ss Keport" (Title	(TICLE 1, F.H. 09-10);		Office of publicas pervice.

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The data in this table is not meant to be comprehensive but illustrative of the nature and the amount of allotment and expenditures of many of the language arts projects under Title I, P.L. 89-10, of the public schools in Hawaii. (See also Table 6, and the descriptions of school projects in Appendix III.)

These projects ranged from the remedial to the developmental in the instructions of listening, speaking, reading, and writing. They offered special services such as tutorial and counseling and field trips and excursions, involving such personnel as classroom assistants, certificated teachers, counselors, project coordinators, clerks, part-time advisors. These projects made available to economically, culturally, and educationally deprived students equipment, books, and other supplies and materials, as well as personnel and classes and services otherwise unavailable to them.

A total of \$376,083 were allotted to these 22 Hawaii schools, of which \$83,412 were spent on the salaries of additional personnel hired for the projects, \$24,584 on supplies and \$157,672 on equipment as of June 1966. Incomplete data show 13,735 students, of whom 2,339 or 17.0 per cent were disadvantaged, affected by these projects.



Allotments and Expenditures for Pre-School, Kindergartens, and Primary Level Programs Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, in 13 State of Hawaii Schools as of June 1966 Table 10

				2004					Financia.	Amenditures and En	Encumbrances	
			Disadv.	of Dis-	or t	OF	:				Equipment	Total as
Districts and Schools	Grades	Enroll.	Pupils	adv. Pup.	Prof	Schls.	Appropria.	Allotment	Personal	Supplies	& Books	of 6/30 B
Honolulu District									\	•	•	
Project.4: (470)					ш		40,000	40,000	16,832	7,583	10,467	34,882
Linapuni	ም	293	120	40.9		-						£ 4-
Ealulani	下 の	775	288	37.2		μ						
lanakila	ず の	798	131	16.4		—						
Amenue	ず の	944	109	24.4		—						
		2,312	846	28.0								
Leeward Cahu Project 5: (733)					ш		7,116	7,116	2,900			2,900
	¥7	1,201	27 ⁴	22.8		ч						
Windward Oahu Project 6a: (447)					H		11,516	11,516	3,720	1,566	2,744	8,030
Waiahole Project 9a: (451)	ማ	588	220	37.4	ч		10,813	10,813	2,685	3,328	4,138	10,151
Waimanalo OAHU TOTAL	ም	049	121	_#• 0		-	69,445	544,69	26,137	12,477	17,349	55,963 1
Hawaii District Project 29: (731)					ч	H	9,216	9,216	1,341	1,199	992	6,532
Konawaena Elem.	7	933	COT	17.7								
Maui District Project M-1: (475)					 	H	8,905	8,905	4,361	947	1,872	7,180
Haiku	#	280	ŧ	14.3			11.185	11,185	2,929	2,421	2,655	8,005
High	泽 12	249	60	9.3		-						
		922	100	10.8								

Allotments and Expenditures for Pre-School, Kindergartens, and Primary Level Programs Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, in 13 State of Hawaii Schools as of June 1966 Table 10

			No. of	PerCent	¥o.	No.	· ·		Expend1tures	and	Encumbrances		
10018	Grades	Enroll.	Disadv. Pupils	of Dis- adv. Pup.	of Frof	of Schls	A D	Allotment	Personal	Supplies	Equipment & Books	Total as of 6/30	Balance
(0.6th					ب		1	000,04	16,832	7,583	10,467	34 , 882	5,118
	가 내	293	120	40.9		س							
	が の	775	288	37.2		F4							
	٢ ٥	798	131	16.4	4	ų							
	۲ 0	914	109	4.45		ļ							
		2,312	849	28.0									
					و.		7 116	7,116	9 900			2.900	4.216
iem.	¥7	1,201	274	22.8		۳	-		,				
(147)	•			<u> </u>	بر		11,516	11,516	3,720	J.,566	2,744	8,030	3,486
(451)	ኛ	588	220	5/.4	بر	j ad	10,813	10,813	2,685	3,328	4,138	10,151	662
	ች 9	6#8	124	14.6		μ.	69,445	544,69	26,137	12,477	17,349	55,963	13,482
(731) Blem.	بر	655	103	15.7	بر	بر	9,216	9,216	1 45 ,4	1,199	992	6,532	2,684
(5 <i>2</i> tt)					ب	μ	8,905	8,905	4,361	7 46	1,872	7,180	1,725
	₹	280	ŧ	14.3			12 186	11 185	<i>y</i> 000	10H 0	2.655	8.005	3.180
h & Elem.	¥12	642	60	9.3		μ							
		922	100	10.8									

Table 10 - cont.

STATE TOTAL	Raual Discrete Project K-2: (464) Kekaha St. Theresa Kekaha Mission	Districts and Schools		
	ም ወ	Wrages		
488.9	307	PH. OTT.		
1,544	75		No. of Disadv.	
22.6	24.4		PerCent of Dis-	
- α	щ		of Proj.	
13	ччч		of of Proj. Schls.	,
110,607	11,650		Appropria.	
110,607	11,070	D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Allotment	
41,808		F 050	Personne1	Expendi to
124601		1.383	Supplies	Expenditures and Encumbrances
164679	25 107	2,329	Equipment & Books	mbrances
	85, 432	7,752	Total as of 6/30	

Sources: Hawail. Dept. of Education untitled, undated report of schools, grades, and enrollment in the school year 1965-66; "Evaluation Progress Rep rt" (Title I, P.L. 89-10); ______. "office of Business Services, "Appropriation Expenditure Ledger", June 1966, and "Quarterly Object of Expenditure Report", June 1966.

Table 10 - cont.

			No. of	PerCent	No.	No.			Expend1 to	Expenditures and Encumbrances	nbrances		200
	Grades	Enroll.	Disadv. Pupils	of Dis- adv. Pup.	of Proj.	of Schls.	of Dis- of of adv. Pup. Proj. Schls. Appropria.	Allotment	Personne1	Supp lies	& Books	, F	of 6/30
1 00	s D	3	7	1 2	۲		11,856	11,856	040°4	1,383	2,329		7,752
		48.9	1.544	22.6	ω	13	10,607	110,607	\$08, Th	18,427	25,197		85,432
		6,834	1,544	22.6	œ	13	700,007	100,007	41,000	121,604	1		

Dept. of Education untitled, undated report of ades, and enrollment in the school year 1965-66; Progress Rep rt" (Title I, P.L. 89-10); ______.

and "Quarterly Object of Expenditure Report", June 1966.

The programs for these eight Title I, P.L. 89-10, projects encompassing 13 Hawaii schools spread out over six of the seven State public school districts of Hawaii, were designed to provide varied experiences to pre-school, kindergarten, and some elementary school students from low-income families for the development of language and social skills, positive self-image, self-confidence, self-control, and for parent education. Supplementary materials and personnel such as certificated teachers, a directress, custodians, a clerk, and classroom assistants were utilized.

A sum of \$110,607 was allotted for these projects: \$41,808 went for salaries; \$18,427 for supplies; and \$25,197 for equipment as of June 1966. Incomplete figures show that 6,834 students, of whom 1,544 or 22.6 per cent were disadvantaged, benefited from these projects.



			Number of	Per Cent			Expenditures and	res and Encumbrances	rances	Sizaur I
Metalote and Schools	Orades	Enroll.	Disadv. Pupils	of Disadv. Pupils	Appropria.	Allotment	Personal		Equipment & Books	Total at of 6/30
										<u> </u>
Leeward Oahu)					
Project I-10: (738)					2,800	2,800				ند مذهبر الم
	۳ -1	1,612	475	17.0						
Makaha Elem.	17-6	923	152	16.5						A design of the last of the la
Maili Elem.	7-6	885	217	24.5						
Walanae High	8 12 8- 12	1,691	300	17.7					•	
Nana1kapono	ار 10	2,103	3777	17.9						Marite
		7,214	1,320	18.3						ر مەنىمىنىدىن
Haul District										
Project M-5: (481)					13,910	13,910		2,727	910	7,07
K1he1	ቸ መ	237	6 ‡	20.7						
Wa11uku	ቸ 6	860	128	14.9						Salas Pil an
Pa1a	# CO	3 43	69	20.1					•	
Walhee	بر 8	201	51	25.4						- Herein
Halku	ም ወ	280	to to	14.3						
Baldwin	9-12	1,486	Ľ							
Lanai	F 12	642	Ľ							
Mau1	9-12	621		12.7						
Hana	F- 12	255	58	22.7						
Kula	7 ⁴ 00	330	49	19.4						
K11ohana	不10	747	89	60.5						
Kan III	ኛ ወ	722	89	12.3						
Lahainaluna	9- 12	566	56	9.9						
		6,690	772	11.5						
TOTAL		13,904	2,092 2/	15.1 2/	16,710	16,710		2,727	910	3,637

アンシ Data not available Computed on the basis of available data

Sources: Hawaii. Dept. of Education untitled, undated report t of 1965-66;

"Evaluation Progress Report" (Title I, P.L. 89-10); schools, grades, and enrollment in the school year

"Appropriation Expenditure Ledger", June 1966, and "Quarterly Object of Expend

Under Title I, F.L. 89-10, for 18 State of Tarail Schools as of June 1966 Estimated Expenditures for a Language Institute and Inservice Training Table 11

			Number of	Per Cent			Expenditures	es and Encumbrances	rances		
		Royal 1	Disadv.	of Disadv.	Appropria.	Allotment	Personal	Suppi	Equipment & Books	Total as of 6/30	Balance
	AT SACO										
(738)					2,800	2,800					2,800
	F-7	1,612	±77	17.0							
	76	923	152	16.5							
•	7 0	885	217	24.5							
i gr	8-12	1,691	300	17.7					•		
	肾10	2,103	377	17.9							
AMANDA JANA TON		7,214	1,320	18.3							
	•				13,910	13,910		2,727	910	3,637	10,273
	ቸ ወ	237	6 #	20.7							
	F 6	860	128	14.9							
	# 8	343	69	20.1					•		
	ም 8	201	2 5	25.4							
	# † ∞	280		14.3							
	9-12	1,486	×.								
	F 12	642	ľ								
er ere	9- 12	129		12.7							
	F-12	255	· 58	22.7							
	₹ 8	330	6 4	19.4					•	,	
	F 10	147	89	60.5							
erekteriseit.	7 B	722	89	12.3							
	9-12	566	56	9.9							
		6,690	772	11.5							
David Bereine (St.		13,904	2,092 2/	15.1 2/	16,710	16,710	16,710 16,710 2,727 910	2,727	910	3,637	13,073

allable the basis of available data

> Sources: Hawaii. Dept. of Education untitled, undated report of

schools, grades, and enrollment in the school year 1965-66;

"Evaluation Progress Report" (Title I, P.L. 89-10); Office of Business Services, Appropriation Expenditure Ledger", June 1966, and "Quarterly Object of Expenditure Report," 6/6

The in-service training session, involving five Leeward Oahu schools, provided a week-long orientation to help teachers of the district understand the needs and characteristics of the educationally deprived so that they may do a more effective job of teaching these disadvantaged youngsters.

The language institute for teachers of disadvantaged children, lasting for six weeks, provided techniques in the teaching of English as a second language, reading for the slow-learner, and creative dramatics. One consultant, four workshop leaders, and other part-time consultants and lecturers were employed. A total of \$16,710 were allotted for these projects, and \$3,637 were spent or encumbered as of June 1966. Eighteen schools with 13,904 students, of whom an estimated 2,092 or 15.1 per cent were disadvantaged, were involved in these projects. In many other projects in-service training formed part of larger programs.



Table 12

Estimated Expenditures for Counseling Services
Under Title I, P.I. 89-10, at 3 State of Hawaii Schools as of June 1966.

6,135	1,275	-0-	t 3	1,232	7.410	7,410	15.4	810	5,253		Total
1,748	1,017	P	P.	1,017	2,765	2,765	2,6	&	1.973	F 12	Project H-8: (488) Honokaa High & Elem.
963	258	P	43	215	1,221	1,221	19.8	TG#	2,078	10-12	Hawaii District Project H-6: (486) Hilo High
3,424 3,424	þ	P	þ	Ŷ	7,424	3,424	17.7 17.3	300 71 371	1,691 411 2,102	7-12	Leeward Oahu Project L-6 (734) Walanze High & Inter.
Belence	Total as of 6/39	Expenditures and Encumbrances onal Sumplies Equipment & Books	ditures and Supplies	Exper Personal	Al lotment	Appropria.	PerCent of Dis- adv. Pup.	No. of Disady. Pup.	Enroll.	Crades	Districts and Schools

Sources: Hawaii. Dept. of Education untitled, undated report of schools, grades and enrollment in the school year 1965-66; "Evaluation Progress Report" (Title I, P.L. 89-10); Office of Business Services, "Appropriation Expenditure Ledger," June 1966, and "Quarterly Object of Expenditure Report," June 1966.

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Here, too, these three projects are merely illustrative of similar programs which were incorporated into larger and more complex projects at other schools. These programs were designed to supplement the regular guidance and counseling services of the schools, providing, for example, home visits by counselors during afternoons, evenings, or weekends when parents were available. Most of these counselors were hired on a part-time basis.

A total of \$7,410 were allotted for these projects and \$1,275 were spent or encumbered as of June 1966 for services rendered to the three schools with a combined student population of 5,253, of whom an estimated 810, or 15.4 per cent, were disadvantaged.



Table 13

Estimated Expenditures for Study and Reading Centers and Tutorial Service Under Title I, P. L. 89-10, at 7 Hawaii Public Schools as of June 1966

			Number of	Per Cent			Exmendi	Expenditures and Encumbrances	mbrances	Potel as	
Districts and Schools	Grades	Enroll.	Pupils.	Pupils	Appropria.	Allotment	Personal	Supplies	Equipment	of 6/30	Balance
Windward Oahu											
Project 4:	•	}		•	8,756	8,756	2,060	626	3,344	6,030	2,726
King Inter (444)	7-8	955	•	\mathbb{Y}	¥						-
Hawaii District											
Project H-3: (483)					1,714	1,714	330	67	763	1,160	1 55
Kau H.	¥12	820	•	<u> </u>	¥						
Naalehu	₩ 8	388	75	19.3					,		•
Project H-12: (492)					3,553	3,553	1,619	916	517	3,052	501
Hilo Inter.	7-9	999	162	16.2	•						
Project H-13: (493)					955	955		60		60	895
Hilo Inter.	7-9	999	A	2/	3/						
Project H-17: (497)					1,389	1,389	1,045	31	. 199	1,275	114
Pahoa	泽12	342	.	13.2							
Project 25: (727)					4,500	ቱ , 500		•			
Paau11o	ች 9	335	45	13.4							
Project 27: (729)					12,022	12,022		77	2,466	2,543	9,479
œ	,		•	<u>~</u>	ľ						
Project 28: (730)					12,442	12,442		576	6,775	7.351	5,091
Keaukaha Area			•••	Y	¥						
COPATE TICHPAT		828 1	ğ	A 20	122 31	मह दश	د 0 دار	2 578	24ן או	23 770	655 L6
		1757	1	3	-2007-		25-2:	- 121			

Data not available

Sources:

Hawaii Department of Education untitled, undated report of schools Business Services, "Appropriation Expenditure Ledger," June 1966, and "Quarterly Object of Expenditure Report," June 1966. grades, and enrollment in the school year 1965-66; "Evaluation Progress Report" (Title I, P.L. 89-10); _ Office of

Computations made on the basis of available data

てるた Data already counted once

These projects, illustrative of aspects of some of the other larger programs, offered a variety of services to seven schools with a student population of 4,838 of whom an estimated 327 or 6.8 per cent were disadvantaged (according to incomplete data) and to an undetermined number (data unavailable) of pre-school children, adult basic education students, and other members of the community in the Lanakila Housing Area and the Keaukaha Area on the Big Island (island of Hawaii).

Some of the schools established after-school study centers where students from low-income families could receive assistance in doing their homework and in the language arts and other areas. Other schools kept their libraries open during after-school, weekend, and vacation hours to make books, periodicals, phonographs, etc., available for students and other members of the community. Part-time tutors and teachers, and assistants were employed to assist those utilizing the study centers and school libraries. A total of \$23,779 were expended and encumbered on these projects as of June 1966, of which \$5,054 went to salaries, \$2,578 to supplies, and \$16,147 to equipment.



Estimated Expenditures for Field Trips and Excursions Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, at 11 Hawaii Public Schools Teble 14 as of June 1966.

			No. of	PerCent of			Expen	Expenditures and	s and Encumbrances	ances		أندعا أدعا
			Disadv.	Disadvan.						Equipment	Total as	Belance
Districts and Schools	Grades	Enroll.	Pupils	Pupils	Appropria.	Allotment	Person		Supplies	& Books	of 6/30	(Deficit)
Leeward Oahu												
Project 1b: (458)					6,856	6,856		W ,	4.696	3	969.4	2,160
Maili	下 の	85 5	217	25.4		,		t		ŧ		
Project 4b: (474)					3,226	3,226	28		3.297	*	3.325	(<u>9</u> 0)
Makaha	ም	923	152	16.5					•	Į	•	2
Hawaii District					,							حد بديو
Project H-18: (499)					7,512	7,512	96t		9,240	3/	9,736	(2,224)
Paaullo Blem.& Inter.	¥9	335	₽5	13.4			,		,	i		1
Project H-19: (720)					T 2#8,1	¥ 248°1		الم	¥	¥	L u	3/ 1,842
Paaullo Elem.& Inter.	ች 9	_E	_S	2/		!		1	{	1		
Project H-20: (721)					3,136	3,136		7	2,955	3/	2,955	181
Нолопи	1-6	4	25	26.6				1		•	,	- عمل الدياب
Project H-21: (722)					3,754	3.754		٧	3,754	3/	3,75 ⁴ *	2
Honaunau	ም	246	150	61.0				(,			ا
Project H-23: (724)					4,294	#29#		¥	3,796	3/	3,796	864
Alae	1-6	45	Z	2				1		(
Milolii	1-8	17	7	<u>س</u>								
Hookena	۳ ص	88	¥	٧								
Project 30: (732)			1	I	5.577	5,577		7	3,216	<i>y</i>	3,216	2,361
Konawaena Elem.	评 6	655	103	15.7				1		1		
Project H-37: (752)					3,300	3,300		٧	y	3/	(u	3/ 3,300
Holualoa	₹ ∞	287	185	64.5				1	1	ı	ı	
STATE TOTAL		3,532	Æ 118	7f 8°th2	39,497	39,497	524		30,954	<i>y</i>	3/ 31,478	8,019

Overstated by \$1.00 per ledger

Sources:

Report", June 1966.

Already counted once

Data not available

エグでて Computations made on the basis of available data

Hawaii. Dept. of Education, untitled, undated report of schools,

Report' (Title I, P.L. 89-10; Office of Business Services, "Appropriation Expenditure Ledger", June 1966, and "Quarterly Object of Expenditure grades, and enrollment in the school year 1965-66; "Fraluation Frogress

Field trips and excursions to provide economically and culturally deprived students with first-hand experiences which educators felt were vital for meaningful instruction constituted a part of many school projects as Table 5 on and Appendix III show. Since the data on all of these projects were not discrete and readily available, the figures on Table 14 are limited to 11 schools whose projects were confined to field trips and excursions. The schools had a combined student population of 3,532, of whom an estimated 877 or 24.8 per cent, were disadvantaged.

Arrangements were made for educationally and culturally deprived rural students, whose limited experiences and background seemed to constitute a learning handicap, to visit museums, historic places, civic buildings, State Legislature sessions and other places of interest far and near. Some of the students in schools on the Big Island for example, visited the Hawaii National Park and Honolulu. A total of \$31,478, of which \$524 went for salaries and \$30,954 for bus and airplane transportation, hotel accommodation, and admission fees, were expended or encumbered as of June 1966.

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Table 15

Estimated Expenditures for Instructional Materials, Audio-Visual, and Other Equipment Under Title I,

P.L. 89-10, at 62 Hawaii Public Schools as of June 1966

	# 36	7 1	7	• •	Ē		* 10	÷ ya	* *	£ 7	E 1	₽ Toa	# #			I-13	F 12	\ \f	L- 3a	5	7 2	! •		? 5	ţ	4	ر د د	r S	110.	Project	
	25 Schools	Kohala H. S. & Elem.	R	•	HAVAIL DISTRICT	OARU TOTAL	Castle	Matmanato	Mariano	neela	Aanuku n.s.	variatuu variatuu	Hauula	MINDWARD OAHU		Makaha Elem.	Maili Elem.	Makaha Elem.	walanae Elem.	4 Leeward Schools	Walanae H.S.	LEEWARD OAHU		Alea Elem.	Halawa Elem.	Alea Inter.	Mea H.S.	Waiglus H.S.	STOOMS DIE STATES		
	下12	F 12	F-12	71 T	4		9-12	79	79	7	7 12 7 12	\$ \$7 0	()	•		F-6	₹ •	# 6	7. 7	下12	8-12	•		70	¥6	7-8	912	7-12	September 10		
19,724	11,900	827	342	0,000		5,538	1,708	648	648	875	1,150	358	598	,	10,734	923	885	923	1,612	4,700	1,691	,	£#6* n	146	592	928	1,481	1,001	Troans		
3,968	1,926	4 5	45	2,952		792 2/	148	124	121	1	153	118	249		2,038	152	217	152	274	943	300		516 2/	147	ĭ	83	. 145	141	TENOT PUP	No. of	
20.1	16.2	5.4	13.2	29.5	}	14.3	8.7	14.6	14.6		13.3	33.0	41.6		19.0	16.5	24.5	16.5	17.0	20.1	17.7		10.4	15.6		8.9	9.8	14.1	adv. Fup.	of Dis-	PerCent
81,206.00	12,480.00	3,000.00	2,670.00	05,050.00		116,323.00	45,427.00	4,702.00	3,495.00	1/ 19,059.00	16,141.00	8,815.00	18,684.00		154,014.00	997.00	3,000.00	21,565.00	47,026.00	26,286.00	55,140.00		2/ 42,240.00	9.360.00	少 7.841.00	191.00	5,189.00	9,659.00	Pridoudde		
88,617.00	12,480.00	3,100.00	3,670.00	09,367.00		178,474.00	60,194.00	10,813.00	11,461.00	24,493.00	27,457.00	16,246.00	27,810.00		157,652.00	997.00	3,000.00	21,565.00	47,026.00	29,924.00	55,140.00		72,384.00	13.037.00	13,677.00	13,868.00	18,466.00	13,336.00	11 others		
1,107.23			752.23	355.00		19,422.60	5,001.38	2,685.22	6,251.15	2,387.12	1,408.94	1,194.25	494.54		3,580.29				3,132.75	147.5H			14,878.09	2.565.86	2,580.78	2,595.70	4,584.05	2,551.70	Parson 1	Expendit	
1,331.67		504.26	725.23	102.18		23,623.84	6,616,07	3,327.78	165.00	4,198.07	1,048.01	2,287.35	5,981.56		5,050.96				3,960.00	299.90	791.06		4,178.79		833.70	1,122.35	945.11	1,277.63	Supolies	Expenditures and Encumbrances	
77,288.66	7,680.00	2,595.50	2,094.22	64,918.94		118,170.25	43,314,39	4,138.10	3,892.03	18,224.04	19,061.80	10,937.93	18,601.96		152,832.33	997.40	2,734.32	21,009.87	47,295.55		80,795.19		45,969.73	8,827.08	9,230.35	9,175.45	8,931.19	9,805.66	Equipment	mbrances	
79,728.32	7,680.00	5,099.76	3,572.44	65, <i>3</i> 76.12	·	161,181.03	54,931.84	10,151.10	10,294.18	24,809.23	21,487.09	14,419.53	25,088.06		161,463.58	997.40	2,734.32	21,009.87	54,388.30	747.44	81,586.25		65,026.61	11,392.94	12,614.83	12,893.50	14,460.35	13,634.99	Totel		
8,888.68	4,800.00	-24	97.56	3,990.88		17,925.43	5,262,16	661.90	1,166.82	316.23	5,969.91	1,826.47	2,721.94	do - 7	-63;806.32	. 40	265.68	555.13	7,362,30	29,176.56	26,446.25	شيخاروه	7.955.37	1,644.06	1,032.17	974.50	4,005.65	298.99	Belance		

Table 15-cont.

	¥ 12	Project
STATE TOTAL	Mau1 H.S. Bladwin H.S.	Schools
	912 912	Grades
43,046	621 1,486 2,107	Enroll.
7.393 2/	79 1/ 79 <u>2/</u>	No. of Disady. Pup.
17.22	12.7 1 3.7 <u>2</u>	PerCent of Dis- adv. Pup.
.2 2/419,924.00	.7 16,707.00 1/ 9,434.00 .7 <u>2</u> /26,141.00	Appropria.
524,698.00	18,137.00 9,434.00 27,571.00	Allotment
38,979.21		Expend1 Person
38,979.21 41,933.46	1,590.92 6,157.28 7,748.20	Expenditures and Encumbrances son Supplies Equipme
413,056.72	7,823.68 10.972.07 18,795.25	umbrances Equipment
64.246.264	9,414.60 17.129.35 26,543.95	Total
99,602.85	1,007.65 19.40 1,027.05	Balance

Data not availableComputed on the basis of available data

Sources: Hawaii. Dept. of Education untitled, undated report of schools, grades, and enrollment in the school year 1965-66; "Evaluation Progress Report" (Title I, P.L. 89-10); _____.
Office of Business Services, "Appropriation Expenditure Ledger,"
June 1966, and "Quarterly Object of Expenditure Report", June 1966

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These 24 projects under Title I, P.L. 89-10, included 62 State of Hawaii public schools, involving a combined student population of 43,046, of whom at least 7,393, or 17.2 per cent were disadvantaged. A total of \$524,698 were allotted to the projects of which \$493,943 were spent or encumbered. Of this amount \$38,979 were expended on salaries, \$41,933 on supplies, and \$418,056 on equipment.

These projects, to be sure, were not the only ones providing students and schools with instructional materials and equipment, since most of the projects expended funds for them; but their aim to improve student instruction was largely, if not wholly, described in terms of such provisions. In addition, classroom assistants and a handful of specialized professional personnel were made available. In some cases audio-visual or multi-media centers were established to produce audio-visual aids such as transparencies, slides, tapes, etc., in order to stimulate and motivate students and enrich and upgrade the level of instruction. In some other instances video-tape recorders and educational television sets were acquired to compensate for inadequate teaching competencies in certain subject areas, as well as lacks in the cultural, intellectual, and recreational life of disadvantaged.



¹These figures are substantially incomplete as data from 12 schools were unavailable.

PART III

EVALUATIONS OF STATE OF HAWAII TITLE I PROJECTS, P.L. 89-10, FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR 1965-66



DESCRIPTION OF EVALUATION FORM FOR HAWAII STATE TITLE I PROJECTS AND DEFINITION OF TERMS

The project evaluation forms sent to Hawaii public schools consisted of five pages. On the first two pages 11 questions, including one open-ended item, with sub-items ranging from "a" to "i", were listed on the left side, and on the right side were a row of three numbered blocks in which the evaluator was to check either 3, 2, or 1, indicating "Excellent," "Fair," or "Poor," respectively. There were three additional open-ended evaluative items on the third page: "I. Outstanding aspects of the project"; "II. Recommendations for improvement of the project"; and "III. Comments". (See Appendix IV.)

In addition, pages 4 and 5 contained definitions of 11 ESEA evaluation items, which are listed below:

Comprehensiveness: A project has comprehensiveness when it provides for consideration by the individual and group of the demands made by our complex society and assists these individuals and groups to more adequately meet these demands and satisfy their needs through growth as a

result of this project or program.

A project has balance when proper emphasis is given Balance:

to the various experiences and concepts so that the true objectives are achieved with minimal effort or

distortion of values.

The program provides the opportunity for the pupils to Continuity:

grow progressively in knowledge, competence, and value appreciation. For example, adolescents are repeatedly provided with situations which help them build attitudes that characterize sound development. Such attitudes as self-discipline, tolerance, critical mindedness, social sensitivity, optimism, personal responsibility,

self-respect, self-reliance and leadership.

The program has been designed to permit the agency to Flexibility:

revise or change the pattern of the program.

The preparation of the teacher or consultants involved Specialist:

in the program is such that as a result of education, training, and experience she can be considered an

expert in the problem area.

Research:

The project was based and designed after consideration and review of surveys indicating local need and education research in the areas of individual growth, learning and development as well as curriculum.

Universality:

The term used to express the provision that enables the problem area to provide a relationship between various subject and problem areas.

Functional Learning:

The term is used to note the provisions of the program to provide the pupil with an opportunity to relate his studies to everyday life (living).

Objectives (Goals):

The term is used to present the statements of desirable educational attainment stated in operational terms.

Direct Evidence:

A term used to include such evaluation techniques as measuring student achievement, attitude, interests, study skills, social adjustment and reading readiness.

Indirect Evidence: A term used to include such evaluation techniques as faculty analysis and participation, self-evaluation, including a review of administrative practices, instructional material, and physical facilities.



B. TABLES ON THE EVALUATION OF VARIOUS HAWAII STATE TITLE I
PROJECTS AND ACCOMPANYING DESCRIPTIONS



Table 16

Number and Per Cent of "Excellent", "Fair", and "Poor" Responses of 74 Hawaii Elementary and Secondary Schools to Evaluation Items of Certain Projects Under Title I, P.L. 89-10.

		AIII	AII	Ħ	4	AI	III	Ħ	н	Group
PER CENT	TOTAL	Pre-Schools	Language Arts	Classroom Assistants, Study Centers and Cul Enrichment Programs in Various Schools	After School Tutoring and Study Centers	Classroom Assistants	Field Trips	Decreasing School Alienation the Identi- fication of Style and some Similar Projects	Audio-Visual Center, Instructional Material Center, Educational Television	Types of Projects
	74	#	9	Cultural 25	6	10	u	&	7	Number of Schools
56.4%	552	42	82	168	27	63	t 3	65	82	Number
×		67.7	64.6	50.5	39.1	51.2	4.69	61.3	64.6	R B S PerCent
36.8%	360	19	#	137	36	ま	16	33	32	P O N Number
F .		30. 6	32.3	41.1	52.2	37.4	25.8	31.1	33.3	S B S PerCent Number "Fair" "Poor"
6.8%	88	L	4	28	0	14	W	œ	N	Number "Poor"
		_ 1.6	3.1	\$.	8.7	11.4	8.	7.6	2.1	PerCent "Poor"
100%	978	62	127	333	69	123	62	106	96	Total Responses To Items
		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	PerCent

For the purposes of this evaluation report, projects were classified into eight groups by similarities. A total of 978 responses were made by 74 schools in the evaluation form containing the 11 items, one of which was an open-ended type of question with sub-items ranging from "a" to "i", and the three other open-ended items: "I. Outstanding aspects of the project"; "II. Recommendations to improve the project"; and "III. Comments", to be rated "Excellent," "Fair," or "Poor."

Over-all, 552 responses, or 56.4 per cent, were in the category of "Excellent;" 360, or 36.8 per cent, in "Fair;" and 66, or 6.8 per cent, in "Poor." The seven schools in Group I projects (Audio-Visual Center, Instructional Materials Center, and Educational Television) gave 62, or 64.6 per cent, ratings of "Excellent"; 32, or 33.3 per cent, "Fair"; and two, or 2.1 per cent, "Poor".

Eight schools in Group II projects (Decreasing School Alienation...and Similar Projects) responded with 65, or 61.3 per cent, ratings of "Excellent"; 33 or 31.1 per cent "Fair"; and 8, or 7.6 per cent, "Poor." Five schools in Group III gave their field trip projects 43 responses, or 69.4 per cent, of "Excellent"; 16, or 25.8 per cent, "Fair"; and 3, or 4.8 per cent, "Poor".

Ten schools in Group IV, utilizing classroom assistants, gave the latter 63 out of 123 responses, or 51.2 per cent, of "Excellent"; 46, or 37.4 per cent, "Fair"; and 14, or 11.4 per cent, "Poor". Six Group V schools (After School Tutoring and Study Centers) gave 27 responses, or 39.1 per cent, of "Excellent"; 36, or 52.2 per cent, "Fair"; and six, or 8.7 per cent, "Poor". Twenty-five schools in Group VI (Classroom Assistants, Study Center and Cultural Enrichment..) gave 168 responses, or 50.5 per cent, of "Excellent"; 137, or 41.1 per cent, "Fair"; and 28, or 8.4 per cent, "Poor".

Nine schools in Group VII (Language Arts) gave 82 responses, or 64.6 per cent, of "Excellent"; 41, or 32.3 per cent, "Fair"; and 4, or 3.1 per cent, "Poor". Four Group VIII schools (Preschools) gave 42 responses, or 67.7 per cent, of "Excellent"; 19, or 30.6 per cent, "Fair"; and 1, or 1.6 per cent, "Poor".



Table 17

Ratings by 6 Hawaii Schools of Audio-Visual Center, Material Center, and Educational Television Projects Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, as of June 1966.

		Excellent	Fair Poo	or !	<u>rotal</u>
1.	To what degree is the program meeting the needs of the				
	the Project Objectives (goals)?				
	a. Provide learning enrichment through audio-visual	_	_		••
	presentation	2	2		4
	b. Provide culturally enriching experiences	2			2
	c. Provide additional opportunities for discourse				
	in English by introducing media other than	_	4		5
	textbooks	1	4		7
	d. Provide a multitude of audio-visual aids for the mo	2			2
	tivation of learning	2			6
	e. Provide better understanding of subject matter				
	by presenting additional stimuli for comprehending	2	2		4
	concepts f. Provide more favorable climate for learning through		•		•
	audio-visual aids	. 2	1		3
	g. Provide teachers with additional tools for	_	_		
	effective teaching	4	1		5
	h. Provide teachers with the services of aides	2	_		2
	i. Provide greater opportunities for up-grading	_			
	teachers abilities in the use of audio-visual aid:	s. 2	1		3
		-			
2.	To what degree does the project provide for				
	comprehensiveness?	4	1		5
3.	To what degree does the project provide for balance?	4	3		7
4.	To what degree does the project involve coordination				
	and continuity?	4	3		7
	•		_		_
5.	To what degree does the project provide for <u>flexibilit</u>	<u>y?</u> 6	1		7
_		_	•		
6.	To what degree does the project draw upon specialists?	3	4		7
_					
7.	To what degree does the project make use of education	e	2		7
	research?	5	6		•
8.	To what degree does the project permit universality?	6	1		7
0.	to wast degree does the project permit milversailty;	•	•		•
9.	To what degree does the project contribute to function	al.			
7•	learning?	3	3		6
	<u> </u>				
10.	To what degree does the physical facilities relate to				
	the project?	2	2	2	6
11.	To what degree are the instructional materials utilize	đ			
	in the project?	6	_1		
		_			•
	TOTAL	62	32	2	96
		<u>د. م </u>			
	PER CENT	64.6 %	33 .3 %	2.1%	100%

GROUP I

Aiea High, Aiea Intermediate, and Halawa Elementary Schools purchase audio-visual equipment and services for the enrichment of learning for their students; while Castle High, Kahaluu Elementary, Kohala High and Elementary, and Halaula Schools expended their funds on audio-visual, instructional materials, and multi-media centers.

See Table 17 for the responses of these schools to evaluative items, and Appendix III for brief descriptions of the projects.

The following are others of their responses:

- I. Outstanding Aspects of the Project:
 - a. The project provided instructional materials such as transparencies, reproductions, charts, and seatwork exercises, when needed. This is important instructionally because geographic isolation makes immediate access to instructional materials difficult.
 - b. More equipment was available to vary teaching activities.
 - c. Aides provided valuable time-saving services to the teaching staff, lifting the morale of both teachers and students.
 - d. Aides scheduled films in advance for teachers and classes.
 - e. Students benefited from the exposure to cultural experiences provided by filmstrips, tapes, recordings, and sound films.
 - f. Aides, equipment, and materials provided for local production of instructional materials.
- II. Recommendations for Improvement of the Project:
 - a. Additional aides, equipment, and materials are needed.
 - b. More operating and storing space is necessary for equipment.
 - c. In-service training is needed for teachers and assistants to improve the quantity and quality of instructional materials.

III. Comments:

a. All of the equipment did not arrive in time for extensive use. A full year of operation is necessary to demonstrate the full potential of such a facility.



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- b. More audio-visual equipment and supplies helped to improve the instructional and learning processes.
- c. This is a worthwhile project which may be a major factor in upgrading the achievement of students and in enhancing the status of schools.



Table 18

Ratings by 8 Hawaii Schools of Title I Projects Designed to Decrease School Alienation as of June 1966.

	Excellent	Fair F	oor	Total
1. To what degree is the program meeting the needs of				
the Project Objectives (goals)? a. Provide a highly specialized rehabilitative				
educational center	2	1		2
b. Help students to understand themselves, get along	6	-		,
with others, develop social and academic skills	3	1		4
c. Raise their achievement level commensurate with		-		•
their potential	1	4		5
d. Raise their aspirational level commensurate with				
their potential	2	1		3
e. Develop democratic and leadership skills through				
club organizations and intramural activities	2			2
f. Relieve regular faculty members working with slow				
learners and others to provide individual attention	n 3	1		4
g. rovide field trips to broaden the educational				
and cultural backgrounds of students	4			4
h. Communicate and cooperate with parents and		_	_	
community agencies		1	1	2
1. Conduct follow-up research on students involved			1	1
j. Decrease number of disciplinary cases and drop out				_
and create a better climate of learning k. Provide a place to study	1			1
k. Provide a place to study	*			1
2. To what degree does the project provide for				
comprehensiveness?	6	1		7
	•	•		
3. To what degree does the project provide for balance?	4	4		8
4. To what degree does the project involve coordination				
and continuity?	7	1		8
5. To what degree does the project provide for flexibilit	<u>v?</u> 5	1	2	8
6. To what degree does the project draw upon specialists?	. 2	5		7
C Managarah Banasa Bana				
7. To what degree does the project make use of education		4-	_	_
research?	3	4	1	8
8. To what degree does the project permit universality?		-		•
8. To what degree does the project permit <u>universality?</u>	5	3		8
9. To what degree does the project contribute to				
functional learning?	8			8
	•			O
10. To what degree does the physical facilities relate to				
the project?	3	2	2	7
•		_	_	•
11. To what degree are the instructional materials utilize	đ			
in the project?	3_	3	1	7
TOTAL	65	33	8	106
PER CENT	61.3%	31.1%	7.6%	100%

GROUP II

The three large high schools in Honolulu - Farrington, McKinley, and Roosevelt - shared a major project, "Decreasing School Alienation--the Identification of Style." Castle, Waihee, Lanai High and Elementary, Kilohana Elementary and Intermediate, and Honokaa High and Elementary Schools sponsored projects with similar elements such as classroom assistants, study centers, excursions, counseling and tutorial services, and remedial and enrichment programs.

See Table 18 for the responses of these schools to evaluation items, and Appendix III for descriptions of the projects.

The following are additional responses:

- I. Outstanding Aspects of the Project:
 - a. The wide diversity of approaches utilized in attempting to gain objectives.
 - b. The growing awareness of the regular teachers of the special needs of project students.
 - c. The community awareness of these students' special needs.
 - d. The students' awareness of the community in which they live.
 - e. The individual attention given to students.
 - f. The changes in students' attitudes towards the school.
 - g. The commendable work of the staff.
 - h. The effect of educational and cultural field trips in broadening experiences and background of students.
 - i. The contributions of classroom assistants to the faculty and school, and the tutors to students' needs.
 - j. The opportunities for social, emotional, academic and cultural growth for students who might otherwise have continued to be deprived in these respects.
 - k. Many students continued their work and graduated instead of dropping out from school.
 - 1. Minimized campus incidents and undesirable group activities through counseling, and helped some students under parole to meet their obligations satisfactorily.



II. Recommendations for Improvement of the Project:

- a. Provide clearer and consistent direction from state office to schools and all other agencies involved.
- b. Reduce the "overwhelming amount of red tape" on paper work.
- c. Inform and involve total school faculty with the project.
- d. Streamline identity and placement of students in project.
- e. Make better selections and utlization of all assistants.
- f. Provide in-service training for all involved in projects.
- g. Continue projects and seek other means of meeting needs of students.

- a. The project offered a tremendous advantage to the disadvantaged; despite the brevity of program, it was highly successful.
- b. There was too much emphasis on academic achievement. Broad attitudinal changes are necessary before any significant changes will occur academically.
- c. Student participation in extra-curricula activities provided by project have generated enthusiasm, and a sense of belonging and self-worth and self-respect among students.
- d. Materials ordered arrived too late to be of much use to the project the first year.
- e. Time was too short for any kind of evaluation to be done on project, especially where it deals with attitudinal changes and human values.



Table 19

Ratings by 5 Hawaii Schools of Field Trips Under
Title I, P.L. 89-10, as of June 1966.

		Excellent	Fair	Poor	Total
1.	To what degree is the program meeting the needs of				
	the Project Objectives (goals)?				
	a. Broaden pupils' educational and cultural	•	-		•
	backgrounds	1 4	1		π 5
	b. Make students' learning activities more meaningful	4			4
	c. Promote understanding and appreciation of the world in which we live	1			1
	d. Promote self-discipline, proper social behavior	•			•
	and harmonious living with peers	2			2
	e. Promote appreciation of our own cultural and	-			_
	historical heritage	2			2
	f. Make urban experiences available to rural students	2	1		3
	g. Experience being away from home	1			1
2.	To what degree does the project provide for				
	comprehensivenesst	2	2		4
_					
3.	To what degree does the project provide for	_			_
	balance?	3	2		5
4.	Mo that dames does the medeat towards according to				
4.	To what degree does the project involve <u>coordination</u> and <u>continuity?</u>	4		1	5
	and Continuity:	4		1	7
5.	To what degree does the project provide for flexibility	. 2	3		5
-		•	-		-
6.	To what degree does the project draw upon specialists?	3	2		5
7.	To what degree does the project make use of education	_			
	research?	4	1		5
٥	Ma adada da mara Sara Atta marataria da	_	_		_
8.	To what degree does the project permit universality?	3	2		5
9.	To what degree does the project contribute to				••
7•	functional learning?	4	1		5
	2010 0 2011 2 4 0 2 1121 2 1	•	•		
10.	To what degree does the physical facilities relate				
	to the project?	3		1	4
		_			
11.	To what degree are the instructional materials				
	utilized in the project?	_2	_1_	_1_	4
		4	- 0	_	-
	TOTAL	43	16	3	62
	DDD CENT	60 11 d	or O	d 11 0 d	100 d
	PER CENT	69.4 %	25.0	× 4.8×	100 %



GROUP III

Haiku, Kula, Paia, Honomu, and Pasuilo Elementary and Intermediate Schools provided field trips to broaden and enrich the meager experiential backgrounds of their students.

See Table 19 for their responses to evaluation items, and Appendix III for descriptions of their projects.

The following are others of their responses:

- I. Outstanding Aspects of the Program:
 - a. Provided enrichment of student background to make learning more meaningful.
 - b. Promoted social and academic development of students.
 - c. Exposed rural students to urban environment.
- II. Recommendations for Improvement of the Project:
 - a. Teachers should go on trips with students so that evaluation of trip with students can be made.
 - b. Provide more time to visit more places of interest.
 - c. Other students should be allowed to go on trips.
 - d. Plan on Thursday and Friday trips, as all places are open and weekends are available for rest.
 - e. Project schedules should be more flexible.

- a. Reading, language, and arithmetic showed 10, 16, and 9 percentile improvement on CAT test results between February 8, 1966, and June 1966.
- b. Students gained a "tremendous amount of knowledge".
- c. Age differences among students were a problem so far as student interest was concerned on visits.
- d. Places visited were truly educational and inspiring.



Table 20

Ratings by 10 Hawaii Schools of Classroom Assistants
Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, as of June 1966.

		Excellent	Fair	Poor	Total
1.	To what degree is the program meeting the needs of the Project Objectives (goals)?				
	a. Relieving teachers from clerical and non-profes- sional duties	8	2	0	10
	b. Relieving teachers of routine chores (collecting	0	1	0	1
	lunch money, taking attendance) c. Supervising students during recess, lunch hour	2	3	0	5
	c. Supervising students during recess, lunch nourd. Prepare instructional materials	4	Ó	0	4
	e. Correcting objective tests, workbooks	1	1	0	2
	f. Allow teachers more time to improve the hasic	_	_		
	skills of students	3	4	0	7
2.	To what degree does the project provide for <u>compre</u> <u>hensiveness</u> ?	4	4	2	10
3.	To what degree does the project provide for balance?	6	2	1	9
4.	To what degree does the project involve <u>coordination</u> and <u>continuity?</u>	4	5	0	9
5.	To what degree does the project provide for flexibility	? 9	1	0	10
6.	To what degree does the project draw upon specialists?	1	3	3	7
7.	To what degree does the project make use of education research?	3	4	3	10
8.	To what degree does the project permit universality?	3	5	2	10
9•	To what degree does the project contribute to functional learning?	5	4	1	10
10.	To what degree does the physical facilities relate to the project:	¥	5	0	9
11.	To what degree are the <u>instructional materials</u> utilized in the project?	<u>6</u>	_2	_2_	10
	TOTAL	63	46	14	123
	PER CENT	51.2%	37.4	% 11.4%	100%



GROUP IV

Kahaluu, Haiku, Wailuku, Kula, Paia, Kamehameha III, Honomu Elementary Schools and Honokaa High and Elementary, Kohala High and Elementary, Halaula, and Laupahoehoe High and Elementary Schools utilized classroom assistants in their projects.

See Table 20 for their responses to evaluation items, and Appendix III for descriptions of their projects.

The following are additional evaluations by these schools:

- I. Outstanding Aspects of the Project:
 - a. Relieved majority of teachers from clerical and non-instructional tasks;
 - b. Allowed individualized and small group teaching to a larger extent than was possible previously;
 - c. Allowed for greater use of instructional materials and more activities outside of class.

II. Recommendations for Improvement of the Project:

- a. In-service workshop or orientation program for classroom assistants and teachers necessary for the best use of classroom assistants;
- b. Closer supervision and evaluation of program necessary at school level;
- Consultation services from State-Federal levels needed to explain program and answer questions;
- d. Continue program and provide more classroom assistants.

- a. The results have proven most beneficial to both teachers and students; since more time can be devoted to classroom preparations and the actual instructions, the quality of teaching improved.
- b. This was the best project at our school. It helped students and teachers.
- c. Classroom assistants were especially helpful in our language arts, arithmetic and art periods.



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- d. School librarians and parents interviewed noted improvement in the pupils' library and reading habits.
- e. The project began in March but everyone concerned noticed some improvement in the pupils' attitudes and work.
- f. C.A.T. tests given on February 8, 1966 and June 1966 showed improvement of 10 percentile in reading, 9 percentile in arithmetic, and 16 percentile in language for grades 4, 5, and 6. (Honomu)



Table 21

Ratings by 5 Hawaii Schools of Afterschool Tutoring and Study Centers Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, as of June 1966.

	•	Excellent	Fair	Poor	Total
	, 	ALL A G COLO			
1.	To what degree is the program meeting the needs of the				
	Project Objectives (goals)?				
	a. Provide a place to study with educational aids and professional supervision close at hand	2	2		4
	b. Provide individualized instruction where	2	2		•
	necessary		2		2
	c. Help students form proper study habits	1	_		1
	d. Improve ability in reading and note-taking	2	4		6
	e. Provide enriching experiences for the educationally	y			
	and culturally deprived		1		1
	f. Help to understand materials in other subject areas g. Help students to succeed and gain a sense of	s 1	3		4
	security	1			1
	h. Provide after school snack	1			1
2.	To what degree does the project provide for				
	comprehensiveness?	2	2	1	5
3.	To what degree does the project provide for balance?	2	3		5
4.	To what degree does the project involve coordination				
	and continuity?	2	3		5
5.	To what degree does the project provide for flexibility	<u>v</u> ? 3	1	1	5
6.	To what degree does the project draw upon specialists?	2	3		5
7.	To what degree does the project make use of education				
	research?		4	1	5
8.	To what degree does the project permit <u>universality?</u>	2	2	1	5
9.	To what degree does the project contribute to function	al.			
	learning?	2	2		ħ
10.	To what degree does the physical facilities relate				
	to the project?	2	2	1	5
11.	To what degree are the instructional materials				
	utilized in the project?	2	_2	_1_	5
	TOTAL	27	36	6	69
	PER CENT	39.1%	52.29	6 8.7 %	100%



GROUP V

Haiku, Kula, and Paia Elementary, Lahainaluna High, and Kau High and Pahala Elementary Schools sponsored afterschool tutoring and study centers.

See Table 21 for the responses of these schools to evaluation items, and Appendix III for descriptions of their projects.

The following are additional evaluations by these schools:

- I. Outstanding Aspects of the Program:
 - a. Provided a place to study for students who otherwise would be rosming the streets;
 - b. Enabled students to receive individual help on their problems and homework, and give them more confidence to face the next day;
 - c. Students now changed their attitude about seeking help and learned to use resource materials and worked more independently;
 - d. Small group instruction made possible greater language arts participation of students;
 - e. Teachers of students in program reported that class participation and grades improved.

II. Recommendations for Improvement of the Project:

- a. More publicity be given to parents about the study center;
- b. Groups should be small and limited to one grade level;
- c. Program should be flexible enough to provide for other activities;
- d. Attendance should be compulsory;
- e. Transportation should be improved;
- f. More definite means of evaluation of students' needs and progress should be provided;
- g. The program should be continued.

- a. Although late arrival of reference materials hampered the program, the study center itself was well received by students and parents.
- b. Students showed remarkable progress in school work.



Table 22

Ratings by 23 Hawaii Schools of Classroom Assistants, Study Center, and Cultural Enrichment Programs Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, as of June 1966.

	Ex	cellent	Fair	Poor	Total
	To what degree is the program meeting the needs of the Project Objectives (goals)?				
	a. Relieve teachers from clerican and non-pro-				
	fessional duties (classroom assistants)	17	2	0	19
	b. Allow teachers more time to improve basic skills	•			
	of students (Classroom assistants)	15	7	0	22
	c. Provide needed supplies and equipment	5	1	0	6
	d. Provide meaningful or enriching experiences				
	(field trips)	16	4	0	20
	e. Pr vide a place for study (early bird, after school,				_
	Saturday)	5	2	0	7
	f. Allow for guidance and counseling and work on	_	••	_	
	attitudes and values	2	4	0	6
	g. Enrich school curriculum with new courses	•	•	•	1
	(folk dancing, art, ukulele instruction)	1	0 2	0	6
	h. Supervise students (classroom assistants)	4 5) 4	0	0	4
	1. Prepare instructional materials (classroom assistants	•	1	0	4
	j. Correct Student tests (classroom assistants)	3 4	Ō	0	4
	k. Do routine chores (classroom assistants)	T	U		
•	The short decrees does the made to many de for				
2.	To what degree does the project provide for comprehensiveness?	7	13	0	20
	COMPTENENSIVE MESS:	•		_	
3.	To what degree does the project provide for balance?	8	15	2	25
4.	To what degree does the project involve <u>coordination</u> and <u>continuity</u> ?	11	13	1	25
	4911321111111111111111111111111111111111				
5.	To what degree does the project provide for flexibility?	16	6	3	25
6.	To what degree does the project draw upon specialists?	1	11	10	22
7.	To what degree does the project make use of education research?	3	12	8	23
0	me at at domina does the modest mount is unformed 14 by 2	6	15	2	23
8.	To what degree does the project permit universality?	•	-/	_	
9.	To what degree does the project contribute to <u>functional</u> <u>learning?</u>	18	7	0	25
10.	To what degree does the <u>physical facilities</u> relate to the project?	6	14	2	22
11.	To what degree are the <u>instructional materials</u> utilized the project?	in <u>16</u>	8		24
	TOTAL.	168	137	28	333
	PER CENT	50.	% 41.	.1% 8.4%	100%



GROUP VI

The following schools expended project funds upon classroom assistants, study centers, and cultural enrichment programs: Anuenue, Central, Fern, Jarrett, Jefferson, Kaahumanu, Kaewai, Kaiulani, Kalakaua, Kalihi, Kalihi-kai, Kalihi-uka, Kalihi-waena, Kauluwela, Koko Head, Likelike, Linapuni, Lincoln, Lunalilo, Palolo, Pauoa, Puuhale, and Royal Schools.

See Table 22 for the responses of these schools to evaluation items, and Appendix III for descriptions of their projects.

Additional evaluations by these schools follow:

- I. Outstanding Aspects of the Project:
 - a. Provided for more individualized and small group instruction;
 - b. Classroom assistants also took over clerical duties so that teachers could plan more effectively and prepare instructional materials:
 - c. Enriching experiences were provided through excursions not possible otherwise, resulting in spontaneous conversations, creative writings, drawings, and contributing toward cultural and academic growth;
 - d. Afterschool study centers took students off the streets and provided them a place to do their homework and receive supervised assistance in their school work;
 - e. Schools were able to purchase equipment and materials not possible otherwise.
- II. Recommendations for Improvement of the Project:
 - a. Provide more funds for classroom assistants, equipment and materials, and educationally valuable field trips;
 - b. Provide funds for in-service training for teachers and assistants;
 - c. Hire consultants and professionals;
 - d. Provide more direction on projects and adequate time to plan and involve teachers in the planning; be more specific about what can and cannot be done with funds, about who is eligible.



- a. Classroom assistants did an outstanding job; all teachers would appreciate the continuance of this program;
- In general, the project was well received by teachers, pupils, and parents;
- c. There was too much unnecessary paper work;
- d. It was difficult to make objective evaluation of the project;
- e. Perhaps because of the newness of the program, directives given by the State and District level came in dribbles and improper sequences; this added to the confusion and delay of progress.



Table 23

Ratings by 9 Hawaii Schools of Language Arts Programs
Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, as of June 1966.

_		Excellent	Wedn	Poon	Moto?
1.	To what degree is the program meeting the needs of	ACCITACIO	BELL	FOOF	Total
_,	the Project Objectives (goals).				
	a. Enrich the experiential background of students		2		2
	b. Involve parents in cooperation with the school's		_		_
	efforts			1	1
	c. Improve students, general physical and mental healt	h		1	1
	d. Improve students' self-image: attitude, motivation				
	self-confidence, self-respect	2	2		4
	e. Improve students; attendance.		1		1
	f. Improve students' respect for proper authority	1			1
	g. Provide students! with proper "models" to follow			1	1
	h. Improve level and conditions of teaching: positive				
	school climate	1	2		3
	1. Improve reading ability: interest, library skills,				
	book selection, vocabulary, etc.	6	2		8
	j. Improve writing ability	2	1		3
	k. Improve speaking ability	4			4
	1. Improve listening ability	2			2
	m. Provide individualized or small groups instruction	4	1		5
	n. Improve students! thinking powers			1	1
	o. Improve parents', as well as students' self-image				
2.	The school decree does the mandack mandack are				
٤.	To what degree does the project provide for comprehensiveness?		•		•
	Comprehensiveness:	7	2		9
3.	To what degree does the project provide for balance?	7	2		9
•	bereite.	•	-		7
4.	To what degree does the project involve coordination				
	and continuity?	5	4		9
			-		
5.	To what degree does the project provide for flexibility	? 8	1		9
		•			
6.	To what degree does the project draw upon specialists?	4	6		10
		•			
7.	To what degree does the project make use of education				
	research?	3	5		8
_					
8.	To what degree does the project permit universality?	5	4		9
_					
9.	To what degree does the project contribute to functions				
	learning?	8	1		9
30	Me shek domes does the street of the series				
10.	To what degree does the physical facilities relate to	••	_		_
	the project?	4	5		9
37.	To what degree are the instructional materials utilized				
	in the project?	Ω			9_
	TOTAL	82	41	4	127
				•	1
	PER CENT	64.6%	32.3%	3.1%	100%
		- · •		- · —•-	= •



GROUP VII

Castle High, Dole Intermediate, Kasawa, Waishole, Kalanianaole Elementary and Intermediate, Honomu, Naslehu, and Honokas High and Elementary Schools carried on some type of language arts programs.

See Table 23 for the responses of these schools to evaluation items, and Appendix III for descriptions of their projects.

The following are additional responses by the schools:

- I. Outstanding Aspects of the Project:
 - a. Creation of special remedial reading and language programs;
 - b. Provision of a quiet study center for students without such a place at home;
 - c. The sale of about 18,680 books to 1,891 students at an "Own-a-Book" Fair;
 - d. Afterschool courses added to school curriculum;
 - e. Broadening of educational and cultural experiences of students through visits to symphonies, youth theater, civic areas, etc.;
 - f. Provision of a counselor to handle absentee cases and potential dropouts;
 - g. Reduction in size of classes:
 - h. The acquisition of supplies and new materials;
 - The provisions of classroom assistants, making possible easier identification of children's needs, more careful planning of lessons, and allowing teachers and schools to provide more services to students;
 - j. Closer relationship among teachers, and the favorable responses of students and parents;
 - k. The improvement of students' attitudes toward school and the progress of students in academic skills.
- II. Recommendations for Improvement of the Project:
 - a. Continue the program;
 - Expose students to more subject areas to help them see the interrelationship among the disciplines;



- c. Include more students in the program;
- d. Provide simple guidelines on projects from district and state and ample time to study them;
- e. Set Ludget ceiling for each school;
- c. Determine projects earlier so schedules can be set earlier;
- g. Keep classes small to insure maximum effectiveness;
- h. Provide enrichment for faster students, as well as slower ones;
- i. Involve parents to gain their support for programs;
- j. Provide in-service training for teachers and classroom assistants;
- k. Provide for more articulation among project and regular teachers;
- 1. Indicate language arts concerns for total school program and not for special projects alone;
- m. Provide special classes for students with special needs, such as "emotional deprivation";
- n. Let Title III Curriculum Center help schools develop instructional materials.

- a. Time was too short for the project;
- b. Language specialists commented favorably on remedial language arts program and methods used;
- c. Parents and students derived "a real sense of pride" over participation and accomplishment in afterschool programs;
- d. Project did not have the impact hoped for because most of the audiovisual equipment and instructional materials arriving late in the school year;
- e. Students showed academic, as well as attitudinal, improvement.



Table 24

Ratings by 4 Hawaii Schools of Pre-School Projects
Under Title I, P.L. 89-10, as of June 1966

		Excellent	Pair	Poor	Total
1.	To what degree is the program meeting the needs of				
	the Project Objectives (goals).				,
	a. Provide a wide range of experiences for general				
	development and academic success	3	1	0	4
	b. Provide for health and physical well being	2	2	0	4
	c. Provide for social and psychological well being	3	0	0	3
	d. Improve thinking, expression	0	3	0	3
	e. Establish respect for authority through familiarity				
	with authority figures	1	1	0	2
	f. Meet with older children, teenagers, and adults who				
	serve as "models" for speech, conduct	1	0	0	1
	g. Provide positive school atmosphere	3	1	0	4
	h. Build confidence, self-respect and dignity for				
	self and family	0	0	0	0
	i. Build ability to get along with others	3	0	0	3
2.	To what degree does the project provide for comprehensiv-	•			
	ness?	3	1	0	4
3.	To what degree does the project provide for balance?	3	1	0	Ħ.
4.	To what degree does the project involve coordination				
	and continuity?	4	0	0	4
5.	To what degree does the project provide for <u>flexibility?</u>	3	1	0	4
6.	To what degree does the project draw upon specialists?	2	1	1	4
7.	To what degree does the project make use of education				
	research?	1	3	0	4
8.	To what degree does the project permit universality?	1	2	0	3
9.	To what degree does the project contribute to				
	functional learning?	4	0	0	4
10.	To what degree does the physical facilities relate				
	to the project?	3	1	0	4
11.	To what degree are the instructional materials				
	utilized in the project?		_1		3
		_		_	4
	TOTAL	42	19	1	62
	PER CENT	67.7%	30.7%	1.6%	100%

GROUP VIII

Kaiulani, Waishole, Haiku, and Lanai High and Elementary Schools selected preschool projects.

See Table 24 for their responses to evaluation items, and Appendix III for descriptions of their projects.

Additional evaluations by these schools follow:

- I. Outstanding Aspects of the Project:
 - a. The community wanted this project;
 - Facilities and equipments or funds were available to purchase needed items;
 - c. The school met the objectives of the program;
 - d. Follow-up work in dental corrections for all students was provided;
 - e. "Tremendous growth" in social development and in self-discipline manifested;
 - f. Teacher assistants shared responsibilities with teachers;
 - g. Programs had flexibility.
- II. Recommendations for Improvement of the Project:
 - a. Provide better means of evaluating the progress of students;
 - b. Keep enrollment down to 15 or 20;
 - c. Provide books, records, and other supplies at pre-school rather than kindergarten;
 - d. Hold conferences with parents periodically;
 - e. Provide in-service supervision;
 - f. Limit enrollment to 4 and 5-year olds who will enter kindergarten within the year.

- a. Pre-school should be open to all children, regardless of economic situation.
- b. This program should be continued next year.



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APPENDICES



APPENDIX I

A SHORT LIST OF STATE OF HAWAII PUBLIC SCHOOLS PARTICIPATING IN TITLE I, P. L. 89-10, INCLUDING TWO STATE-WIDE PROJECTS

HUNOLULU DISTRICT SCHOOLS	PROJECT NUMBER
Farrington, McKinley, Roosevelt High Schools	1
(25) Selected Schools: Anuenue, Fern, Jefferson, Kaahumanu, Kaewai, Kaiulani, Kalihi, Kalihi-kai, Kalihi-uka, Kalihi-waena, Kauluwela, Koko Head, Kuhio, Lanakila, Likelike, Linapuni, Lincoln, Lunali Palolo, Pauoa, Puuhale, Royal, Central Inter. Jarrett Inter., Kalakaua Inter.	
Dole Intermediate	3
(4) Pre-Schools: Anuenue, Kaiulani, Lanakila, Linapuni	4
CENTRAL OAHU DISTRICT SCHOOLS	
Waialua	1
Alea High	2 3 4
Aiea Intermediate	3
Halawa Elementary Aiea Elementary	4 5
LEEWARD OAHU DISTRICT SCHOOLS	
Maili	1
Maili	la
Maili	1Ъ
Waianae High	2
Waianae High	2a
Waianae Elementary, Maili, Makaha, Waianae High	3
Waianae Elementary	3 a
Makaha	4
Makaha	4e
Makaha	4 b 5
Waiange Elementary	
Waianae High & Intermediate Waianae High & Intermediate	6 7
Waianae Elementary, Intermediate, High	8
Maili, Nanaikapono, Makaha, Walanae Elementary	9
Leeward Teachers (Walanac Elementary, Makaha, Mail Walanae High, Nanaikapono)	
Nanaikapono Elementary & Intermediate	11
Meili Elementary	12
Makaha Elementary	13



WINDWARD OAHU DISTRICT SCHOOLS	PROJECT NUMBER
Hauul a	1
Kaaawa	2
Kahaluu	3
Kahaluu	3 a
King Intermediate	4
Kahuku High & Elementary	5
Waiahole Elementary	6
Waiahole Elementary	6a
Laie Elementary	7
Heeia	8 9
Waimanalo	9 9a
Waimanalo	9a 10
Castle	10 11
Pope Elementary	11
KAUAI DISTRICT SCHOOLS	
Kapaa High, Kapaa Elementary, Kapaa Mission,	1
St. Catherine, Anahola, Kilauea, Hanalei	_
Kekaha, St. Theresa, Kekaha Mission	2
Kapaa Elementary, St. Catherine, Wilcox, Immacula	
Conception, Waimea High & Elementary, Kekaha	•
St. Theresa, Kekaha Mission, Kapaa Mission	•
26. Tuescon's Vermin Inserting Inserting	
MAUI DISTRICT SCHOOLS	
Haiku	1
Lanai High & Elementary	2
Lanai High & Elementary	3
Kihei, Kamehameha III, Paia, Haiku, Kula, Wailuku Waihee, Lahainaluna	_
Kihei, Wailuku, Paia, Waihee, Haiku, Baldwin, Lar Maui, Hana, Kula, Kilohana, Kamehameha III, Lahainaluna	nai, 5
Kilohana	6
Hana, Keanae	7
Wailuku Elementary	8
Makawao, Kula, Haiku, Paia	9
Kamehameha III, Wailuku, Haiku, Paia	10
Maui High	11
Baldwin High	12



AII DISTRICT SCHOOLS	PROJECT NUMBER
Keaukaha, Kapiolani, Hilo Intermediate,	1
Hilo High, Kalaoa, Holualoa, Honokohau,	
Hookena, Konawaena Elementary, Konawaena	
High, Alae, Honaunau	_
Hilo High	2
Kau High & Naalehu	3
Naalehu	4
Pahoa High & Elementary	5
Hilo High	6
Honokaa High	7
Honokaa High	8 9
Honokaa High	•
Kohala High & Elementary	10 11
Kohala High & Elementary	
Hilo Intermediate	12 1 3
Hilo Intermediate	13 14
Hilo Intermediate	15
Honomu Honomu	16
Pahoa	17
	18
Paguilo Elementary & Intermediate	19
Paauilo Elementary & Intermediate Honomu	20
	20 21
Honaunau	21 22
Laupahoehoe	
Alae/Hookena/Milolii	23 24
Kalanianaole Paauilo	24 25
	
Waiakea Intermediate	26 27
Lanakila Housing Area Keaukaha Area	27 28
Konawaena Elementary	29 29
Konawaena Elementary	30
Hilo Intermediate	30 31
Hilo Intermediate	32
Kau High, Palaha Elementary, Naalehu Elem. & Inte Naalehu Elementary	34
Kapiolani/Keaukaha	3 5
	36
Hakalau, Halaula, Hilo High, Hilo Intermediate,	30
Holualoa, Honaunau, Honokaa, Honokohau, Honomu, Hookena, Kailua, Kalanianaole,	
Kalaoa, Kapiolani, Kau High, Pahala Elem.,	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Kohala, Konawaena High, Konawaena Elementary	•
Kurtistown, Laupahoehoe, Milolii, Naalehu, Paauilo, Pahoa	
Holualoa	37
110144104	37
ATE-WIDE PROJECTS	
Summer Head Start Project	1
(90 schools throughout the State)	
Summer Follow Through Program	2
_ _ 	



APPENDIX II

A COMPLETE LIST OF STATE OF HAWAII PUBLIC SCHOOLS, GRADES, ENROLLMENT, AND HAWAII PUBLIC SCHOOLS (*)
PARTICIPATING IN TITLE I, P. L. 89-10

HONOLULU DISTRICT SCHOOLS	GRADE	1965-66 ENROLLMENT
Aina Haina	K-6	979
Ala Wai	K-6	912
Aliiolani	K-6	859
*Anuenue	K-6	446
*CENTRAL INTERMEDIATE	7-9	730
*DOLE INTERMEDIATE	7-9	1,261
*FARRINGTON HIGH	10-12	2,895
*Fern	K-6	727
Hokulani	K-6	505
*JARRETT INTERMEDIATE	7-9	1,093
*Jefferson	K-6	1,013
*Kaahumanu	K-6	896 755
*Kaewai	K-6	755 598
Kahala	K-6	2,374
KAIMUKI HIGH	10-12	1,914
KAIMUKI INTERMEDIATE	7-9 v -6	775
*Kaiulani	K-6 7-9	1,786
*KALAKAUA INTERMEDIATE	7-9 10-12	1,987
KALANI HIGH	K-6	774
*Kalihi *Kalihi-kai	K-6	1,081
*Kalihi-uka	K-6	655
*Kalihi-waena	K-6	801
Kapalama	K-6	935
*Kauluwela	K-6	495
KAWANANAKOA INTERMEDIATE	7-9	1,302
*Koko Head	K-6	835
*Kuhio	K- 6	871
*Lanakila	K-6	798
Liholiho	K-6	766
*Likelike	K-6	685
Liliuokalani	K-6	671
*Linapuni	K-3	293
*Lincoln	K-6	1,139
*Lunalilo	K-6	1,075
Maemae	K-6	1,098
Manoa	K-6	1,110
MCKINLRY HIGH	10-12	2,180 873
NIU VALLEY INTERMEDIATE	7-9	391
Noelani	K-6 K-6	341
Nuuanu	K-6	928
*Palolo	K-6	867
*Pauoa Pohukaina	K-6	230
*Puuhale	K-6	785
*ROOSEVELT HIGH	10-12	2,015
*Royal	K-6	628
STEVENSON INTERMEDIATE	7-9	1,468
Waialae	K-6	955
Waikiki	K-6	635
Wailupe Valley	K-6	359
WASHINGTON INTERMEDIATE	7-9	1,603
Wilson	K-6	512



CENTRAL OAHU DISTRICT SCHOOLS	GRADE	1965-66 ENROLLMENT
*Aiea	K-6	941
*AIEA HIGH	9-12	1,481
*Alea intermediate	7-8	928
Aliamanu	K-6	1,288
ALIAMANU INTERMEDIATE	7-8	1,474
*Halawa	K-6	592
Hale Kula	K-6	1,250
Helemano	K-6	344
Hickam	K-6	1,089
Iliahi	K-6	684
Kaala	K-6	981
Kipapa	K-6	595
Konie	K-6	105
Leilehua high	9-12	2,022
Moanalua	K-6	835
Mokulele	K-6	792
Nimitz	K-6	1,232
Pearl Harbor	K-6	1,312
Pearl Harbor-kai	K-6	906
RADFORD HIGH	9-12	2,053
Scott	K-6	1,302
Shafter	K-6	427
Wahiawa	K-6	1,174
WAHIAWA INTERMEDIATE	7-8	1,318
*Waialua	K- 6	1,293
WAIALUA HIGH	7-12	1,001
Waimalu	K-6	766
Wheeler	K-6	512



LEEWARD OAHU DISTRICT SCHOOLS	GRADE	1965-66 ENROLLMENT
Ahrens	K-6	1,013
Barber's Point	K-6	965
CAMPBELL HIGH & INTERMEDIATE	7-12	1,626
Ewa Elementary & Intermediate	K-8	764
Ewa Beach	K-6	862
HIGHLANDS INTERMEDIATE	7-9	1,032
Iroquois Point	K-6	859
*Maili	K-6	885
*Makaha	K-6	923
*Nanaikapono Elem. & Inter.	K-10	2,103
Palisades	K-6	425
Pearl City	K-6	940
Pearl City Highlands	K-6	1,106
Pearl City-kai	K-6	297
Pobakea	K-6	882
*Waianae Elementary	1-6	1,201
*WAIANAE INTERMEDIATE	7	411
*WAIANAE HIGH	8-12	1,691
Waipahu Elementary	1-6	1,367
WAIPAHU INTERMEDIATE	7-8	766
WAIPAHU HIGH	9-12	1,557



WINDWARD OAHU DISTRICT SCHOOLS	GRADE	1965-66 ENROLLMENT
Aikahi	K-6	827
*CASTLE HIGH	9-12	1,708
Enchanted Lake	K-6	670
*Hauula	K-8	598
*Heeia	K-6	875
*Kaaawa	K-6	207
*Kahaluu	K-6	358
*Kahuku high & Elementary	K-12	1,150
Kailua	K-6	1,286
KAILUA HIGH	10-12	2,612
KAILUA INTERMEDIATE	7-9	2,066
Kainalu	K-6	1,237
Kaneohe	K-6	1,227
Kapunah ala	K-6	936
Keolu	K-6	740
*KING INTERMEDIATE	7-8	955
*Laie	K-7	444
Lanikai	K-6	441
Maunawili	K-6	679
Mokapu	K-6	959
Parker	K-6	1,324
*Pope	Non-Graded	373
*WAIAHOLE ELEMENTARY & INTERMEDI	ATE K-8	588
*Waiamanalo elem. & inter.	K-9	849



HAWAII DISTRICT SCHOOLS	GRADE	1965-66 ENROLLMENT
*Alae (Kona)	1-6	34
de Silva	K-6	379
Haaheo	K-6	175
*Hakalau	K-6	163
*Halaula	K- 6	129
*HILO HIGH	10-12	2,078
*HILO INTERMEDIATE	7-9	999
Hilo Union	K-6	735
*Holualoa (Kona)	K~8	287
*Honaunau (Kona)	K-8	246
*HONOKAA HIGH & ELEMENTARY	K-12	1,073
*Honokohau (Kona)	1-8	97
*Honomu	1-6	94
*Hockena (Kona)	K-8	86
*Kailua (Kona)	K-6	201
*Kalanianaole Inter. & Elem.	K-8	841
*Kalaoa (Kona)	1-6	48
*Kapiolani	K-6	785
*Kau high & Pahala elementary	K-12	620
Kaumana	K-6	106
Keeau Intermediate & Elementary	K-8	304
Keakealani	1-6	55
*Keaukaha	K-6	360
*Kohala high & Elementary	K-12	827
*Konawaena Elementary (Kona)	K-6	655
*Konawaena high & inter. (Kona)	7-12	980
*Kurtistown	1-6	75
*Laupahoehoe high & elem.	K-12	534
*Milolii	1-8	17
Mountain View Inter. & Elem.	K-9	238
*Naalehu	K-8	388
Ookala	1-6	64
*Paauilo Inter. & Elem.	K-9	335
*Pahoa high & Elementary	K-12	342
Waiakea Elementary	K-6	446
*Waiakea intermediate	7-9	652
Waiakeawaena	K-6	786
Waimea Inter. & Elementary	K-9	409



MAUI DISTRICT SCHOOLS	GRADE	1965-66 ENROLLMENT
*BALDWIN HIGH	9-12	1,486
*Ha1ku	K-8	280
*HANA HIGH & ELEMENTARY	K-12	255
Honokohua	1-8	85
Iao	6-8	415
Kahului	K-8	869
*Kamehameha III	K-8	722
Kaunakakai (Molokai)	K-8	415
*Keanae	1-8	35
*Kihei	K-8	237
*Kilohana Elem. & Inter. (Molokai)	K-10	147
*Kula	K-8	330
*Lahainaluna high	9-12	566
*LANAI HIGH & ELEMENTARY (Lanai)	K-12	642
Lihikai	K-8	654
*Makawao	K-8	455
*MAUI HIGH	9-12	621
Maunaloa (Molokai)	K-8	182
Molokai Elem. (Molokai)	K-6	301
MOLOKAI HIGH & INTER. (Molokai)	7-12	323
*Paia	K-8	343
Puunene	K-8	221
*Waihee	K-8	201
*Wailuku	K-6	860



KAUAI DISTRICT SCHOOLS	GRADE	1965-66 ENROLLMENT
*Anahola	1-6	70
Eleele	K-8	557
*Hanalei	1-6	60
Kalaheo	K-8	327
*Kapaa Elementary	K-6	857
*KAPAA HIGH & INTERMEDIATE	7-12	862
KAUAI HIGH	9-12	901
Kaumakani	K-8	145
*Kekaha	K-8	307
*Kilaues	K-8	126
Koloa	K-8	446
Niihau (Niihau)	1-8	79
*WAIMEA HIGH & ELEMENTARY	K-12	1,119
*Wilcox	K-8	1,070



APPENDIX III

PROJECTS OF STATE OF HAWAII SCHOOLS UNDER TITLE I, P.L. 89-10, INCLUDING AMENDMENTS AND SUMMER PROJECTS

HONOLULU DISTRICT

Project No. Schools 1 Farrington McKinley Roosevelt

Brief Description & Objective of Project

Decreasing school alienation - the identification of style. The project's tasks are to identify those students having great difficulty in the regular school program and who are not performing and/or achieving to their potential. The project will create a school climate conducive to the implementation of an inter-disciplinary approach to the solution of this problem.

Additional Personnel: part-time project coordinators or 1 full-time, project clerks,
part-time counselors, classroom assistants,
part-time educational materials coordinators,
part-time health assistants, part-time custodians, part-time student activities directors,
part-time athletic directors, part-time
student activities assistants, part-time
athletic activities assistants.

Anuenue, Fern,
Jefferson, Kaahumanu,
Kaewai, Kaiulani,
Kalihi, Kalihi-kai,
Kalihi-uka, Kalihiwaena, Kauluwela,
Koko Head, Kuhio,
Lanakila, Likelike,
Linapuni, Lincoln,
Lunalilo, Palolo,
Pauoa, Puuhale, Royal,
Central Int., Jarrett
Int., Kalakaua Int.

Teacher aides, Study Centers and Cultural Enrichment programs in 25 selected schools in Honolulu. The project is designed to improve and enrich the instructional programs by relieving teachers from clerical and routine duties; establishing before and afterschool and Saturday-supervised study, tutorial-remedial instruction and recreation; and providing cultural enrichment through field trips and excursions.

3 Dole Intermediate

A special remedial language and remedial reading instruction, special services, and cultural enrichment project. The objectives are: 1) to raise their achievement and aspirational levels; 2) to strengthen the holding power of the school and improve attendance; 3) to enrich the experiential background of the students and raise their cultural sights; 4) to improve their general physical and mental health; 5) to improve attitudes and behavior and thus their self-image; 6) to involve parents in active cooperation with the school to help their children; 7) to raise the level and conditions of teaching of these children.

HONOLULU DISTRICT (cont'd)

Project No.	Schools .	Brief Description & Objective of Project
		Project coordinator, certificated teachers, clerk-stenographer, classroom assistants, part-time librarians, project counselor, part-time advisors.
4	Linapuni, Kaiulani, Lanakila, Anuenue	Pre-school projects for the disadvantaged 4-year old children from low-income families- the program will provide an environment for early encouragement and enjoyment of learning for earlier experience in learning to get along with others and development of self- control, values, and communicative skills.
		Certificated teachers Classroom assistants
CENTRAL C	AHU DISTRICT	
1	Waialua High	Enrichment of learning through extended audio-visual equipment and services.
		Classroom assistant
2	Aiea High	Enrichment of learning through extended audio-visual equipment and services.
		Classroom assistant
3	Aiea Intermediate	Enrichment of learning through extended audio-visual equipment and services.
		Classroom assistant
4	Halawa	Enrichment of learning through extended audio-visual equipment and services.
		Classroom assistant
5	Aiea Elementary	Enrichment of learning through extended audio-visual equipment and services.
	•	Classroom assistant
	District Office	Staff Specialist (Instructional Materials)



LEEWARD OAHU DISTRICT

MEDIATIO G	ARC DIGINIOI	
Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
1	Maili	A language arts improvement project, grades K-6, at Maili Elementary School. The project is designed to improve the listening, speak- ing, reading and writing skills of economical- ly and educationally deprived children attend- ing Maili Elementary School
la	Maili	A social studies project - grades K-6, at Maili Elementary School. The project is designed to improve the instructional program in Social Studies.
16	Maili	Field trips and excursions. The project is intended to provide experience and observe first-hand the various resources and activities within and outside of the local community in order that classroom instruction may become more interesting, meaningful, and effective.
2	Waianae High	Equipment and materials for various subject areas. Enrichment of instructional programs at Waianae High and Intermediate School. The project is designed to (1) provide materials for the disadvantaged children so they may have equal educational experiences; (2) positively motivate each student; and (3) to provide stimuli for more meaningful reading and other language experiences.
2a	Waianae High	Classroom Assistants Project. It is planned to improve the language arts and social studies programs by providing teacher assistants, who will be responsible for the routine, non-professional duties of the teachers thereby permitting the teachers to do a better job.
3	Waianae Elem. Maili Makaha Waianae High	Educational Media Center for the four schools in Waianae. The objectives are: 1) to provide materials of excellence for the youngsters in order that they may have equal educational opportunities and experiences; 2) to develop skills and gain knowledge to attain individual goals; 3) to enrich experiences of youngsters who have little enrichment in their limited environment; 4) to positively motivate youngsters; 5) to provide

Project
No. School

Brief Description & Objective of Project

a wider range of aspirational models for youngsters to identify with; 6) to provide stimuli for investigation into richer, more meaningful language and readiness experiences; 7) to aid teachers in improving the teaching-learning process through: a) availability of comprehensive teaching materials that are immediately at their disposal; b) in-service training of the use of various materials and equipment.

3a Waianae Elem.

A language arts resource, equipment, and materials project. The project is designed to upgrade the language arts program through the purchase of new educational equipment and materials. Specific objectives include:

a) use of challenging and up-to-date media and materials; b) enable teachers to motivate students by new experiences in learning; c) motivate both teachers and students by enabling them to see and hear their own selves.

Classroom assistants

4 Makaha

A language arts resource, equipment and materials project. The project is planned to furnish teachers with necessary equipment and materials to improve the language arts program.

4a Makaha

Classroom assistants for the improvement of language arts program in grade 1. The project will provide five first grade teachers with two classroom assistants whose duties will be to relieve the teachers of routine, non-professional tasks so that the teachers can do a better job of teaching.

Classroom assistants

4b Makaha

Field trips for the educational and cultural development of children. Because of the long distance to Honolulu, Makaha's children are greatly handicapped in terms of high cost of transportation. The project is designed to provide free field trips so that these children may have the opportunity of broadening their experience, vitalizing classroom instruction, and developing desirable social attitudes and behavior.



LEEWARD OAHU DISTRICT (cont'd)

Dunlant		
Project No.	School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
5	Waianae Elem.	Preschool program (Montessori)
		Directress Teacher Aide
6	Waianae High & Int.	Counselor for the educationally deprived. The project is designed to provide supplementary assistance in counseling and guidance to disadvantaged students enrolled in the NYC project at Waianae High.
		Counselor
7	Waianae High & Int.	Science project for the educationally de- prived. A special program in science is provided to meet special learning needs of the educationally deprived.
8	Waianae Elem., Inter., High	A summer program for students from low-income families. The project is designed to motivate youngsters from low-income families with above average ability who are underachieving, disinterested in education and are potential dropouts. Successful educational experiences through small group instruction, extensive cultural exposure and group counseling will be used to attempt to attain this goal.
		Teachers
9	Maili Nanaikapono Makaha Waianae Elem.	A summer pilot program designed to provide scholarships for children from low-income families to enable them to participate in a special team-teaching project.
		Part-time position (certificated)
10	Waianae Elem. Makaha, Maili, Waianae High, Nanaikapono	An in-service training session for teachers in the Leeward District. A one-week orientation program is planned to help teachers understand the needs and characteristics of the educationally deprived so that the teachers may do a more effective job of teaching the educationally deprived.
		Consultant
		Workshop leaders
11	Nanaikapono Elem. & Inter.	A coordinated music and instrumental program planned for the educationally deprived for children in grade 2 through grade 6.



LEEWARD OAHU DISTRICT (cont'd)

Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
12	Maili	Physical education improvement project. To provide various playground and physical education equipment so children may be given opportunities to develop motor skills, desirable social attitudes, and facilitate positive emotional development through properly supervised physical education activities.
13	Makaha	Playground equipment to strengthen Makaha's physical education program. A good physical education program includes a variety of activities appropriate to the needs, maturation, interests, and abilities of the pupils.

sters.

This broad approach is possible only if

equipment is available. This proposed project aims at providing Makaha with the apparatus

needed to strengthen our physical education program for the educationally deprived young-



WINDWARD OAHU DISTRICT

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Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
1	Hauula	A <u>multi-media center</u> to supplement, strengthen, and improve instructional programs for children from culturally disadvantaged homes. The project will provide students with first-hand learning experiences and instructional aides, equipment and materials.
		Classroom assistant
2	Kaaawa	A language arts program for the culturally deprived children in Kaaawa. Classroom assistants will be used in various ways to assist the regular classroom teachers in strengthening instructional programs.
		Classroom assistants
3	Kah a luu	A language arts program for first, second and third graders. Language arts and skills will be taught through the use of experience charts and dictated stories. Experience will be provided for listening to good English through the use of listening stations, story time, etc.
		Classroom assistants
3 a	Kaha luu	Multi-media center for the production, dis- tribution and maintenance of various audio- visual aids. Various production equipment will be used to prepare teaching aids such as transparencies, tapes, slides, etc., to make teaching more dynamic and to present abstract ideas in a more graphic and "concrete" form.
		Multi-media and library aide
4	King Inter.	An afterschool project for children from low- income families to do their homework under proper conditions. Qualified personnel will assist these students do their homework and other school assignments. The library will also be open afterschool for these students.
	·	Certificated teachers Librarian
5	Kahuku High	Audio-visual media center to expand and strengthen the audio-visual program. Purchase of audio-visual equipment, expanded use of audio-visual method of instruction, and use of an audio-visual media aide to prepare and distribute instructional materials for the

school AV coordinator and teachers.

* _____rdinator aide

WINDWARD OAHU DISTRICT (cont'd)

Project		n a contract of Declaration of Declaration
No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
6	Waiahole	Language Arts for the culturally deprived grades K-3. Emphasis will be on the develop- ment of an understanding of the oral language and the acquisition of skills in listening and speaking.
		Classroom assistants
6a	Waiahole	Pre-school for the disadvantaged 4-year old. An environment for early encouragement and enjoyment of learning will be provided to include getting along with others and developing self-control, values, and communicative skills.
		Certificated *@acher, pre-school Teacher Aide
7	Laie	Language Arts (reading, writing, listening and speaking) project designed specifically for the culturally deprived. With the use of classroom assistants who will assist the teachers by taking over routine, non-professional activities, an improved instructional program in language arts will be achieved.
		Classroom assistants
8	Heei a	A language arts resource, equipment and material center to help children from low-income families. The primary objective will be to raise the reading comprehension level of the children by at least three to four months and prevent them from being retained in the same grade.
		Part-time or full-time classroom assistants
9	Waimanalo	A language arts project grades 1-9 at Waimanalo Elementary and Intermediate School. Four classroom assistants and additional audio-visual equipment will be provided to give educationally deprived children more personal and vital educational experiences. Emphasis will be on prevention of dropouts.
		Classroom assistants Part-time certificated teacher

WINDWARD OAHU DISTRICT (cont'd)

Dundant		
Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
9 a	Waimanalo	A vitalized kindergarten program for children at Waimanalo Elementary and Intermediate School. The kindergarten program will be enriched through the provision of supplemen- tary materials and classroom assistants (one per kindergarten class).
		Classroom assistants
10	Castle	Vitalizing the high school curricula. The project is designed to achieve extensive use of audio-visual aids, supplementary teaching materials, programmed lessons, specialized teaching equipment and additional personnel in the form of classroom assistants and after hours instructors to maximize teacher effectiveness and learning to upgrade the educational level of economically deprived children.
		Classroom assistant (library & reading dept.) Classroom assistant (multi-media center - transparencies, slides, realia and work with AV coordinator) Certificated teacher to provide afterschool instruction, 4-hour weekly (\$5.00 an hour) Classroom assistant (ETV)
		Classroom assistant (Guidance Dept.)
11	Pope	Development of an Instructional Program Designed to Increase Vocal Encoding Skills Among Culturally Disadvantaged Children
		Teacher

Classroom assistant



HAWAII DISTRICT

Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
1	Keaukaha, Kapiolani, Hilo Int., Hilo High, Kalaoa, Holualoa, Honokohau, Hookena, Konawaena Elem., Konawaena High, Alae, Honaunau	Video-tape records will be used to prepare programs for distribution on an intra-district basis particularly to eligible schools where teaching competence is minimal or lacking in specific subject areas. In-service training activities on a planned basis will be augmented and accelerated through this medium.
,		Part-time VTR-TV instructors Coordinator, VTR
2	Hilo High	Project designed to provide more meaningful classroom experiences. Deeper explorations into subject matter by classroom teachers will be made possible through the hiring of qualified aides. Classroom assistants will assume the responsibilities of non-professional nature which are so time-consuming but necessary to normal classroom function.
		Classroom assistants
3	Kau High Naalehu	Afterschool study center where personnel will assist students while they work on their homework and other school assignments. Reference materials will be available for the students.
		Part-time teacher
4	Naalehu	Remedial Reading Laboratory will concentrate on remedia? *eading instruction for under-achieving students.
	*	Part-time Remedial Reading teachers Part-time supervisor Part-time administrator, business operation
5	Pahoa High & Elem.	Establish, operate and maintain an instructional materials preparation center to provide teachers with necessary equipment and materials to motivate children.
		Classroom assistan®
6	Hilo High	Counselor's home visitation project will extend and add to regular guidance and counseling service. Counselors will visit during afternoons, evenings, and weekends when parents are available.
· ·		Part-time counselors

Project	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
7	Honokaa High & El.	Use of classroom assistants to minimize the clerical and non-instructional duties of teachers to make possible small group and individualized instruction.
		Classroom assistants
8	Honokaa High & El.	Counseling services to problem students who cannot receive assistance during the normal school day.
		Part-time counselors
9	Honokaa High & El.	Establish, operate, and maintain a supplementary reading program for culturally deprived students in grades 4 to 7 to develop their reading potential to the greatest possible extent.
		Part-time reading teacher Part-time classroom assistants
10	Kohala High & Elem.	Use of classroom assistants to type, duplicate tests, produce A-V material, correct papers, prepare and clean up after various activities, etc., to afford teachers more time for professional work.
		Classroom assistants
11	Kohala High & Elem.	Establish and maintain an instructional materials preparation center with the necessary minimum equipment and supplies.
12	Hilo Inter.	Afterschool study centers for supervised study where youngsters can study and develop their study skills under supervision.
		Part-time teachers
13	Hilo Inter.	Afterschool tutorial project to provide physical and psychological environment for remedial instruction, especially in the field of language arts and communication skills.
	.40	Part-time tutors Part-time psychologist



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Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
14	Hilo Inter.	Provide basic school supplies to pupils from low-income families who do not replenish these items as the school year progresses.
		Part-time psychologist Part-time clerk
15	Honomu	Provide a teacher-librarian aide to upgrade the function of the library in providing more service to teachers and children by relieving teachers of clerical work.
		Part-time classroom assistant Part-time librarian
16	Honomu	Remedial reading and speech center will be provided to improve the reading and communicative skills of children after school.
		Part-time teachers Part-time coordinator
17	Pahoa	Afterschool tutorial service and guided study to assist students in improving academic competence in reading, writing, and arithmetic.
,		Part-time teachers
18	Paauilo Elem. & Int.	Project is designed to provide an educational tour for 75 intermediate school children so that these children with limited environment may observe educational situations through first-hand experience. To observe the State Legislature in action and visit other government institutions.
		Classroom instructors
19	Paauilo Elem. & Int.	To provide a three-day island tour for a class of twenty 5th and 6th grade children so that these children with limited environment may study and observe educational and social situations.
		Clearner instructor

Classroom instructor



Project	School_	Brief Description & Objective of Project
20	Honomu	To provide planned excursions to Honolulu and the Hawaii National Park so that learning will be more interesting and meaningful as these children obtain the necessary concepts and background.
		Instruction in water safety and basic swim- ming skills will also be provided.
21	Hoonaunau	Field trip to Honolulu for Hoonaunau School pupils from Grades 6-8 in 2 different groups. Group 1 - 6th grade for 2 days and 1 night; Group 2 - 7th & 8th grades for 4 days and 3 nights.
22	Laupahoehoe	The quality of instruction will be improved by relieving teachers from daily clerical work, certain supervisory and monitorial services, and other routine classroom performances.
		Teacher aides
23	Alae, Milolii, Hookena	Through planned excursions to places of interest on Oahu and on the island of Hawaii, students will be provided with first-hand experiences which will enable them to conceptualize the world beyond their isolated and deprived communities.
24	Kalanianaole	Providing librarian's aide who will perform all clerical duties and free the librarian so she may devote more time to professional activities.
		Librarian's aide
25	Paauilo	Opening the school library during after school, weekend and vacation hours to improve reading skills and appreciation for the educationally deprived children.
		Librarian's assistant
26	Waiakea Inter.	A six-week summer program aimed at improving attitudes and academic skills of educationally and culturally deprived students, enriching and broadening their experiences through field trips and elective courses in drama, literature and art.

Project	School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
No.	<u>School</u>	Classroom assistants Custodian Clerk (hourly) Remedial reading teacher (hourly) Rem. math. teacher (hourly) Art teacher (hourly) Drama teacher (hourly)
27	Lanakila Housing Area	A Community Study Center to be located in the Lamakila Housing area in Hilo to make available books, periodicals, phonographs, etc., for pre-school children, adult basic education students, and other members of the community.
		Librarian's aide
28	Keaukaha Area	Same as Project 27 for the Keaukaha Community.
29	Konawaena Elem.	Enrichment program for kindergarten and primary grade children and remedial reading for upper elementary grade children who are economically and culturally deprived.
		Classroom assistants (6 for 5 hours daily - 4 for 2 hours daily) Remedial reading teacher (1 hour daily)
30	Konawaena Elem.	Educational excursions to various places and activities of historical and current interest on the island of Hawaii.
		Teacher aide
31	Hilo Inter.	A summer project for the economically deprived and the educationally disadvantaged at Hilo Intermediate in the areas of instrumental music instruction. Opportunities will be provided these students to learn and develop the

Intermediate in the areas of instrumental music instruction. Opportunities will be provided these students to learn and develop the basic fundamentals of music and of instrument playing skills to become participating members within their regular group. It is hoped that wholesome behavioral attitudes and self-discipline will be developed.

Instrumental music teachers

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Project No.	<u>School</u>	Brief Description & Objective of Project
32	Hilo Inter.	A project proposal for a summer program for the mentally retarded to get to know his community resources. This project is intended for the mentally retarded, educable, culturally deprived students in the Hilo area. The focus of the program will be on getting to know the community resources, the key points on this island, a trip to Oahu, and its related learning activities. The program will include preparation for the trip, excursions, follow-up activities, and evaluation.
		Teacher
		Classroom assistant
		Assistant (part-time)
		Cook/chaperone (part-time)
		Custodian (part-time)
		Clerk (part-time) Secretary (part-time)
		Secretary (part - tame)
33	Kau High Pahala Elem. Naalehu Elem. & Int.	Project to establish a six-week summer school program for children of low-income families to improve their language development. Qualified personnel will instruct students for 4 hours a day, 5 days a week, in experiences designed to improve language development.
		Teacher (part-time)
		Supervisor/counselor (part-time)
		Teacher aide (part-time)
34	Naalehu	A proposal to provide library services to Naalehu's children during June, July and
		August. This project will make library services available to the children during the summer.
		Librarian assistant
35	Kapiolani Keaukaha	A summer recreational and cultural center for children of low-income families. A joint project with CAP. To provide life enrichment programs for present and future living through activity-experiencing process in art, music, dramatics, dancing, nature study, games, sports, etc.



No. School

Brief Description & Objective of Project

Project coordinator
Camping director
Camping assistant
Dramatics instructor (part-time)
Music instructor "
Dancing instructor "
Art & handicraft instructor "
Health & physical education instructor (part-time)

Science instructor (part-time)

Hakalau, Halaula,
Hilo High, Hilo Int.,
Holualoa, Honaunau,
Honokaa, Honokohau,
Honomu, Hookena,
Kailua, Kalanianaole,
Kalaoa, Kapiolani,
Kau High, Pahala Elem.,
Kohala, Konawaena High,
Konawaena Elem.,
Kurtistown, Laupahoehoe,
Milolii, Naalehu,
Paauilo, Pahoa

Enrichment through the educational television media. The project would provide modified television sets in schools eligible under Act 89-10, Title I, to insure the earliest possible use of educational and commercial TV channels to enrich the cultural, intellectual and recreational life of educationally deprived children.

37 Holualoa

Field trips for cultural and educational development. Project to develop and enrich the background of 30 students culturally and educationally by providing experiences and contacts on field trips which will provide the students opportunities to see, hear and live those experiences.

Substitute teacher Teacher aides Bus driver



MAUI DISTRICT

Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
, 1	Haiku	Designed to offer pre-school children an environment in which they may have varied experiences to help them develop self-confidence, cognitive and communicative skills, and find enjoyment in learning.
		Teacher Teacher aide Part-time custodian
2	Lanai High & Elem.	Designed to offer pre-school children an environment in which they may have varied experiences to help them develop self-confidence, cognitive and communicative skills, and find enjoyment in learning.
		Teacher Teacher aide Part-time custodian
3	Lanai High & Elem.	Designed to improve basic skills of children from low-income families by relieving teachers of clerical and other non-instructional activities; provide field trips and excursions to broaden pupils' educational and cultural backgrounds; provide supervised study and instruction after school hours.
		Part-time teachers Classroom assistants Part-time custodian
4	Kihei, Kam III, Paia, Haiku, Kula, Wailuku, Waihee, Lahainaluna	Designed to improve basic skills of children of low-income families by relieving teachers of clerical and other non-instructional activities; provide field trips and excursions to broaden pupils' educational and cultural backgrounds; provide supervised study and instruction after school hours.
		Part-time teachers Classroom assistants Part-time custodians
5	Kihei, Wailuku, Paia, Waihee, Haiku, Baldwin, Lanai, Maui, Hana, Kula, Kilohana, Kam III, Lahainaluna	Language Institute for teachers of disadvantaged children. Six-week period - 6/20 through 7/29 - will include TESL, reading for the slow-learner, and creative dramatics.
	-	Part-time Institute consultants Part-time Institute lecturers



MAUI DISTRICT (Cont'd)

Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
6	Kilohana	Designed to improve basic skills of children of low-income families by relieving teachers of clerical and other non-instructional activities; provide field trips and excursions to broaden pupils' educational and cultural backgrounds; provide supervised study and instruction after school hours.
		Part-time teachers
		Classroom assistants
		Part-time custodian
7	Hana, Keanae	Classroom assistants, study centers, remedial and enrichment programs for the educationally deprived children in Hana and Keanae. Project is designed to improve the basic skills of educationally deprived children through classroom assistants who will relieve the teachers of non-professional duties and responsibilities, field trips and excursions to broaden the pupils' educational and cultural backgrounds, and supervised study and instruction after school hours.
		Classroom assistants
, ;		Part-time teacher
8	Wailuku Elem.	Summer school class in language arts for educationally deprived children. The project will provide an opportunity for educationally deprived children of low-income families to develop skills in language arts.
		Teacher
		Classroom assistant
9	Makawao, Kula, Haiku, Paia	Operation Uplift: A summer school remedial program for the educationally disadvantaged students entering grade nine. The project is designed to present remedial help together

Operation Uplift: A summer school remedial program for the educationally disadvantaged students entering grade nine. The project is designed to present remedial help together with some enrichment experiences for identified, educationally disadvantaged students from the four feeder schools serviced by Maui High School. Activities will concentrate primarily on the developing and strengthening of the language arts skills: oral and written communication, and reading.

Project administrator (part-time)
Remedial speech & language arts teachers



<u>MAUI DISTRICT</u> (Cont'd)

Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
10	Kam III, Wailuku, Haiku, Paia	Summer pre-school program. This project offers to pre-school children an environment in which they may have varied experiences to help them increase in self-confidence, develop cognitive and communicative skills and find enjoyment in learning.
		Teachers Teacher aides Secretaries (part-time)
11	Maui High	Enrichment of learning by increasing opportunities for audio-visual presentations to supplement other teaching media. Enrichment of cultural backgrounds to offset limited environmental conditions by use of audio-visual materials. These materials will be created at the school level and used in classes together with commercially prepared ones.
12	Baldwin High	Enrichment of learning by increasing opportunities for audio-visual presentations to supplement other teaching media. Provide learning enrichment by increasing opportunities of the supplement of the supplementations to supplement the supplementations to supplementations.

ties for audio-visual presentations to supplement other teaching media; provide additional resources for the motivation of learning by using a multitude of audio-visual aids; provide better understanding of subject matter by presenting additional stimuli for compre-

concepts being presented.



KAUAI DISTRICT

Project	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
1	Kapaa High Kapaa Elem. Kapaa Mission St. Catherine Anahola	Language and Reading Laboratory. Designed to improve the language and reading skills of students, grades 7-12. Classroom construction is included in this project.
	Ananola Kilauea Hanalei	Certificated teachers Part-time counselor Part-time psychologist Part-time testing coordinator Part-time social worker Part-time physician Part-time clerk
2	Kekaha St. Theresa Kekaha Mission	Pre-school program including parent education to assist the children and parents with special needs. Develop within each child a positive self-concept. Emphasis will be upon language and concept development.
	1	Certificated head teacher Teacher aide Part-time clerk Part-time custodian
3	Kapaa Elem., St. Catherine, Wilcox, Immaculate Conception, Waimea High & Elem., Kekaha, St. Theresa, Kekaha Mission, Kapaa Mission	A project for the establishment of five summer pre-school classes to help meet the special needs of pre-kindergarten children from low-income families. The major objective of the program will be to develop within each child a positive self-image, improve his cognitive and communicative skills, health, and welfare, and enjoyment in learning.
		District coordinator Teachers/center directors Teacher aides Project clerks (part-time) Physician Dentist Optometrist Hearing tester



HONOLULU DISTRICT

Project		
No.	School	Brief Description
1	Farrington McKinley Roosevelt	Decreasing school alienation - the identification of style.
		Project coordinators
•		Study center director
		Recreational & Instructional director
		Student activities directors
		Athletic activities directors
		Teachers
		Student activities assistants Athletic activities assistants
		Health and attendance assistant
	•	Library assistants
		Clerical assistants
		Classroom assistants
2	25 schools	Teachers aides, study centers and cultural enrich- ment programs in 25 selected schools in Honolulu.
		Administrator
		Director
		Speech and hearing specialists
		Psychological examiners
		Teachers (1 part-time)
		Counselors Consultants
		Librarians (3 part-time)
		Classroom assistants
		Secretaries (1 part-time)
		Clerk (part-time)
		Custodians (part-time)
_		
3	Dole Inter.	A special remedial language and remedial reading instruction, special services and cultural enrichment project.
		Teachers
		Clerk (part-time)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



LEEWARD DISTRICT

Project	School School	Brief Description
1	Maili	A language arts improvement project.
1ь	Maili	Field trips and excursion project.
		Substitute teachers
2	Waianae High and Inter.	Equipment and materials for various subject areas. Enrichment of instructional programs.
3	Waianae Elem., Maili, Makaha, Waianae High	Educational media center for the 4 schools in Waignae.
3a	Waianae Elem.	A language arts resource, equipment and materials project.
4	Makaha	A language arts resource, equipment and materials project.
4ъ	Makaha	Field trip and excursion project.
5	Waianae Elem.	Montessori pre-school program.
WINDWARD D	<u>ISTRICT</u> Hauula	A multi-media center to supplement, strengthen and improve instructional programs.
		Typist
2	Kaaawa	A language arts program - classroom assistants.
		Instructional materials aide
3	Kahaluu	A language arts program for first, second, and third graders.
		Teachers Clerk (part-time) Custodians (part-time)
3 a	Kaha luu [.]	Multi-media center for the production, distribu- tion and maintenance of various audio-visual aids.
		Supervisor Teachers Media aide Librarian (part-time) Clerk (part-time) Custodians (part-time)



WINDWARD DISTRICT (Cont'd)

Project No.	School School	Brief Description
4	King	An afterschool study center project.
5	Kahuku	Audio-visual media center to expand and strengthen the audio-visual program.
		AV Coordinator's aide
6	Waiahole	Language arts for the culturally deprived - grades K-3.
		School Examiner Classroom assistant
6a	Waiahole	Pre-school for the disadvantaged 4-year old.
		Teacher Teacher aides.
7	Laie	Language arts project - summer library program.
		Librarian (part-time) Instructional materials aide
8	. Heeia	A language arts resource, equipment and materials center.
9a	Waimanalo	A vitalized kindergarten program.
10	Castle	A project designed to achieve extensive use of audio-visual aids, supplementary teaching mate-rials, programmed lessons, and specialized teaching equipment.
		Counselor Teachers Clerk (part-time)



HAWAII DISTRICT

Project No.	School School	Brief Description
31	Hilo Inter.	A summer project for instrumental music instruction.
32	Hilo Inter.	A summer program for the mentally retarded.
		Teacher Classroom assistant Assistant (part-time) Cook/chaperone (part-time) Clerk (part-time) Secretary (part-time) Custodian (part-time)

KAUAI DISTRICT

1

Approx. 145

classes (2,300

children) in 90

1 Kapaa High Language and reading laboratory.
and Inter.
Teacher

STATE-WIDE PROJECTS

A summer Head Start Project designed to meet

special needs of pre-kindergarten children from

low-income families sponsored jointly with Hawaii

out the state

2 Approx. 131 A half-day summer Follow Through Program planned classes (2,000 to meet special needs of children who have had children) in 90 Head Start experience last summer and are entering schools throughout the state with Hawaii Office of Economic Opportunity.



SUMMER PROJECTS UNDER TITLE I. P.L. 89-10

HONOLULU DISTRICT

Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
1	Farrington McKinley Roosevelt	Decreasing School alienation - the identification of style.
	Koosevelt	Project coordinators Study center director Recreational and instructional director Student activities directors Athletic activities directors Teachers Student activities assistants Athletic activities assistants Health and attendance assistant Library assistants Clerical assistants Classroom assistants
2	25 Schools	Teacher aides, study centers and cultural enrichment programs in 25 selected schools in Honolulu. A project providing for the educational aspect of a day center for emotionally disturbed children developed by the Division of Mental Health.
		Administrator Director Speech and hearing specialists Psychological examiners Teachers (1 part-time) Counselors Consultants Librarians (3 part-time) Classroom assistants Secretaries (1 part-time) Clerk (part-time) Custodians (part-time)
	Lunalilo	A summer school program for the educationally and economically deprived children - remedial education, cultural enrichment.
	Lincoln	A summer school program for the underachieving children in the areas of basic skills.
	Lanakila	A summer school program to provide remedial en- richment experiences for the economically and educationally deprived.
	Kauluwela	A summer school program to provide guided learn- ing activities for the educationally disadvantaged.



HONOLULU DISTRICT (Cont'd)

Project		Brief Description & Objective of Project
<u>No.</u>	School School	
	Kalihi-Kai	A summer school program - remedial education.
	Jefferson	A summer school program to provide educational and language experiences for kindergarten children entering first grade.
	Jarrett	A summer school program for educationally and culturally deprived and potential dropouts.
	Fern	A summer school program - remedial education in the areas of language, reading and communication skills.
	Central	A summer school program for the educationally and culturally deprived.
	Kalakaua	A summer school program ~ remedial education, counseling services.
	Linapuni	An in-service training program.
3	Dole	A summer school program - remedial education, cultural enrichment.
		Teachers Clerk (part-time)
LEEWARD DIS	STRICT'	
1	Maili	A language arts improvement project. Purchase of additional materials to complement other materials purchased under ESEA, Title I.
1 b	Maili	Field trip and excursion project.
		Substitute teachers
2	Waianae High & Inter.	Equipment and materials for various subject areas. Enrichment of instructional programs.
3	Waianae Elem. Maili, Makaha, Waianae High	Educational media center for the 4 schools in Waianae.
3 a	Waianae Elem.	A language arts resource, equipment and materials project.
5	Waianae Elem.	Montessori pre-school program. Purchase of addi- tional playground equipment.



LEEWARD DISTRICT (Cont'd)

Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
6	Waianae High & Inter.	Counselor for the educationally deprived. The project is designed to provide supplementary assistance in counseling and quidance to disadvantaged students enrolled in the N_C project.
		Counselor
7	Wai a nae High & Inter.	Science project for the educationally deprived. A special program in science is provided to meet special learning needs of the educationally deprived.
8	Waianae Elem., Inter., High	A summer program for students from low-income families designed to motivate youngsters with above average ability who are underachieving.
		Teachers
9	Maili, Nanaikapono, Makaha, Waianae Elem.	A summer pilot program designed to provide scholar- ships for children from low-income families to enable them to participate in a special team- teaching project.
		Part-time position (certificated)
10	Waianae Elem., Makaha, Maili, Waianae High, Nanaikapono	An in-service training session for teachers in the Leeward District. A one-week orientation program to help teachers understand the needs and characteristics of the educationally deprived.
		Consultant Workshop leaders
WINDWARD 1	DISTRICT	
1	Hauula	A multi-media center to supplement, strengthen and improve instructional programs.
		Typist
2	Kaaawa	A language arts program - classroom assistants.
		Instructional materials aide
3	Kahaluu	A language arts program for first, second and third graders.
		Teachers Clerk (part-time) Custodians (part-time)



WINDWARD DISTRICT (Cont'd)

Project	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
3a	Kah a luu	Multi-media center for the production, distribution and maintenance of various audio-visual aids.
		Supervisor Teachers Media aide Librarian (part-time) Clerk (part-time) Custodians (part-time)
4	King	An afterschool study center project.
5	Kahuku	Audio-visual media center to expand and strengthen the audio-visual program.
6	Waishole	Language arts for the culturally deprived, grades K^{-3} .
		School examiner Classroom assistant
бa	Waiahole	Pre-school for the disadvantaged 4-year-old.
		Teacher Teacher aides
7	Laie	Language arts project - summer library program.
		Librarian (part-time) Instructional materials aide
8	Heei a	A language arts resource, equipment and materials center. In-service summer reading program training.
		Teachers
9a	Waiamanalo	A vitalized kindergarten program. Purchase of additional equipment.
10	Castle	A project designed to achieve extensive use of audio-visual aids, supplementary teaching materials, programmed lessons, and specialized teaching equipment.
	 -	Counselor Teachers Clerk (part-time)



WINDWARD DISTRICT (Cont'd)

Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
11	Pope	Development of an instructional program designed to increase vocal encoding skills among culturally disadvantaged children.
		Teacher Classroom assistant
HAWAII DIST	RICT '	
31	Hilo Inter.	A summer project for instrumental music instruction.
		Instrumental music teachers
32	Hilo Inter.	A summer program for the mentally retarded.
		Teacher Classroom assistant Assistant (part-time) Cook/chaperone (part-time) Clerk (part-time) Secretary (part-time) Custodian (part-time)
33	Kau High Pahala Elem. Naalehu	A six-week summer school program for children of low-income families to improve their language development.
		Teacher (part-time) Supervisor/counselor (part-time) Teacher aide (part-time)
34	Naalehu	A program to provide library services during the summer months.
		Librarian assistant
35	Kapiolani Keaukaha	A summer recreational and cultural center. A joint project with CAP.
		Project coordinator Camping director Camping assistant Dramatics instructor (part-time) Music instructor (part-time) Dancing instructor (part-time) Art & handicraft instructor (part-time) Health & physical education instructor (part-time) Science instructor (part-time)



HAWAII DISTRICT (Cont'd)

Project No.	School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
36	25 Schools	Enrichment through the educational television media. The project would provide modified television sets in schools eligible under Act 89-10 to insure the earliest possible use of educational and commercial TV channels.
37	Holualoa	A summer field trip and excursion project. Intended to develop and enrich the background of 30 culturally and educationally deprived students. Substitute teacher Teacher aides Bus driver
MAUI DISTRI	<u>CT</u>	
5	13 Schools	Language institute for teachers of disadvantaged children.
		Institute consultants (part-time) Institute lecturers (part-time)
8	Wailuku Elem.	Summer school class in language arts for the edu- cationally deprived children.
		Teacher Classroom assistant
9	Makawao, Kula, Haiku, Paia	A summer school remedial program for the educationally disadvantaged students entering grade 9.
		Project administrator (part-time) Remedial speech & language arts teachers
10	Kam III,	Summer pre-school program.
	Wailuku, Haiku, Paia	Teachers Teacher aides Secretaries (part-time)
11	Maui High	Enrichment of learning by increasing opportunities for audio-visual presentations to supplement other teaching media.
		Instructional materials aide



KAUAI DISTRICT

Project No.	School School	Brief Description & Objective of Project
1	Kapaa High & Int.	Language and reading laboratory.
		Teacher
3	10 Schools	The establishment of 5 summer pre-school classes to help meet the special needs of pre-kindergarten children from low-income families.
		District coordinator Teachers - center directors Teacher aides Project clerks (part-time) Physician (part-time) Dentist (part-time) Optometrist (part-time) Hearing tester (part-time)

STATE-WIDE PROJECT

1	Approx. 145 classes (2,300 children) in 90 schools throughout the state	A summer Head Start Project designed to meet special needs of pre-kindergarten children from low-income families sponsored jointly with Hawaii Office of Economic Opportunity.
2	Approx. 131 classes (2,000 children) in 90 schools throughout the state	A half-day summer Follow-Through Program planned to meet special needs of children who have had Head Start experience last summer and are entering first grade this September. Sponsored jointly with Hawaii Office of Economic Opportunity.



3 - Excellent

2 - Fair

APPENDIX IV

FINAL SUMMARY ESEA EVALUATION

		1 - Poor			
1.	To what degree is the program meeting the needs of the Project Objectives (goals).	Please Check Appropriate Column			
	(Please list your objectives)	3 2 1			
	a.	(1-a)			
	b.	(1-b)			
	c.	(1-c)			
	d.	(1-d)			
	e.	(1-e)			
	f.	(1-f)			
	8•	(1-g)			
	h.	(1-h)			
	i.	(1-1)			
2.	To what degree does the project provide for comprehensiveness?	(2)			
	COMMENT:				

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		3 2 1
3.	To what degree does the project provide for balance? COMMENT:	(3)
4.	To what degree does the project involve coordination and continuity? COMMENT:	(4)
5.	To what degree does the project provide for flexibility? COMMENT:	(5)
6.	To what degree does the project draw upon specialists? COMMENT:	(6)
7.	To what degree does the project make use of education research? COMMENT:	(7)
8.	To what degree does the project permit universality? COMMENT:	(8)
9.	To what degree does the project contribute to <u>functional learning</u> ? COMMENT:	(9)
10.	To what degree does the <u>physical facilities</u> relate to the project? COMMENT:	(10)
11.	To what degree are the <u>instructional</u> <u>materials</u> utilized in the project? COMMENT:	(11)

		Date-on-site Evaluation Self-Evaluation Sent Self-Evaluation Revd. Office of Evaluation Schd.	
PROJE	ECT TITLE		
SCHOO	oor		
	CONCLUS IO	N .	
I.	Outstanding aspects of the project:		
II.	Recommendations for improvement of the p	roject:	
TTT.	. Comments:		



APPENDIX V

REPORT OF PROJECT HEAD START AND FOLLOW THROUGH

STATE OF HAWAII

June 27, 1966 - August 19, 1966

Submitted by:

Riyono Kobayashi Project Coordinator Head Start and Follow Through



PREFACE

The Summer Programs, 1966, served approximately 2400 children in 161 Head Start classes and 1700 children in 126 Follow Through classes throughout the State of Hawaii.

The contents of the following report were compiled to give a bird's eye view of the development, the organization, and the operation of the summer projects. It also contains some statistics on children's attendance, volunteers, teacher's qualifications, field trips, etc. Some of the reactions from the field were included together with an evaluation and some recommendations for subsequent programs.

with all its attendent problems, the Head Start program, nevertheless, provided much needed pre-school experience to the culturally disadvantaged. The Follow Through classes reinforced the pupils' initial academic experiences and opened up new vistas for learning and growing. In both programs, the pupils received a definite head start - a very good beginning.



STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF PROJECT HEAD START & FOLLOW THROUGH P. O. Box 2360 Honolulu, Hawaii 96804

I. Development and Coordination of Program

A. Applicant Agency

Community Action Program Agency on each island: Oahu, Hawaii, Maui, Kauai

B. Delegate Agency

Department of Education

- C. District Coordinating Committee
 - 1. Composed of equal representation from CAP and DE at District level.
 - 2. Function
 - a. Coordination of CAP and DE services
 - b. Advise DS and CAP on operation of project
 - c. Oversee joint working committee in district
 - d. Recommend allocation of centers to various schools within district
 - e. Determine geographical boundary of joint working committee
- D. Joint Working Committee
 - 1. Composed of equal representation from school (or schools) and area council
 - 2. Function
 - a. Recruitment and submission of list of candidates to school for non-professional jobs
 - b. Recruitment and selection of children for enrollment
 - c. Involvement of parents and volunteers

II. Guidelines

- A. Guidelines from CAP included
 - 1. Recruitment and selection of children
 . Eligibility criteria established by OEO
 - 2. Recruitment of personnel
 - a. Teachers
 - b. Teacher's Aides
 - 3. Clerical service
 - 4. Custodial service
 - 5. Volunteer service
 - 6. Length of Session
 - a. Children 6 hour day for 30 days
 - b. Teachers $6\frac{1}{2}$ hour day for 40 days (1 week training, 1 week preparation and winding up)

B. Guidelines from Department of Education included

		Head Start	Follow Through
1.	Definition	A six-weeks summer pro-	A six-weeks summer program
		gram of enrichment ac-	to reinforce the educational
		tivities for culturally	learnings and to provide
		deprived children who	orientation to first grade
		will be entering kind.	for children who partici-
		in September 1966.	pated in the 1965 Summer
_			Head Start.
2.	Class size	Minimum: 15	Minimum: 12
_		Maximum: 20	Maximum: 15
3.	Dates	July 5 to Aug. 19, 1966	July 5 to Aug. 19, 1966
4.	Hours	6 hours per day, 8 - 2	$\frac{3}{2}$ hours daily, 8 - 11:30
_		or 8:30 - 2:30	or 8:30 - 12
5.	Staff	l teacher (preferably	1 teacher (preferably
		with Kind. exp.)	with first grade exp.)
		l teacher's aide (from	l teacher's aide (from
•		recipient group)	recipient group)
6.	Lunch service	Mid morning snack and	Mid morning snack provided
		lunch provided	free of charge
_		free of charge	_
7.	Classroom supplies	\$100.00 per class	\$48.00 per class
8.	Equipment	No equipment to be	No equipment to be
^	M	purchased	purchased
9.	Training Session	June 27 - July 2, 1966	June 27 - July 2, 1966
	Participants	attend training session	All teachers required to
		last year.	
		All aides expected to	
	Damum a ma h f an	attend.	
	Remuneration	Stipend plus \$15 for sach dependent	Stipend plus \$15 for each dependent
		Outer island residents; air fare plus \$16 per diem for 6 days	Outer island residents; air fare plus \$16 per diem for 6 days
	Credits	Five 4B credits	Five 4B credits
10.	Curriculum	Curriculum guide from	ga vovamen
		Office of Kindergarten and Primary Education	



III. Budget

HEAD START FOLLOW THROUGH Comp. Project #49 and Comp. Project #51 P. L. 89-10 Provided under 3 separate funding P. L. 89-10 Project Coordinator Project Coordinator Teachers District Coordinators Secretary Parent Education Dist. Coordinator Teachers Teacher Teacher's Aide Teacher's Aide Training Clerks Social Security Consultant Workmen's Comp. Social Security Services Workmen's Comp. Transportation to Clerks Transportation to and from school Field trips and from school Field trips Travel for consultants Classroom supplies Classroom supplies Staff supplies Staff supplies Lunches Snacks

List of Classes and Funding

Honolulu District	Comp. Proj. #49	P.L. 89-10 DOE	DOE C	A.P. Private	Follow Through Classes	Total
Ala Wai	2					2
Jefferson	1				1	2
Kaahumanu					1	1
Kaewai	3				3	6
Kaiulani			5		3 3 2	6
Kalihi Elem.	3				2	5
Kalihi kai	3	1			4	8
Kalihi uka	1	2			2	5
Kalihi waena	1				2	5
Kauluwela		2			4 2 2 2 1	4
Koko Head		1			1	2
Lanakila	2	1			2	5
Likelike	3				4	7
Linapuni				5	2	2 1 6 6 5 8 5 5 4 2 5 7
Lincoln	1	1				2
Lunalilo	2					2 9 6 2 1 2
Palolo	2 3			2	4	9
Puuhale	3				3	6
Waikiki	ì				ì	2
Harris Memoria	al			ı		1
Univ. Preschoo				2		2
	29	8	3	1 2 10	37	87
Central District		~				
Aiea	3 .		2		1	6
Halawa			2		2	6
Helemano	2 2				2 2	_
Iliahi	ì	1			ì	3
Kaala	ĩ	_			ī	2
Kipapa	ī				ī	2
Kunia	ī				$\cdot \bar{1}$	2
Mokulele	- 3				_	4 3 2 2 2 3 3 35
Wahiawa	ì				· 1	2
Waialua	<u>-</u>					3
***************************************	3 1 3 18	1	4		10	35
		-	-			

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Leeward District	Comp. Proj. #49	P.L. 89-10 DOE	DOE C.	A.P. Private	Follow Through Classes	Total
Ahrens	2				1	5
Ewa	2				2	
Maili	ì	1	1		2	4 5 6
Makaha	2		1 2		3 5	6
Nanaikapono	4		2		5	11
Pearl City	2			1	2	5
Pohakea	1		_			5 1 7
Waianae	1	2	1		3	-
Waipahu	1	-			1	2
	16	3	5	T	19	44
Windward District						
Hauula	2		1		2	5
Heeia	2		_		ĩ	
Kaaawa	l				ī	2
Kahaluu	2				2	4
Kahuku	2				1	3
Kailua	l				_	1
Laie Davis	1				1	3 2 4 3 1 2 2 5 3
Parker	2		•		•	2 .
Pope Waiahole	†	,	2		2 2	5 g
Waimanalo	-			·	د ۱	3 1
Warmana To	15		3		13	31
Hawaii District						
Hakalau		1			2	3
Hilo Union	1				2	5 2
Honaunau (Kon	a)		1		1	2
Honokaa	\	3			3	6
Honokohau (Kon		1				1
Hookena (Kona Kailua (Kona)	.)	†				
Kalanianaole		2			2	4
Kalaoa		~	1		~	i
Kapiolani	1		2		5	8
Kau	_	1			ī	8 2 1
Kaumana	1					l
Keaau		1			1	2
Keaukaha		_	2		2	4
Kohala	·	2	_		2 1	4
Konawaena (Ko	na)	•	2			3
Laupahoehoe Mt. View		1			2	3
Mt. View Naalehu		1			ĭ	ر م
Pahoa High &	Elem.				i	ج 1
Waimea Elem.		ı			ī	4 3 3 2 2 1 2
	3	17	8		28	56

	Comp. Proj. #49	P.L. 89-10 DOE		l.P. Private	Follow Through Classes	Total
Maui District Haiku	1				ı	2
Kahului	_			2	_	2 2 3 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2
Kamehameha III		2		1	1	3
Kaunakakai Kihei		1		1	1	ĩ
Kilohana		•		1		ī
Makawao	1			_	1	2
Maunaloa				1	1	2
Molokai Elem. Paia		1		1	i	2
raia Wailuku		Ž.			2	4
	2	6		6	9	25
Kauai District Kalaheo					1	1
Kapaa	1	2		2	5	8
Kaumakan i	_				1	1
Kekaha	_	1			1	2
Kilauea Kalau	1			1	1	2 5
Koloa Waimea	T	7			i	2
Wilcox		î		1	ī	8 2 2 3 3
W	3	5		4	10	22
Compilation of Number						
Honolulu District	29	8	3	10	57	87
Central District	18	1	4		10	33
Leeward District	16	3	5	1	19	44
Windward District	15		3		15	31
Hawaii District	3	17	8		28	56
Maui District	2	6		6	9	25
Kauai District	3	5		4	10	22
			-		***************************************	***************************************
	86	40	23	21	126	296



IV. Orientation and Training Session

- A. Conducted by College of General Studies, University of Hawaii.
- B. Who attended all Head Start Teachers and Aides all Follow Through Teachers
- C. Length of session 6 days
- D. Place Honolulu International Center
- V. Organization of Child Development Centers (Classes)
 - A. State level
 - 1. Superintendent of School
 - 2. Administrator of Federal Aid Programs
 - 3. State Project Coordinator for Project Head Start & Follow Through
 - 4. Secretary and Stenographer
 - B. District level
 - 1. District Superintendents
 - 2. District Coordinators for both Head Start & Follow Through

Honolulu - 2

Hawaii - 1

Central - 1

Maui - 1

Leeward - 1

Kauai - 1

Windward - 1

3. Stenographer - 1 for each District Coordinator

C. School level

- 1. One teacher per class
- 2. One teacher's aide per class
- 3. One part-time clerk 1 hour per day per class
- 4. Cook regular Department of Education employee
- 5. Custodian regular Department of Education employee
- 6. Neighborhood Youth Corps (in some areas)
- 7. Volunteers



VI. Significant Statistics

Center Profile

1.	Head Start								
		Hon.	Cent.	Lee.	Wind.	Hawaii	Maui	Kauai	Total
	No. of Schools	17	10	9	10	13	6	6	71
	No. of classes	40	23	25	18	21	8	8	142
	No. of Children	40	~0	~0	10	~~	U	•	TIN
	7/8/66	805	367	441	313	350	132	137	9 545
		687					119		2,545
	8/19/66		353		310	338		136	2,369
	No. of NYC	1	7	19	6	37	1	7	7 8
	No. of Neighborhood		000	160	70	063	20	<i>~</i> ~	1 000
	Volunteers	231	209	168	78	251	37	3 5	1,009
	No. of Other		_				_		
	Volunteers	83	3	54	20	38	3	4	205
2.	Follow Through								
	1011011 1111011	Hon.	Cent.	Lee.	Wind.	Hawaii	Mani	Kauai	Total
	No. of Schools	16	8	8	9	14	8	8	71
	No. of Classes	37	10	19	15	26	9	10	124
	No. of Children	01	10	20	IO	~0	9	10	TVA
	7/8/66	E20	797	959	201	770	196	159	1 704
		528	127	252	201	338	126	152	1,724
	8/19/66	515	125	233	202	320	108	150	1,653
	No. of NYC	10	0	10	2	38	1	1	52
	No. of Neighborhood			40					
	Volunteers	145	26	49	43	93	11	16	383
	No. of Other			_					
	Volunteers	29	7	6	11	17	3	3	76
Term	Report								
٦	Head Start								
1.	nead Start	u	ion.	Cent.	Lee	T.15	a u	arraid 1	Mand Waned
	Matal Francismont		687	353	42		u. <i>n</i> 10		Maui Kauai
	Total Enrollment							338	119 136
	Total Daily Attenda			9,565	9,27				,214 3,630
	Total Absences		608	1,083	1,34			,406	463 3 62
	Average Enrollment	000	.47	353.93	354.	0 303	•4 55	8-82 T	22.5 132.36
	Average Daily								
	Attendance	598	-53	317.83	309.	0 262	.9 29	0.95 1	07.1 120.21
	Average Daily								
	Absences	86	.93	36.10	44.	9 40	.9 4	6.01	15.4 11.72
	% of Daily			_					
	Attendance		87%	90%	73	% 8	5%	83%	90% 89%
2.	Follow Through								
· · •		, H	ion.	Cent.	Lee	Win	d. H	avaii i	Maui Kauai
	Total Enrollment		515	125	23	-	02	320	108 150
	Total Daily Attenda			3,261	6,13				,950 3,926
	Total Absences	_	272	451	1,13			,337 k ,278	378 436
	Avenue Ennellment	•	26	102 72	7,10				910 430 10014518

242.3

204.4

37.9

88%

82%

123.73

108.70

15.03

87%

502.26

426.53

75.73

82%

91%

196.6 307.84 110.9 145.16

164.9 265.99 \$8.3 130.19

31.6 42.60 12.6 14.71

83%

87%



B.

Average Daily

Absences % of Daily

Attendance

Attendance Average Daily

Average Enrollment

C. Center Directors (Teachers)

1. Head Start

a.	Qualifications		a	• • •	1.72 A	77	Mond	Vanad
			Cent.	ree.	wind.	Hawall	Maul	naual
	Class IV (5th yr.,		_	•	-		2	7
	M.A., Prof.)	24	5	5	5	6	3	1
	Class III (5th yr.	,						•
	M.A., Prof.)	13	8	12	9	13	3	. 4
	Class II (Bachelor	·1g			_	•	•	_
	Degree)	3	10	5	3	1	2	1
	Class I (Normal				_			
	School)				1			2
	High School			_		_		
	Graduate			3		1		
b.	Teaching position					,		
		Hon.	Cent.	Lee.	Wind.	Hawaii	Maui	Kauai
	Preschool	•	2	3	2	3	0	1
	Kindergarten	25	8	11	7	. 8	6	2
	Grade 1		.7	v	3		2	
		$\tilde{2}$	1	1	3	4 2 2	0	1
	2 3 4 5	4 2 1 0 1	.7 1 3 0	0 1 2 0	3 3 0	2	0	1 0
	Ä	Ō	Ó	0	0	0	0	0
	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
	. 6	ī	ì	Ō	0	0	0	0
	Combination class		_	,		0 3 1		2
	Sub. Teacher	1	0	2	1	ĺ	0	0
	Vice Principal	-	•					1
	Medical Tech.			1	0	0	0	0
	Idbrarian			7				
				1	1			
	High School	7			•••			
	Mobile K-6	i						
	MRE	i						
	Maternity Leave	-						

2. Follow Through

a.	Qualifications	Hon.	Cent.	Lee.	Wind.	Hawaii	Maui	Kauai
	Class IV (5th yr.	•						_
	M.A., Prof.)	8	2	1	4	5	2	1
	Class III (5th yr M.A., Prof.)	17	4	4	4	11	2	1
	Class II (Bachelo	r's				-		•
	Degree)	9	4	1	5	5	4	6
	Class I (Normal School)	2		7		3	1	2
	High School Graduate	1		6		2		

ъ.	Teaching position							
	.	Hon.	Cent.	Lee.	Wind.	Hawaii	Maui	Kauai
	Preschool	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Kindergarten	3	2	1	2	10	2	0
	Grade 1	17	1	7	2	4	3	3
	2	7	2	1	3	1	1	3
	3	3	1	4	0	1	0	1
	4	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
	5	1	0	0	0	0		0
	6	0	0	0	0	1		0
	Combination class	1	0	0	2	1		3
	Sub. Teacher	1	0	4		1		
	Vice Principal	1	0	0		0		
	Grad. Student		3	0		1		
	Stop Gap					1		
	High School					1		
	Music			1				
	MRE				1			
	Housewife				1	1		

D. Field Trips taken

ERIC Full first Provided by ERIC

1. Head Start

•	Bus Trips Walking Trips	Hon. 264 128	Cent. 76 101	Lee. 133 102	Wind. 46 133	Hawaii 59 90	Maui 26 23	Kauæi 36 31
	Total trips	392	177	235	179	149	49	67
	Average per class Bus trips Walking trips	7	3 4	5 4	3	5	3	4
2.	Follow Through	Hon.	Cent.	Lee	Wind.	Hawaii	Maui	Kauai
	Bus Trips Walking Trips Other Means	183 120	12 48 3	93 39	22 79	88 88	24 14	29 21
	Total trips	303	63	132	101	168	38	50
	Average per class Bus trips Walking trips	5 3	5	5 2	6 2	3	3 2	3 2

E. Reactions to Field Trips

Honolulu District

Places most visited: a.

	Head Start		Follow Through
1.	Neighborhood markets	1.	Neighborhood markets
2.	Zoo	2.	Zoo
3.	Aquarium	3.	Aquarium
4.	Fireboat	4.	Shopping Center
5.	Fire Station	5.	Bakery
6.	Shopping Center	6.	Fire Station

Negative reactions: **b.**

- Academy of Arts beyond children's level 1.
- International Airport too large a crowd 2.
- 3. Poultry Farm - limited space
- Humane Society beyond children's level 4.

Unusual places of visit: C.

- Punchbowl Cemetery 1.
- 2. Broom Factory
- 3. Noodle Factory
- 4. Aloha Tower
- 5. Chinese Temple
- 6. La Ronde
- 7. Tea House
- 8. Iolani Palace
- 9. Washington Place

2. Central District

Places most visited:

	Head Start		Follow Through
1.	Z 00	1.	Fire Station
2.	Beach	2.	Zoo
3.	Fire Station	3.	Shopping Center
4.	Shopping Center	4.	Library
5.	Aquarium	5•	Hotel
6.	Helicopter	6.	Pineapple Field

Negative reactions:

- Bank beyond children's level
- Heliport beyond children's level
- International Airport beyond children's level 3.

Unusual places of visit:

- Heiau l.
- Tripler Army Hospital 2.
- 3. Dole Pineapple Co.
- Pineapple Fields (and picking machine) 4.

3. Leeward District

a. Places most visited:

	Head Start		Follow Through
1.	Fire Station	1.	Zoo
2.	Zoo	2.	Fire Station
3.	Dairy	3.	Humane Society
4.	Humane Society	4.	Shopping Center
5.	Shopping Center	5.	Bakery
6.	Police Station	6.	Aquarium

b. Negative reactions:

- 1. Waipahu Theatre beyond children's level
- 2. Humane Society beyond children's level
- 3. Post Office beyond children's level
- 4. Bishop Museum beyond children's level

c. Unusual places of visit:

- 1. Monkey Bar at Pearl City Tavern
- 2. Radio Station
- 3. Saimin Factory
- 4. Sugar Mill
- 5. Pet Shop

4. Windward District

a. Places most visited:

	Head Start	•	Follow Through
1.	Zoo	1.	Zoo
2.	Fire Station	2.	Farm - Dairy, Piggery, Poultry
3.	Shopping Center	3.	Fire Station
4.	Beach	4.	Shopping Center
5.	Aquarium	5•	Beach
6.	Humane Society	6.	Humane Society

b. Negative reactions:

- 1. Helicopter, Heliport beyond children's level
- 2. Wax Museum beyond children's level
- 3. Children's Museum not much to see
- 4. Foster Gardens beyond children's level
- 5. Glass Bottom Boat Ride 15 minutes ride on boat not worth the trip

c. Unusual places of visit:

- 1. Hospital
- 2. Poi Factory
- 3. Polynesian Cultural Center
- 4. Kaneohe Marine Base
- 5. Research Boat, Townsend



5. Hawaii District

a. Places most visited:

	Head Start		Follow Through
1.	Farm - dairy, poultry	1.	Shopping Center
2.	Park - recreation center	2.	Farm - dairy, poultry
3.	Shopping Center	3.	Post Office
4.	Fire Station	4.	Library
5.	Library	5.	Park - recreation center
6.	Beach	6.	Botanical Garden

b. Negative reactions:

- 1. Library beyond children's level
- 2. Dairy not well organized
- 3. Milk & Ice Cream Plant beyond children's level

c. Unusual places of visit:

- 1. Koi (Carp) Farm
- 2. Japanese Training Ship
- 3. Ranch
- 4. Volcano
- 5. Water Purification Plant
- 6. Falls

6. Maui District

a. Places most visited:

	Head Start		Follow Through
1.	Fire Station	1.	Library
2.	Farm - Dairy	2.	Fire Station
3.	Library	3.	Post Office
4.	Beach	4.	Beach
5.	Poultry Farm	5•	Ice Cream Plant
6.	Airport	6.	Museum - Hale Hoikeiki

b. Negative reactions:

- 1. Ice Cream Plant could have been better organized and made more interesting
- c. Unusual places of visit:
 - 1. Fishery
 - 2. Soda & Ice Works
 - 3. Old Prison
 - 4. Iao Valley
 - 5. Black Coral Shop



Kaua District 7.

Places most visited:

	Head Start		Follow Through
1.	Library	1.	Library
2.	Hotel Total	2.	Hotel .
3.	Police Station	3.	Post Office
4.	Dairy	4.	Shopping Center
5.	Park	5.	Fire Station
6.	Homes of Children	6.	Homes of Children

Negative reactions:

- Coast Guard Loran Station beyond children's level 1.
- Children's Museum dangerous
- Dairy Farms could have been made more interesting Bank beyond children's level 3.

Unusual places of visit:

- 1. Circus grounds
- 2. Church
- Fish Pond
- Hawaii Air National Guard
- Sugar Mill 5•



VII. Reactions from the field

A.

1.	General	set ur	, —in	general,	the	sess	ions	were	well	organized.
			-ge	eneral imp	rove	ment	over	last	year	s training

session.

-excellent; comfortable and well-managed. Physical facility

-lunch facilities could have been improved. -should have started earlier so that classes Dates of session would end by August first to allow teachers to attend summer institutes.

-be limited to 5 days (40 hours) if possible.

-could have been better organized. Registration -should have pre-registration.

-teachers and teacher-aides be notified about

training session at least two weeks prior to target date. -teachers who were trained last year and who are

experienced in pre-school primary levels did not feel that much more was gained this year. -all teachers and aides should attend.

-include principals and clerks.

-only coordinator from the outside island should attend training session. Summarize session upon return.

-staff, speakers, panels were excellent, stimulating, and enriching.

-speakers need to be aware of aides' presence; "simpler" vocabulary needs to be used.

-some too general and spoke way above the

participants' heads.

-observation of a nursery school or pre-school would have been more valuable than a tour of the housing area.

-unnecessary.

-some of the small group sessions should include both teachers and aides.

-need for small group participation covering practical applications rather than the theory of pre-school education.

-group leaders should be rotated among various groups without losing vital aspects of training.

-separate pre-school primary trained teachers from upper elementary-secondary people.

-should have more concrete things for aides to do instead of only lectures.

-aides should have a "workshop" type training session.

-need for more small group sessions where teachers share.

-should be placed on first day of session.

-Operational Guidelines should have been distributed the first day.

-District Coordinators should have met with their teachers and aides on the first day.

Training Session

2.

3.

4.

Participants **5.**

6. Speakers

Field trips 7.

9.

Small group sessions 8.

Department of Education

ERIC

B. Administration

2.

3.

1. District Office

Area meetings

Clerical assistance

- -Too many "Indian Chiefs."
- -relationship of CAP Area Council, Joint Working Committee, etc. should be clear cut.
 - -good idea. District Coordinators provided for easier and faster communication and service.
 - -provided smoother operation of project.
 School level -there should be a Head Teacher at each
 - -there should be a Head Teacher at each school to coordinate the program at the school level.
 - -Head Teacher should be given additional financial compensation.
 - -there should be weekly staff meetings.
 - -very good. Discussed problems and shared gratifying experiences.
 - -should be held more often.
 - -clerk functioned excellently as a liaison between District Office and the teachers. -clerks gave teachers more time to be with
 - children.

C. Classroom staffing

1. Teacher

- -very adequate.
- 2. Teacher Aide
- -be more selective in hiring teachers, as some did not have experience nor the personality.
- -give teachers a role in selection of aides.
- -need for guideline regarding the use of aides and their responsibilities.
- -excellent idea to have a parent as aide. Proved to be a good liaison between families and teacher.
- -screen aides more thoroughly income eligibility alone does not insure ability to work with children.
- -hire prospective teachers as aides.
- -volunteers were tremendous help.
- -parents came willingly.
- -teenage siblings better as volunteers.
- -many parents not available for volunteer work because of work or other children at home.
- -recruit NYC students for additional aides.
- 3. Parents, Volunteers
- 4. N.Y.C.

Children

D.

- -eligibility requirements should be uniform and clear cut so that there would be no need of
- dropping students. -children had short interest and attention span.
- -most of the children adjusted easily to school.
- -majority showed improvement and growth during the 6 week period.
- -their greatest problem seems to be language inability to communicate effectively.
- -working with 15 children should be maximum.
- -some children did not need Head Start and Follow Through programs.

E. Curriculum

- -flexible nature of curriculum was very satisfying.
- -provided as many experiences as possible.
- -concentrated on individual help.
- -a general outline type of guide necessary for Follow Through classes.
- -a suggested listing of places to visit for excursions will help.
- -more supplies should be provided.
- -resource materials should be ordered in advance and made available before the classes begin.
- -Follow Through classes should be whole day instead of half a day.

F. Progress report to Parents

- -descriptive evaluations most meaningful.
- -parent conferences excellent media.
- -progress report far superior in giving information than checklist.
- -gave a pretty comprehensive picture of the child's development. Covered all areas very well.
- -should have been distributed earlier.
- -some preferred check list type with specifics with supplementary comments.

G. Related Health Services

School Lunch Services

- -instructions and paper work were sent out in ample time; were well-planned and well implement-ed.
- -health staff was cooperative, helpful, and pleasant to work with.
- -exams went quickly and smoothly.
- -suggest that short memo be sent to teachers before health teams arrive so that children can be prepared for exams.
- -suggest quick feed-back from the various teams.
- -PHN's were great!
- -cafeteria staff wery cooperative and helpful.
- -children exposed to many and varied lunches.
- -food was adequate, attractive, and well-prepared.
- -serve more familiar foods.
- -juice preferred over milk for morning snack.
- -cookies should be provided with morning snack.
- -suggest sack lunches or familiar foods during orientation period.
- -volunteers should be provided free lunches.
- -adult lunches not large enough.

I. Supplies

H.

- -should be delivered before program begins.
- -books arrived late.
- -should have petty cash fund at district level for odds and ends that teachers need.
- -too limited variety.
- -used school supplies.



VIII... Evaluation

A. Administration

1. Eligibility guidelines caused some concern when the last one dated May 20, 1966, did not reach the school until after the selection and screening of the youngsters had been completed. Many children who qualified under the old eligibility requirements failed to do so under the new criteria. This resulted in the dropping of many children after Head Start & Follow Through classes were in session for two or three weeks.

Because of the differing understanding of the eligibility criteria, there was much misunderstanding and strained feelings in the beginning weeks of the session. Several meetings between the DE and CAP were held.

- 2. Generally speaking, the Department of Education and the OEO and CAP staff members worked very closely and harmoniously. A satisfying open line of communication existed between the DE and CAP offices.
- 3. Having a coordinator for each district provided teachers with faster and more efficient service. Problems and needs were handled with a more personal touch which made for happier teachers. The District Coordinators did a magnificent job of coordinating and maintaining teacher morale.

The stenographers for the District Coordinators were a definite part of the team. They proved very satisfactory for all the coodinators. They manned the office while the coordinator was on the road and were able to serve the teachers throughout the day.

B. Staffing

1. The majority of the principals did a good job this year in the selection of their teachers for Head Start and Follow Through classes. There were more qualified teachers with preschool-primary experience than last year.

Some principals had difficulty in hiring because they could not guarantee the jobs until practically the last day of school. Definite word of funding and approval of the number of classes were received very late.

- 2. The majority of the teachers seemed very happy with their classes and did a highly successful job of recognizing and meeting the needs of the children and in fulfilling the conditions of the grant.
 - 93.6% of the teachers replied "yes" to the question, "Are you willing to be a Head Start/Follow Through teacher next year?"
 - 91.4% of the aides replied "yes" to the question, "Are you willing to be a Head Start/Follow Through Aide next year?"

The following reasons were given for the negative answers:

- a. going to summer school
- e. will not be eligible next year

b. traveling

f. half a day is too short (Follow Through)

c. expecting

- g. pay too small (Follow Through aide)
- d. session ends too late



3. Although many teachers were apprehensive in the beginning about the effectiveness of the teachers' aides (they were hired from the recipient group) the aides certainly proved themselves very capable. The teachers were very pleased with the kinds of things the Aides were able to do. Among other things, they were invaluable in "reaching" the children and families whom the teachers themselves were unable to.

C. Children's Growth

- 1. In general, the teachers did a very good job of recognizing and meeting the children's needs and helping them to grow. They provided a warm climate and a well-rounded effective preschool program. They went on many field trips which provided opportunities for growth in communication skills.
- 2. Although 6 weeks is a very short period, the teachers were very pleased with the tremendous growth made by the children. They listed the following significant gains:
 - a. adjustment to school life and school routines.
 - b. securing of a sense of self-confidence, independence, and discipline.
 - c. learning to share, take turns, cooperate, and function in group; learning social skills.
 - d. establishment of good health practices and eating habits (trying new food.)
 - e. improvement in language-communication skills.
 - f. development of listening skills and good work habits.
 - g. becoming increasingly alert and aware of environment broadening of horizons.
 - h. development of a liking for interesting books, colors, shapes, math, and vocabulary.
 - i. taking pride in own work and gaining satisfaction from own accomplishments.
 - j. development of a positive attitude toward school and toward learning.
 - k. following directions.
 - 1. working independently.

D. Involvement of Parents and Volunteers

- 1. Teachers were instructed and urged to involve parents as much as possible as this was one of the stipulations of the grant. From the reports of the teachers, it is evident that the participation of parents and volunteers played an important part of the program. Parents who were not able to volunteer time, sent their teen-age children to help.
- 2. The experienced teachers put volunteers to help in many different ways, but the beginning teacher hesitated and needed prodding from "above" to utilize the volunteers.
- 3. Volunteers were utilized in many different ways:
 - a. sitting and helping one or two children with their work
 - b. talking and helping those not quite adjusted to school
 - c. reading to a group
 - d. playing music and singing with group
 - e. helping on playground
 - f. helping with bathroom chores
 - g. helping with lunch chores
 - h. going on short walking trips and long field trips
 - i. straightening out classroom
 - j. just listening to the youngsters



- 4. Teen agers proved to be invaluable. These 14 and 15 year olds (too young to find summer employment) understood the youngsters and were really helpful in "bringing them out."
- 5. The American Red Cross and the Volunteer Service Bureau were very eager to offer their services. The Volunteens contributed many hours of service.
- 6. However, the cost of lunch was prohibitive for these volunteers (55¢) and this created many embarrassing situations. Parents of volunteers called to say that it was costing them a tidy sum daily. Teachers were concerned also and felt that we needed extra funds to feed the regular volunteers. There was no appropriation for free lunches this year.

E. School Lunch Services

- 1. The School Lunch Services were showered with much praise this year. The teachers reported that a varied menu was prepared, encouraging children to try new foods. Portions seemed to be very adequate for youngsters, however, a few adults did not feel that the lunches were worth 55\$.
- 2. Meal time was a very good time for experiencing and learning the social graces. It was definitely a major part of the curriculum. Teachers and aides were encouraged to dine with the youngsters, but some felt that they could not afford it.
- 5. Sack lunches were prepared when any class went on field trips. This was good, however, problems arose when there were five or six classes and a few at a time went on field trips during the week. All those remaining were served cold lunches, sometimes, two or three days a week.

F. Related Health Services

- 1. In spite of a late start, the health services were very ably coordinated by Mrs. Jane Oki, Mealth Administrator, Summer Head Start. The Health program came under another component project and was administered by the Health Department.
- 2. There were complaints here and there from the teachers regarding the scheduling of some health services, but the majority of the teachers indicated that they were very satisfied with the health program. In fact, they welcomed the teams of doctors and nurses and included them as part of the curriculum.

G. Testing

- l. No tests from OEO Washington were administered this year, which was a tremendous relief for the teachers.
- 2. The Department of Education contracted Miss Kathrine Beadle and Mr. Edward Hall as consultants to do some testing of Head Start & Follow Through children.

Miss Beadle administered the Illinois Test of Psycho-linguistic Ability (ITPA), Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test (PPVT), Rutgers-Drawing Test, and Draw-A-Person (DAP) tests to a selected number of Head Start children living in rural areas.

Mr. Hall had the teachers of Follow Through administer the Screening Test for Visual and Auditory Retention to all of the youngsters in the entire state.



Results and findings of these tests are in the office of Miss Mary Musgrove, Program Specialist, Preschool-primary Education, Department of Education.

IX. Recommendations

A. Training Session

- 1. The training session should be conducted as soon as school closes so that the programs can begin at the same time as other summer school classes.
- 2. Teachers and aides of outside islands should be notified at least two weeks prior to the target date.
- 3. Purchase Orders for expenses (transportation, room and board) should be processed in advance so that outside island participants need not be burdened financially.
- 4. Those traveling from the rural areas on Oahu should be given mileage. Outside islanders receive traveling expense.
- 5. The training session should be limited to 5 days with shorter hours daily. (8:00 to 3:00 p.m.)
- 6. The Department of Education should be placed on the first or second day of the training program. The hundreds of tiny problems should be cleared early in the training session. Anxious people make poor listeners.
- 7. Facility: Have a telephone hooked up at HIC for use by State and District administrative staff.

Have a caterer serve box lunches at HIC. Lunch facilities were very poor.

- 8. Aides should be trained in Adult Education classes throughout the year.
- 9. Training session must help teachers learn to use aides and volunteers more effectively.
- 10. Follow Through aides should be included in training program.

B. Aministration

- 1. An all out effort for earlier passage of Grants in Congress should be made. Some schools did not notify recipients until after the training period because the Grant was approved during the training period.
- 2. Representatives of all agencies involved should meet very early in the year for "a meeting of the minds." Administrative procedure should be clearly outlined at this meeting.
- Prospective State Project Coordinator and District Coordinators should be designated very early so that the groundwork of operation can be laid out very clearly. Organization of the program takes time. In fact, there is need for a full time, year round coordinator to organize the program earlier and more effectively.



- 4. There should be a uniform registration/application form for all Head Start and Follow Through children throughout the state. The DE or OEO should issue the forms with instructions to keep them on file. The form should include income, number of children, ages, medical and dental care, other dependents, etc.
- No class should be approved or started without documented income and family data information for both children and aides. Once a class is approved and begun, there should be no interruption to the class operation.
- 6. Multiple funding added to the confusion and uncertainty. Summer programs should be funded singularly or all monies, no matter from what fund, should be consolidated into one HS/FT General Fund to expedite bookeeping and personnel management.
- 7. Teachers should be paid on the basis of their qualification and professional classification. All Head Start and Follow Through teachers are paid the same basic pay and it seems very unfair as some teachers are only high school graduates and others are class IV.
- 8. District Coordinators should be paid more as their hourly rate was below that of the teachers. Their employment period was longer so they seemed to be getting paid more, but hourly rate was found to be below teacher's salary.
- 9. Follow Through classes should be extended till 2:00 p.m. Children and parents preferred a full day. Teachers, also, felt the need of a longer day for these youngsters.
- A minority of principals did not leave adequate instructions or make adequate arrangements to fully support the summer programs. When a preliminary memo is sent to the schools, it should state that schools applying for these summer projects are expected to cooperate by supporting the program. The schools must make available classrooms, office facilities, supplies, cafeteria and custodial help. It would help if principals could be made to feel that these programs are part of the school's regular program.